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1930

Vegetable Seed The S



For Putting-Greens

Consists of only really fine-bladed grasses of a rich deep green color, including a liberal quantity of the highest grade South German Bent. It is carefully compounded in proper proportion after our own formula and we assure greatest satisfaction. 10 lbs. \$8.50, 25 lbs. \$20, 100 lbs. \$75.

For Fair Greens

Assures quick and lasting results. A carefully compounded mixture of fancy recleaned grasses of highest quality that will produce a perfect turf and stand wear and tear and outlive the severest winters. 10 lbs. \$6.25, 25 lbs. \$15, 100 lbs. \$50.

Schling's Athletic Field Mixture

Will, if given a fair start, soon produce a thick, tough mattress-like turf, giving a firm footing. It recovers quickly from the most violent treatment and positively thrives under the heavy rolling to which most athletic fields are subjected. The fine-leaved, deep-rooted grasses composing this mixture insure the permanence of the investment. 100 lbs. \$50.

Lawn-Tennis Grass Mixture

For a fine, close, elastic turf, which will not only stand the trampling it receives, but will be improved by it. Lb. 75 cts., 5 lbs. \$3.50, 10 lbs. \$6.50, 25 lbs. \$15, 100 lbs. \$55.

Lawn Terrace Grass Seed Mixture

Schling's Evergreen Bent Lawn Grass

A special mixture of South German, Colonial Bent and fancy recleaned Red Top. Highly recommended where a fine-bladed, close, deep green lawn of most excellent appearance is desired, and where special attention to soil-preparation can be given. This mixture will produce results par excellence. 10 lbs. \$14, 25 lbs. \$30, 50 lbs. \$50, 100 lbs. \$90.

Grow a Sedum Lawn with Sedum Stoloniferum Grows Where Grass Fails-Flourishes Everywhere

Develops quickly into a closely matted carpet of rich green—equal to the finest greensward.

Needs no cutting—always remains at the same height, while it continues to thicken and improve in appearance.

Sow in boxes in the house or coldframe in January to April, and transplant 4 inches apart. Outdoors, sow any time after April 15 in finely pulverized soil and press the seed in; do not cover.

A liberal-sized packet \$1, /20z. \$2, /20z. \$3





HE production of grass-seed mixtures to meet the varying conditions of soil, situation, and climate has now reached the dignity of an exact science. Schling's Mixtures, the result of years of experiment and experience, are compounded with the precision of a chemical formula and the seeds grown and selected with the most painstaking care, for vitality is no less important than variety. Where no very unusual conditions are present, we recommend unreservedly—

Schling's Special Lawn

Which in a comparatively short time will produce a perfect and permanent evergreen lawn, a rich deep green in color, and of a close, thickly matted texture. This grass seed, as all the Schling mixtures, is free from weeds, chaff, and inert matter. It weighs 32 pounds per bushel, composed only of plump, clean, vigorous seeds, sure to produce satisfactory results. It is priced in the following quantities:

Lb. 85 ets., 5 lbs. \$4, 10 lbs. \$7, 25 lbs. \$16 100 lbs. \$60

Schling's Shady Nook Mixture

Has been specially developed to produce a rich, velvety greensward even in fairly dense shade -the only exception being under evergreens and other low-branched trees where no grasses can possibly survive. In damp and especially shady spots, a frequent application of agricultural lime is advised to prevent the soil from becoming sour. Only plump clean vigorous seed goes into this mixture. It is priced in the following quantities:

Lb. \$1, 2 lbs. \$1.90, 5 lbs. \$4.50, 10 lbs. \$7.50 25 lbs. \$18, 100 lbs. \$65

Schling's Seeds

MAX SCHLING SEEDSMEN, Inc.

618 MADISON AVENUE Telephone: VOLunteer 3220

NEW YORK CITY

Surprise Aster, Salmon-Gold

Four Charming New Asters in Unusual Colors

SURPRISE ASTER, SALMON-GOLD. A glorious new color in Asters, and the forerunner of a distinct type. The flowers, on opening, are pure salmon-yellow, and when fully 'leveloped radiate with salmon-pink. They are from 3 to 3½ inches in diameter, round, and double to the very center. Plants branch freely and carry an abundance of fine blooms on long stems. Pkt. 75 cts., 3 pkts. for \$2.

PEERLESS ASTER, YELLOW. Large, very double flowers, deep yellow when first opening, fading slightly with age, and having slightly incurved petals. It is of the same form and habit as the Invincible Branching. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.

VICTORIA ASTER, GOLDEN FLEECE. A lovely pale yellow Aster, with faint suffusion of buff. The large, globe-shaped, double flowers are borne on stiff stems. Plants branch freely and produce an abundance of fine flowers. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.

OSTRICH PLUME ASTER, COPPERY BROWN. Blooms silky, coppery brown, changing later to a vermilion brownish color, and of the true Ostrich Plume type, with curled, twisted, and often fantastically interlaced petals. Pkt. 75 ets., 5 pkts. for \$3.

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 4 new Asters, \$2

Veronica teucrium, Royal Blue

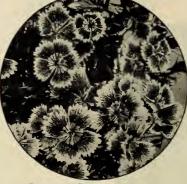
This lovely new gentian-blue, dwarf Speedwell is a gem for the rockery and border. The plants are 1 foot high, of spreading habit, and are in bloom from June to August.

Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.

Dianthus, Sweet Wivelsfield

(Dianthus Allwoodi X D. Barbatus)

This remarkable hybrid has the habit of the annual Sweet William, but its flowers are much larger and it continues to bloom until frost. It is an annual and requires the same culture as snapdragons and China pinks. Sown in a hotbed in February and March, seedlings will commence to bloom in June, and in August if sown outdoors in April. Pkt. 75 cts., 3 pkts. for \$2.



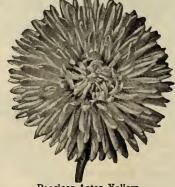
Dianthus, Sweet Wivelsfield

Erigeron divergens

Lovely, delicate lavender, daisy-like flowers, about 3/4 inch in diameter, borne on long stems. It is the annual form of the wellknown hardy Erigeron, and will be of great value for bedding and cutting. It can be sown in the open and blooms quickly from seed. Pkt. 50 cts.

Gentiana Hascombensis

This lovely new Gentian will grow in either sun or shade, wherever it can get its roots well down into the soil. The individual flowers are about ½ inch across, of bright mid-blue slightly speckled with white toward the base, and are produced in great trusses showing 9 and often more fully developed flowers. Received award of merit from the Royal Horticultural Society of England. Pkt. \$1.



Peerless Aster, Yellow

Cephalaria alpina

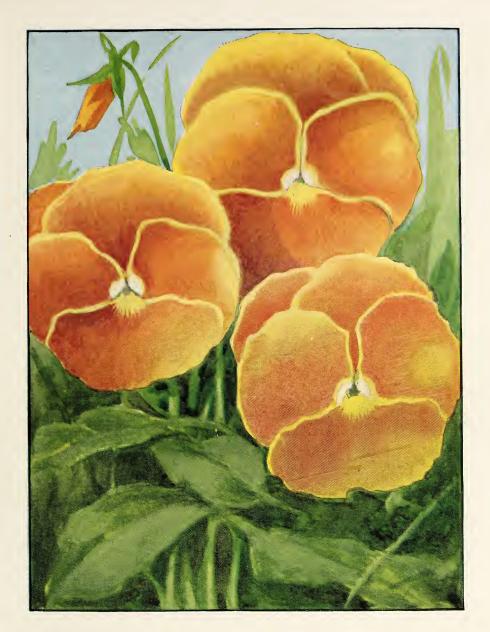
Best described as a giant, hardy, yellow scabiosa, with plants that grow to a height of 6 to 8 feet, branch freely, and bloom practically all summer and fall. The flowers are very double, of deep canary-yellow color, and look exactly like a scabiosa on extremely wiry stems from 18 to 24 inches long. They bloom most profusely and furnish an abundance of these long-stemmed flowers for cutting, besides being valuable and showy plants in the border. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for



Gentiana Hascombensis



Erigeron divergens



SCHLING'S NEW GIANT PANSY A New Gem of the First Water Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont

Descriptions are entirely inadequate, nor does the artist's palette do full justice in portraying this new Pansy in all its loveliness. It is a rich, pure golden apricot, blushed with salmon—a glorious June dawn—pure, without even the faintest trace of the usual center lines to mar its beauty. This is an entirely new and most distinct color in Pansies, forming a stunning contrast and a perfect complement, especially to the purple varieties. It is a true giant in size, carried on long, strong stems, and the flower petals have great substance and are perfectly placed. The plants are astoundingly vigorous, blooming most profusely right through the season. While the size of the flowers is naturally diminished during the real hot summer weather, they come back with full vigor during the autumn months. It is lovely to behold, and a bed of this new Pansy is one of the most delightful of spring-garden pictures.

Single pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. for \$5, 12 pkts. for \$9

August 1, 1929
I have several beds of gorgeous Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont apricot Pansies, grown from seed procured from you.
The Majestic Splendor blend is also very fine, but the others are the finest novelty in Pansies I have yet seen.
. . —J. G. Burke, 105 Douglas Ave., Saint John, N. B., Canada.



Schling's Novelty Collection of Improved Mammoth (Gigantea) Verbenas

- **Purple Mantle**
- **Beacon Light**
- 3. Snow Queen
- 4. Flame
- 5. Scarlet Queen 6. Rose Queen
- 7. Etna

- 8. Royal Blue
- 9. Salmon Queen
 10. Giant Auricula-flowered
- Any of above, pkt. 35 cts. COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 10 varieties, \$3

Schling's Double Prize Hollyhocks

A strain of supreme excellence for the discriminating gardener. Its perfect double flowers are of largest size and finest form, in exceedingly rich colors. The type is well fixed and will reproduce true to form and color from seed.

- 1. Enchantress Pink
- 4. Golden Dawn 5. Scarlet
- 7. Peach Blossom
- 10. Salmon Beauty 11. Crimson 12. Pure White

- 2. Chamois
- 8. Purple Amaranth

- 3. Rose
- 6. Sulphur-Yellow
- 9. Deep Rose
- Any of the above, pkt. 50 cts. COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 12 varieties, \$5

Early-flowering American Carnation Hybrids



The plants are in every respect the same as our greenhouse varieties, will bloom in six months from seed, and pro-duce fully 80 per cent double flowers of the finest form. There are various shades of violet and purple, orange, salmon-red, and pink, some beautifully

picoteed and striped-yellow, salmon, cream, and pink ground colors blotched and interlined with orange, blue, and purple. While they bloom profusely in the garden they will continue to flower right through the winter if the plants are transferred to the greenhouse. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. \$5.

Coreopsis Bignoniaeflora

Perfect trumpetshaped petals of rich golden yellow radiate from its velvety brown center, giving the effect of a flower cluster rather than an individual bloom, on long, wiry stems. Pkt.







Larkspur, Los Angeles

Glory of the Riviera

A Superb New Strain of the Famous Fragrant Garden Carnation of Southern France

HIS lovely new strain will bloom in your garden from midsummer till frost and furnish you with an abundance of excellent, long-stemmed, high-centered, double Carnations, with lovely fragrance, and almost as large as our greenhouse varieties. Glory of the Riviera Carnations will bloom in five months from seed and will give you the highest percentage of lovely double blooms of surprisingly fine quality.

San Remo. Pure yellow.
 Monaco. Very dark velvety crimson.
 Mentone. Scarlet.

Cannes. A beautiful pearl-pink. Especially fine.
 Beauty of Nice. An exquisite shade of rose-pink.

Villa Franca. Pure white.

Any of the above, pkt. 60 cts. COLLECTION: Pkt. each of the above 6 colors, \$3

TWO LOVELY, NEW, GIANT BRANCHING LARKSPURS

Here we have a decided improvement, both in size and greater length of spikes, but particularly in the size of the individual flowers, which are at least one-third larger than in existing varieties. The well-formed, double flowers are closely placed on long stems—Delphinium-like. Both varieties will compel instant admiration.

LOS ANGELES Rich salmon ground, overlaid with brilliant pleasing rose (Newport Pink). Particularly lovely under artificial light. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2. LA FRANCE. Rich, pleasing salmon-pink, several shades lighter than Los Angeles. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.



Schling's Improved Large-flowered Salpiglossis

 Violacea aureo-venosa. Violet, blotched and veined yellow and gold.

Sulphurea. Sulphur-yellow.
 Purpurea. Rich purple.

4. Kermesina. Terra-cotta brick. 9. Nigra aureo-venosa. Velvety black,

5. Violacea. Violet-blue. 6. Rosea. Pink and gold. Albo-lutea. White and gold.

Nigra. Velvety black.

yellow-veined throat. 10. Purpurea carminea. Light purple, suffused pink, gold-veined.

11. Coccinea. Reddish brown, gold-veined.

Any of the above, pkt. 20 cts. COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 11 varieties, \$1.75

Gypsophila elegans, Crimson Gem

This new, bright rosy crimson Baby's Breath, of fairy-like growth, covered with blossoms, will be a welcome addition to existing varieties. Pkt. 50 cts.

New Double Hybrid Shirley Poppies

A remarkable improvement, with blooms of greater size and substance than the parent, and in many new and varied color tints. A bed of this-new strain is a lovely sight. Sow in the open. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.

New Double-feathered Poppy

Luminous dark scarlet flowers on velvety ground, puffed and fluffy like a ball of feathers of gigantic size, often 7½ inches across by 4½ inches in height, densely filled with finely fringed feathered petals. An exceedingly brilliant new variety. Sow in open ground. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Annual Oriental Poppies

Huge red Poppies with black spots, like those of the perennial varieties, fully 6 inches across on 1½-foot stems. The flowers are of great substance and the plants remain in bloom a long time. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. for \$1.

The Dainty Single Shirley Poppies

In lovely shades of pink, terra-cotta, salmon, apricot, and white, many shaded and edged with other colors on slender, hairy stems—dainty flowers of a light, papery, silky texture, giving a wealth of color in the garden. Several sowings should be made for succession of blooms. Sow broadcast where intended to flower, as they do not transplant well. A beautiful effect can be had by intersowing with our Double Blue Cornflower.

Schling's Select Improved Shirley Poppies in new tints; an exceedingly beautiful strain. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. \$1.50, 1/4lb. \$5.

Beautiful New Ciant Hybrid Lupines

The result of crossing and intercrossing $Lupinus\ polyphyllus\ and\ L.\ arboreus$, combining the strong characteristics of each parent, especially of the Arboreus or Tree Lupines. They produce plants $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet high with giant spikes often 2 feet in length. Free-flowering and remarkably showy plants in the border, blooming from May to August. Sixty per cent of the seedlings come true to type. The sports are all charming and many new varieties

may be selected.	Pkt.
Attraction. Bright purple with white upper petals. 3½ ft	\$0 50
Beauty. Long spikes of primrose-yellow, passing to mauve. 3½ ft	1 00
Blue Cloud. Soft blue, shaded rose on upper petals. 4 ft	75
Captivation. Long spikes of soft blue, upper petals white. 4 ft	75
Evening Glow. Open mauve and yellow, passing to rosy buff and fawn. 4 ft	1 00
Nelly. White, tinted rosy mauve; spikes 1½ to 2 feet long, from May to September. 4½ ft	
Perle Rose. Beautiful bold spikes of soft flesh-color. 3 ft	1 50
Primrose. Delicate primrose, upper petals of deeper shade. 3½ ft	1 00
Queen of the West. Fragrant, soft primrose-yellow flowers, shaded to delicate rose; continuous bloom	
4½ ft	1 00
Sunshine. Beautiful sprays of bright golden yellow flowers. 4 ft	1 00
Taplow Purple. Immense spikes of rich, glowing purple. 4 ft	1 00
Zulu. Handsome spikes of rich, deep violet-purple. 4 ft	

Zinnia, Dahlia-flowered, "Youth"

In response to many requests for a light rose Zinnia, we are now pleased to offer, for the first time, Youth, a beautiful soft rose self with huge flowers of true dahlia type. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Viola olympica Royleana

A new gem for the rock-garden. Its narrow, almost pointed leaves form a beautiful, low, dense carpet of green out of which rise an abundance of long-stemmed flowers of the true violet form and of exquisite, rich, velvety, deep royal blue. The plants are perpetually in bloom throughout the summer. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. for \$5.

Mammoth Column Larkspur

The advance guard of a new type of annual Larkspur that is destined to bring greater popularity to this already popular flower for cutting. It is of upright habit, similar to the perennial Delphinium, and the plants show a much greater freedom of bloom than the older sorts. The spikes are almost as large and fine as those of the perennial varieties and stand upright, close to the center stalk, making it a show plant of first rank in the garden, as well as furnishing cut-flowers of finest quality. The type is well fixed and comes practically 100 per cent true from seed.



Mammoth Column, Exquisite Pink. Soft pink, shaded salmon. Pkt. 35 cts.

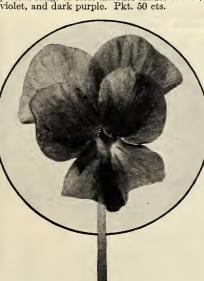
Mammoth Column, Exquisite Rose. Several tones deeper than Exquisite Pink. Pkt. 35 cts.

Mammoth Column, Exquisite White. Pure snowy white. Pkt. 35 cts.

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 3 colors, \$1

Hollyhock, New Double, Exquisite

The flowers of this new Hollyhock, measuring from 4 to 51/2 inches across, possess the charming new feature that every petal, both the outside as well as the center, is exquisitely curled and fringed to an extent that immediately attracts the attention of the flower-lover. The finely laced petals, white at the margin, are adorned with a large blotch, much like a pelargonium, and the present range of color includes shades of rose,



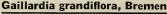
Mammoth Column Larkspur, Exquisite Pink Improved Showing new upright Delphinium-like form

New Double Hollyhock, Exquisite

Viola olympica Royleana

Calendula, Campfire

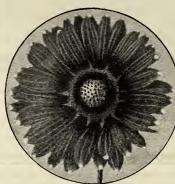
A particularly rich shade of brilliant orange with a scarlet sheen. This is a distinct new type with extremely large flowers, double to the center, and borne on long stems, making them excellent eut-flowers for the garden or for forcing. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.



Hardy. Here we have a glorified form of the popular bronzy red Gaillardia. The bushes, which are 2½ feet high, are covered with superb, long-stemmed, Marguerite-like blooms of a splendid deep shade of coppery searlet with dark brown disc, and most of them have a narrow edge of yellow which frames and sets off the glittering dark color to perfection. The flowers measure about 3 inches across and are unsurpassed for the perennial border or for cutting purposes. If sown in March and April, the plants will bloom the first year from seed. Pkt. 75 ets., 3 pkts. for \$2.

Delphinium cardinale, Illumination

Of a flaming eardinal-red on spikes 5 to 6 feet tall, this new Delphinium is a welcome addition and forms a striking contrast to the other varieties. Pkt. 35 ets., 3 pkts. for \$1.



Gaillardia grandiflora, Bremen

Double African Marigolds Wonderful perfection in size and fullness of flowers.

Orange Prince, Prize Strain. Deep orange. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2. Pkt.

Two Prize Strains of Fine

Lemon Queen, Prize Strain. Pkt. 50 ets., 5 pkts.

Salvia, America or Globe

for \$2.

of Fire

The earliest and most brilliant of all bedding Salvias. Its greatest value lies in the compactness of the plants which do not exceed 18 inches in height. Pkt. 25 ets., 5 pkts. for

California Giant Zinnia, Enchantress

An exquisite Tyrian rose Zinnia of the imbricated type and one that ean be depended upon to come true to color. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Nemantirrhinum erectum

Everblooming Nemesia Snapdragons

The plants of this variety show the strong characteristics of both its parents, the bushy, well-branched habit of the Nemesia with the graceful Snapdragon-like spikes on which the flowers are erect and very closely set. While the general appearance of the flower is that of the Snapdragon, the individual blooms are hardly larger than those of the Nemesia and appear in all the lovely Nemesia We offer the following eolors:

Purple-Violet, with White Throat Yellow, mottled Brown Scarlet, with White Throat Yellow Tigered

Calendula, Campfire

California Giant Zinnia, Miss Willmott

In Miss Willmott we offer the most

delieate shade of soft salmon-pinkcolor which was long desired in

Zinnias. The flowers are extremely graceful and beautiful in all stages of

development, even when very small.
When in full bloom they become show

flowers of enormous size. Unquestionably a great acquisition to our already fine collection of Zinnias. Pkt. 50 ets., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Golden Chamois Dark Scarlet White, suffused Carmine

Each, pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. for \$3

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 7 colors, \$4. In splendid mixture, pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2

Nemantirrhinum gracillimum, Violet-Purple

Forms lovely, dwarf, bushy plants, completely covered with short spikes of tiny Snapdragon-like flowers of a rich violet-purple, same shade as Nemesia, Blue Gem. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. for \$5.

Verbascum phœniceum

A hardy perennial of great beauty, with charming sprays of flowers in white, pink, pale blue, dark blue, mauve, and purple on slender stems rising 2 feet above the foliage. It blooms continuously from June to September. Unusually attractive for cutting and a showy plant in the hardy border. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.



Nemantirrhinum erectum





New Iceland Poppy Coonara Pink

(Papaver nudicaule roseum)

A Lovely New Color

This delightful new Iceland Poppy comes to us from Australia and adds a new and exceptionally lovely color to this class, a charming, warm rosepink, faintly suffused with salmon-pink combining the pink and salmon shadings in wonderful delicacy. The plants are more vigorous than is usual in Iceland Poppies and the flowers are much more freely produced on long, slender stems throughout the season. They will keep well if cut in bud and the end of stems seared or scalded for a moment. If sown in the hotbed in March or April, plants will bloom the same year.

Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2, 10 pkts. \$3.75

Schling's New Giant Pansies, MAJESTIC SPLENDOR

Present a new color-range, increased vigor of growth, longer stems, greater size, finer form and substance, rarest and most effective new colors. Truly a masterly achievement in Pansies.

We are proud of this new development and know that every lover of Pansies will be delighted and charmed by the lovely colors and wonderful texture of this new strain which excels not only in size and vigor of growth, but presents an entirely new color-range in rarest combinations of pink, salmon, brown, bronze, silver-gray, copper, velvet, wine-red, etc., many richly blotched, others picoteed and bordered with silver, bronze, and gold. In breeding, the greatest attention has been given to perfection of form and substance of the petals.

Majestic Splendor Pansies face upward and are held rigid on exceedingly long, strong stems.

Single pkts. \$1, 6 pkts. \$5, 12 pkts. \$9





Violet Queen

Monarch of Wales
Typical Wrexhams, 7 months from seed

The Bishop

New English and Wrexham Hollyhock

Delphiniums (A revelation to Delphinium lovers)

A new race with massive, tapering, spiral-like spikes of enormous length, with individual flowers of new dimensions and indescribably rich and varied tints—the palette hardly knows its range of tones, so subtle is each nuance. Each plant is a vision of beauty that moves us to silent rapture. Truly masterly achievements. While perennial, the Hollyhock Delphinium blooms the first year from seed, seven months from sowing, and from seed sown in the hotbed in February and March, one can expect glorious blooms in late July, August, and September of the same year. A slight variation in colors must be expected in the flowers produced from seed, but 60 to 70 per cent of the seedlings will come true. The others, too, will be of the true Hollyhock type, and more than likely some new color combination will be found among them.

Super-Wrexhams



Spikes of Wrexham Hollyhock Delphinium, second year from seed

Hollyhock Delphiniums, Wrexhams, Hybrids, Mixed

A lovely assortment containing many novelties. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. \$5.

We can also supply the plants of these fine Hollyhock Delphiniums. See page 103.

Campanula fragilis, Heavenly Blue

Campanula fragilis, Heavenly Blue

An exceedingly beautiful ball-shaped Campanula whose lower branches have a drooping habit. Especially valuable for pot culture, hanging-baskets, and also for the border. It is extremely free-flowering, as the illustration shows, being at all times practically covered with blooms about an inch across and of a lovely celestial blue color. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Cornflower, Double Silver Queen

A beautiful double, white Cornflower twice as large as the ordinary strain. Will be highly appreciated for cutting. 2 ft. Pkt. 50 cts.

New Hollyhock, Double Imperator

This new variety arrests the attention of the beholder as something entirely original. The large, cup-shaped flowers, 5½ to 6½ inches across, have the outer edges of the petals elegantly frilled and deeply fringed, and in the center appears a very double rosette about 2 inches across, the whole suggesting a crested begonia on a giant scale. They come in a lovely array of colors. The plants can be relied upon to come 80 per cent true from seed. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Gaillardia, Portola Hybrids

A superb new development bearing flowers of largest size on long stems. The colors range through shades of bronzy red with the characteristic golden edged petalage and robust vigor of the well-known Portola. A splendid cut-flower. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Cynoglossum amabile (Chinese Forget-me-not)

Forms bushy plants about 2 feet high, with numerous sprays of Forget-me-not-like blue flowers, loosely arranged on 2 to 3-foot stems, sending out many lateral branches also covered with many flowers. While we do not recom-

mend it for bedding, it is lovely for cutting, and is also a splendid pot plant to bloom during the winter. Pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. for \$3.

Cosmos, Early Express Pink

An extra-early Cosmos, flowering in from forty-five to fifty days from the time seed is planted. The plant grows about 2½ to 3 feet high and is covered with medium-sized, bright pink flowers. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1, \(\frac{1}{4}\)oz. \$2.50, oz. \$10.

Stachys lanata (Lamb's Ear)

A beautiful, hardy plant with thick, woolly, silvery leaves growing 6 inches high. It makes a lovely border which retains its neat and attractive appearance at all times. Leaves, when cut Gaillardia, Portola Hybrids and dry, are excellent for book-marks. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.

Here we have the exquisite salmon-pink color in the lovely Miniature Zinnia or Lilliput type—charming plants for general garden use, for bedding, or border work. The plants grow I foot high and produce an abundance of small, globe- or ball-shaped, very double Zinnias resembling the pompon dahlas in shape. They bloom continuously from June till frost. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 nkts for \$1.

Zinnia, Lilliput, Salmon-Rose

Begonia semperflorens,

Gustav Knaake

Large flower-trusses resembling Gloire de Lorraine. Grows 8 to 10 inches h gh. Individual flowers measure from 1½ to 2 inches across. Glorious for bedding and edging, also very fine

for pots. Pkt. \$1: 6 pkts., \$5.



Lilliput Zinnia, Salmon-Rose



Hollyhock, Imperator

Primula Florindæ

A mighty Primrose, growing to a height of 3 to 4 feet, with huge leaves resembling those of Caltha palustris. It bears from the end of June to late in August, 60 to 80 fragrant, bright yellow, pendent flowers in umbels at the top of its 3 to 4-foot stems. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. for \$5.

Petunia grandiflora nana

A new, very compact, large-flowering Petunia, which will be much appreciated for bedding. The plants grow only 8 inches high, and the sturdy, short branches, while numerous, hold their flowers upright, giving at all times a tidy appearance to the plant. We consider this a great achievement. Pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. for \$3.

Dianthus Allwoodi alpinus

A New Hybrid Race

The result of crossing Allwoodii with Deltoides, Neglectus, and Alpinus. It is a marvelous plant for rockeries, dry walls, stone paths, etc. Only 4 inches high, and blooms perpetually from spring to late fall in a delightful color-range, chiefly pink, white, and purple. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. \$5.



Leucanthemum maximum, Dwarf Avalanche

Leucanthemum maximum, Dwarf Avalanche

A showy new dwarf Marguerite for the border. It does not require staking, and the big white daisies are borne so profusely as to practically cover the bushy plants. In spite of its dwarfish growth, the flowers have splendid long stems for cutting purposes, and present at all times a tidy appearance in the border. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Aquilegia cærulea Cuprea, Long-Spurred

Copper Queen

A most attractive new color in Columbines. Petals and outside of corolla, lovely deep copper color, with long spurs of a deeper hue, while the inside of the corolla is a lovely shade of buff or tan. The guard petals are unusually broad, and the flowers are most gracefully poised on unusually strong stems. Pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. for \$3.



Primula Florindæ

French Marigold, Josephine

A fine single Marigold on long stems, golden yellow with brown spots. Very bushy plants 3 feet in height. Most decorative in the garden and excellent for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. for \$1.

Mignonette, Golden Goliath

Doubtless the best and finest variety of the yellow flowering Mignonette of compact and candelabrum-shaped growth. The spikes of the blooms are enormous, and the individual flowers very large in comparison to other large-flowered varieties. The color of the flowers is an intense golden yellow. Pkt. 75 cts., 3 pkts. for \$2.



Aquilegia, Copper Queen

Two New Giant Scabiosas

("Highly recommended" by Royal Horticultural Society of Great Britain). A great improvement in size, form, and strength of stem over the old varieties. The blooms are round, fully double, at least 3½ inches across and over 9 inches in circumference, and therefore of greatest value for cutting.

PEACH BLOSSOM. A lovely shade of peach-blossom-pink, with numerous rows of broad guard and a cushion of finely laced center petals.

SHASTA. A pure white of enormous size on an extremely strong stem.

Each, pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts, \$2

Meconopsis Bailevi

One of the finest introductions of New Giant Scabiosa

New Gi

at their heads large, four-petaled blooms of a glorious sky-blue color, the effect of which is enhanced by a central zone of golden yellow anthers. Received First Class Certificate and Award of Merit, Royal Horticultural Society, England. It is perfectly hardy. Pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. for \$3.

Giant Ten-Weeks Stock, Long-stemmed Champion

Long-stemmed Champion produces one single stem growing as tall as 26 inches. The first flowers appear when the plant is about 14 inches high, and are thickly crowded along the stem. They are from 2 to 2½ inches across—larger than any other Ten-Weeks Stocks. Pkt. \$1.

Petunia, Ruffled Giant, Camella

Individual flowers are of an extraordinary size and beautifully hortensia-rose colored. The whole is heightened by a deep carmine band and even such veining towards the margin of the flowers on the entrance to the deep colored throat. Pkt. \$1.

Centaurea macrocephala, Rays of Gold

The flowers, which resemble the Scotch thistle in shape, and are of about the same size, are borne on 3 to 4-foot stems. The numerous finely laced florets are of a deep golden yellow color. It is a hardy perennial which blooms the first year from seed. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Lobelia erinus compacta atrocærulea

One is immediately attracted by the intense deep blue color of this beautiful new Lobelia, resembling very much that of the Blue Gentian. The flowers, too, are larger than is usual in Lobelias, and are without an eye or a dot to mar the beautiful effect. It is, indeed, a great improvement and makes a most attractive border. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts.



Meconopsis Baileyi

Schling's New Giant Hybrid Iberis

A glorious plant for the rock-garden or in the foreground of hardy borders that will attract much attention. Plants are simply covered with large umbels of fragrant flowers of long-lasting quality, in shades of lavender and pink, delightfully scented. Also fine for pot culture for bloom during winter. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. for \$5.



Lobelia erinus compacta atrocærulea



Schling's New Giant Hybrid Iberis



Schling's Improved Large-Flowered Scabiosa

No. 1. Fiery Scarlet No. 2. Azure Fairy No. 3. Snowball No. 4. Black-Purple No. 5. Sulphur-Yellow No. 6. Flesh Color

Separately at 20 cts. per packet. The Collection of 6 for 51



Schling's New Giant-Flowering Dwarf Pentstemon Price, pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. for \$3. See page 15 for description



Mignon Dahlia



The Wonderful Blue Lace Flower Schling's Original Queen Anne's Blue Lace

The dainty lace-like flower-heads are of the most exquisite light blue shade and are gracefully borne on long stems. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2.



Schling's New Giant Hyacinth-Flowered Larkspur

Price, pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2. See page 15 for description Price, pkt. 35 cts. See page 15 for description and Collection price



Cosmos, Early-flowering Extra-Dwarf, Fairy Queen

Cosmos, Early-flowering Extra-Dwarf,

Fairy Queen

The plants of this remarkable novelty grow only 21/2 feet in height and are gay with bright carmine-rose flowers from July to the end of the season. On account of its symmetrical habit and excellence as a cut-flower, it ranks among the most popular of its class. It grows steadily and requires no staking. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Calliopsis, Tom Thumb Dazzler

Only 12 inches high. Very large flowers of a rich maroon-red in center with a broad golden yellow border, completely covering the plant, forming a splendid sheet of color. Excellent for bedding and cutting. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.

Dwarf Mignon Bedding Dahlia

See illustration in color on page 14

The plants are in full bloom in a little less than three months after sowing and continue uninterruptedly until frost. With flowers of the same size as the well-known single Dahlia, this new dwarf race is even more floriferous, while the plant in full bloom does not exceed two feet in height, thus making it ideal for bedding. The flowers are held erect on long, stiff stems and literally break away from the ground, furnishing the most excellent material for cutting, decidedly a feature in the garden. The colors include salmon-pink, cream, white, yellow, etc. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Mignon Dahlia, Firebrand

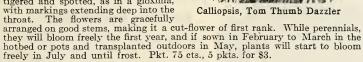
Scarlet-flame in color, slightly suffused with salmon-orange, these lovely single Dahlias are fully 5 inches across, on wiry, cane stems. The whole plant, not exceeding 2 feet in height, is covered with flowers continuously throughout the season and until frost and they are held well above the foliage. We recommend Firebrand especially for bedding, and believe that it will replace the geranium to a great extent once its beauty and grace are generally recognized. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. for \$5.

Schling's New Giant-Flowering Dwarf Pentstemon

See illustration in color on page 14

Sturdy, compact, full of bloom from July until frost, our gay-colored new dwarf hybrids will win the admiration of every flower-lover. Bedding plants of greatest merit, they produce an abundance of bloom that is truly marvelous. The individual blooms are of much greater size than is usual in Pentstemons, and the color-markings are exquisite—lovely shades of pink, rose, and the color-markings are exquisite—lovely shades of pink, rose, the color-markings are exquisite—lovely shades of pink and the color-markings are exquisite—lovely shades of pink and the color-markings are exquisite—lovely shades of pink are the color-markings are the color-markin

cream, lavender, blue, etc., with upper petals usually blotched with a distinct color of a softer hue—the lower petals tigered and spotted, as in a gloxinia,







Bidens humilis

Bidens humilis

The foliage somewhat resembles the cosmos, An annual of easy culture. and the flowers are bright yellow, somewhat lighter towards the edges. Excellent for cutting, and, while not large, the flowers lend themselves to extremely graceful arrangements. From seed sown outdoors in April, the plants will bloom from late June until frost. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. for \$1.

Schling's New Giant Hyacinth-Flowered Larkspur

See illustration in color on page 14

Excels all others in length of stems, size of flower-spikes, and general vigor of the plant. Plants grow to a height of 5 feet, with massive flower-spikes actually 18 to 20 inches long, thickly studded with perfect double flowers.

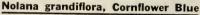
Chocolate Color Tile-Red White, tinted blue Dark Blue Lilac Rose

Indigo Reddish Gray

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 9 colors, \$2 Each, pkt. 35 cts.

Sidalcea, Hemsley's New Hybrids

Mr. Hemsley, the originator, who has done so much to improve this lovely perennial, won with this flower the Challenge Trophy for the most progress made in plant-breeding in recent years. This strain includes such lovely shades as pale pink, deep pink, salmon, and red. Plants grow from 2 to 3 feet high and will flower from the end of June till September. Hardy. Pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. for \$3.



Excellent for bedding and also good for cutting, these plants branch freely and are covered with lovely mallow-like flowers of a clear cornflower-blue color, all through the summer. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. for \$1.

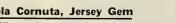
Tritoma hybrida mirabilis

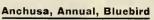
A new Red-Hot Poker. Blooms the first year from seed if sown in March. Its orange-scarlet flowers are borne most freely from July to October. A most valuable cut-flower. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Viola Cornuta, Jersey Gem

In shape exactly like a violet, but three times as large. Deep blue blooms on 10 to 12-inch stems and delightfully fragrant.

Jersey Gem blooms the first year from seed, is a true perennial, and flowers continuously from May until hard frost. Pkt. 50 ets., 5 pkts. for \$2.





Bears large umbels of vivid indigoblue, forget-me-not-like flowers in a luxuriant bouquet, on 18-inch stems. A most attractive addition to the garden. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Armeria Laucheana

Lovely, double, rosy crimson Seathrift. Grows 6 inches high and blooms continuously from June to August. A most valuable plant for the rock-garden or in the foreground of a perennial border. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.

Delphinium, Blackmore & Langdon's Giant Exhibition Strain

Includes all the new and latest developments of these famous English Delphinium specialists. Giant spikes 6 to 7 feet high, in June and July. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Coreopsis, Mayfield Giant

This fine new Coreopsis produces taller, more vigorous plants, with longer, firmer stems and larger individual flowers, broader petals forming a more perfect corolla. The color is the same familiar yellow, if anything, a shade more intense. Highly recommended both for the border and for cutting. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Adonis Aleppica

The fact that it is again possible to obtain seeds of this superb annual will be universally welcomed. The flowers, of a very brilliant, shining, deep bloodred color, are cup-shaped and measure about 3 inches across—four times as large as those of the well-known Flos Adonis. It blooms for two months, and when the flowers are cut and placed in

water, they remain fresh for a long time.

The seed can be sown either in the open or in coldframes, preferably in the early spring, as they remain dormant for four to six weeks before germinating. If sown in summer or autumn they usually do not appear before the following year. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.



Sidalcea

Viola Cornuta, Jersey Gem



Anchusa, Annual, Bluebird

Nolana grandiflora.

Cornflower Blue



Eschscholtzia, Ramona

A lovely new type with extremely large, frilled flowers of a pale, glittering coppery gold with pink shadings. The heavy frills give the flowers the appearance of a semi-double. Pkt. 50 ets., 5 pkts. for \$2.

Eschscholtzia erecta compacta, Moonlight

Unlike other California Poppies, this new variety grows stiffly erect, 18 inches high, and forms neat little bushes covered with charming, light chrome-yellow flowers. Its orderly habit makes this an invaluable plant for bedding. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.

Erysimum, Orange Beauty (Annual)

Bears throughout the whole summer dense spikes of pale orange-yellow wallflower-like flowers. Excellent for cutting and most attractive in the garden. Of simplest culture; treat it the same as a calendula. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. for \$1.

Petunia, Giant-Flowering Double Fringed Violet-Blue

Among the fringed double Petunias, this variety is very remarkable as it is a beautiful dark violet color and does not fade with age. Flowers are heavily fringed and of great size. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. for \$5.



Candelabrum Salpiglossis

CEnothera Clutei

A handsome, biennial Evening Primrose that does not close its petals during the day, as is the case in most all of this genus. It bears a great profusion of large flowers of a soft yellow hue. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.



Eschscholtzia, Ramona

Schling's New Candelabrum Salpiglossis

Instead of branching out from the bottom, the plant sends up a strong center stem which in rich soil attains the height of 4 to 5 feet. Commencing about 1½ feet above the ground, the stem sends forth many slender side branches all full of beautifully marked large petunia-like flowers branching more freely towards the top and finally ending with a veritable bouquet. The whole plant makes a wonderful appearance and in the border is as stately and effective as our finest Delphiniums. Collection: One pkt. each of 6 separate colors, \$1.50

The Tiny and Very Charming New Zinnia gracillima

A lovely new type of Zinnia for edging and bedding. The plants are only 10 inches high, and the tiny, globular, perfect-shaped double Zinnias are about the size of the small button chrysanthemums. Always covered with blooms and strikingly effective.

BRILLIANT FIERY SCARLET. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.

MIXED COLORS. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. for \$1.

Scabiosa, Columbaria Pink

A novelty from South Africa, introducing for the first time a pink color in the hardy class of this popular flower. A lovely day-break-pink, with flowers 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches across having compact petals, and borne on long, slender, but strong stems. Pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. for \$5.

Scabiosa caucasica, Giant Hybrids

This variety has flowers twice as large as the well-known Caucasica Blue, is more the well-known Caucasica Blue, is more vigorous in growth, with larger and longer stems, and larger and heavier petals which are ruffled and slightly frilled at the edges. In this new hybrid strain, you will find colors ranging from white to dark blue, but the predominating colors are delicate lilac and mauve. Extremely graceful for cutting. Hardy. Pkt. 75 cts., 3 pkts. for \$2.

Aubrietia græca, Blue Wallcress

While not a novelty, it is one of our prettiest plants for the rockery or border. Blooms in April and May and forms dense sheets of green foliage with dark violet flowers. Grows 6 inches high. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.



Grow Your Own Evergreens from Seed-It's Lots of Fun

You need only to set aside a very small space in your garden to sow the seed of this splendid collection of choice Evergreens. You will be surprised how quickly you can raise your own sturdy little trees. They grow into money, too. Our Collection, 25 Choice Evergreens, \$4.

Sowing Seeds for Results



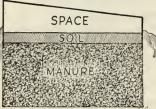
ROWING FLOWERS from seed can be quite easily and successfully done, even by the most inexperienced grower, if the fundamentals are understood. These are—the right kind of soil, the right way to sow, the proper depth to cover, even soil-moisture, warmth, light, and air. The soil in the seed-bed must be loose, mellow, well pulverized, and finely sifted on top for at least an inch. Manure, unless it is very well rotted, and fertilizer should never be used, for they would burn the young tender roots of the seedlings which are able to take but little food from the soil. The very best mixture is, even parts of good garden loam and Hyper Humus, thoroughly mixed and finely sifted on top.

With the exception of a very few, like Poppies, Eschscholtzias, Mignonettes, Sweet Sultans, and Nasturtiums, practically all flowers benefit by being transplanted. It helps them to develop a better root system and sturdier plants. Seeds can be sown in the hotbed, in pots or boxes in the house, in a coldframe, or in a specially prepared seed-bed in a sheltered part of the garden as soon as it is warm enough. For an early start, a hotbed is a great convenience, even though it be only one or two sashes; it would pay for itself the first year.

For gardens of moderate size our Junior Frame, with sashes 3 by 3 feet, is very practical. Two sashes and frame complete will cost you only \$16.15, and you can raise hundreds of fine plants in it. You can make it into a hot bed or use it as a coldframe. You can also have three or four sashes, and will find them illustrated and

priced on page 117.

"Sowrite" Seed-Sower



Showing how a hotbed is made Space at highest part 12 in., lowest part 6 in., depth of soil 4 in., depth of manure 2 ft.

THE HOTBED. March 1 is early enough to start one. Excavate to a depth of 2½ feet, fill with 2 feet of fresh horse-manure, to supply heat; tramp it down solid. Set your frame on the manure and bank up with soil all around the outside to make it air-tight. Inside, place on top of the manure from 4 to 5 inches of loose, mellow soil mixed as described above. Level it nicely and cover frame with sashes. Plunge a thermometer into the soil to test the temperature, which may rise above 100 degrees in a few days. When it recedes to about 90 degrees the bed is ready for seeding.

Sow in shallow drills which can be quite close together—2 inches apart is sufficient. Scatter the seeds finely. The "Sowrite" is a capital little seed-sower and is made especially for this purpose; it will make the task easy for you—the best dollar's worth you have ever bought.

Covering. A good rule to follow is to cover the seed about four times its own thickness. Thus, very fine seed, like Snapdragons, Petunias, etc., can only be pressed into the soil. An eighth of an inch is usually the depth to cover most flower seeds which are not so very fine. Label each row with the name of the seed you plant. The Indestructo Copper label is always readable, and not affected by moisture and weather conditions. After covering, firm the soil down with a flat, smooth board; water through a fine rose so as not to wash out; watch your bed carefully; keep the soil moist, but water only when necessary, and not too late in the afternoon, for if the ground is wet toward evening, as it gets cool, the tender seedlings are apt to become chilled and will rot off at the ground, commonly called "damping off." On cold nights cover the hotbed with mats or blankets, and on bright sunny days give a little air by raising the sash slightly. If you have time and space, it is good to transplant after the appearance of several leaves, either in boxes or another portion of the frame. Set plants or seedlings I inch apart. The earliness of sowing will govern the amount and need of transplanting. When the

seedlings are from 3 to 4 inches high, we begin to train them; many will need pinching, that is, nip out the top, to make them bushy, especially the Snapdragons, Petunias, Cosmos, and Ageratums.

Harden your plants gradually by giving air more freely in good weather, and when all danger of frost is over (about May 15) you will have fine stocky plants to set out where you want them to bloom.

THE COLDFRAME. Follow the same directions as given for the hotbed, only you cannot start so early, as you have no artificial heat; you must wait until the sun gives more warmth. The last week of March or April 1 is a safe time to start to sow the coldframe. In the absence of either a hotbed or a coldframe, and for later flowers, prepare a special seed-bed in a sheltered corner in the garden, make the soil as mellow as possible, add plenty of humus or leaf-mold, fork it in well by turning the soil over several times, and sift on top for a depth of about 2 inches. Have the soil smooth



Showing how a coldframe is made Space at highest part 12 in., space at lowest part 6 in., depth of soil 5 in.

and level and sow in the same way as outlined for the hotbed, as soon as the trees begin to leaf out. To prevent heavy rains from washing the small seeds away before they have a chance to germinate, spread a piece of lightweight burlap over the bed. In dry weather you can retain a good even soilmoisture by keeping the burlap damp, but be sure to remove this as soon as the seedlings begin to break through the soil. Then drive in stakes at the four corners, 1½ to 2 feet above the ground, and fasten the burlap to the tops, thus your plants have protection from the strong sun and rains, and. at the same time, receive needed air and light. Transplant to permanent places as soon as the seedlings per 100 are large enough.

"THE GARDEN MONTH BY MONTH" gives you valuable information of the activities throughout the year.

Turn to pages 57 and 58

BORDERS OF ANNUALS

Arranged for continuous bloom throughout the summer and autumn months, these will not only be a feature in the garden, but will also furnish an abundance of cut-flowers for the house

A hotbed or coldframe is not necessary. You can sow all these seeds right in the flower-bed in late April or early May. In preparing the soil, add a liberal quantity of well-rotted manure, humus, or leaf-mold, dig in well, pulverize the surface, mark off the spaces, cover the seed with about ½ inch of sifted soil, and keep moist until the plants are up and well established. You may have to thin out where plants have come up too thick.

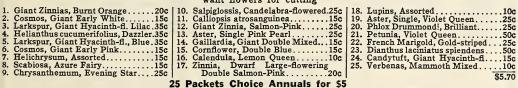


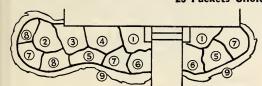
ractive arrangement for the foreground of shrubbary borders or foundation plantings

DONDER 10: 1. An attractive arrangement for the foreground of shrubbery borders of foundation plantings			
	10. Scabiosa, Azure Fairy15c		
2. Giant Dahlia-Zinnia, Exquisite 50c	11. Arctotis grandis15c	19. Nemophila insignis, Blue15c	
3. Calendula, The Ball25c	12. French Marigolds, Glorious75c	20. Phlox Drummondi, Isabellina25c	
	13. Dimorphotheca aurantiaca10c		
5. Giant Dahlia-Zinnia, Oriole 50c	14. Phlox Drummondi, Chamois-Rose.25c	22. Annual Blue Anchusa25c	
6. Marigold, African Orange 15c	15. Lupins, Annual Blue15c	23. Chinese Woolflower, Crimson25c	
7. Lavatera trimestris splendens 15c	16. Candytuft, Lilac	24. Erysimum, Orange Beauty 25c	
8. Cornflower, Selected Double Blue. 15c	17. Snapdragons, Schling's New Am-	25. Aster, Schling's American Beauty	
9. Giant Dahlia-Zinnia, Old Rose 50c	erican Giants75c	Rose	
25 Packets Choice and Rare Annuals for \$6.50 \$7.60			

6 .4 2. 5. 3. 12 . 8. 9. 7. 10 16. 13. 15. 17. 19. /3. 20 22. 25 24. 21

An attraction in the garden and a place where you will not be disappointed when you want flowers for cutting





BORDER No. 3. A foundation planting with annuals

½oz. Sweet Alyssum, Little Gem..... 9.

9 Varieties, 14 Packets, including Alyssum border for \$3

ANNUAL FLOWER SEEDS FOR WILD CARDENS

A surprise collection, containing practically every annual in existence

Large borders, along carriage drives and woodland walks, shrubbery borders, and the like, may be pleasingly phtened as a result of freely sowing mixed flower seeds. The expense involved is very nominal in comparison brightened as a result of freely sowing mixed flower seeds. with the wealth of bloom obtained. Such plantings will be a continuous source of joyous surprise to you as, among the many growing annuals, you recognize old friends or discover new ones. And at blooming time, some of the cheery flowers may be cut and transferred indoors without noticeably lessening the charm of the outdoor plantings. Be careful not to sow the seeds too close together, as suitable space for plant development will contribute to the effectiveness of your planting. Oz. 25 cts., 1/4lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.25.

For special offers of Flower Seeds in collections, see page 20

DAZEY FLOWER HOLDER



\$3.15



Collections of Best Garden Flowers at Substantial Savings

A Garden of Annuals for \$2

A wonderful offer of twenty-seven of our choicest annuals for cutting and bedding

Ageratum, Blue Perfection.
Sweet Alyssum, Little Gem.
Antirrhinum, Giant-Flowering, Mixed.
Asters, Invincible Branching, Mixed.
Calendula, Orange King.
Calliopsis, Finest Mixed.
Candytuft, Finest Mixed.
Carnation, Giant Marguerite.
Centaurea imperialis (Giant Sweet Sultans).
Centaurea cyanus (Cornflower).
Chrysanthemum, Annual Hybrids, Mixed.
Cosmos, Giant Early Pink.
Dianthus (China Pinks), Fringed, Mixed.
Eschscholtzia, Golden West (California Poppy).

Gaillardia, Giant Double, Mixed.
Helianthus, Miniature Stella.
Helichrysum (Straw-Flower), Mixed.
Larkspur, Tall Branching Double, Mixed.
Marigold, African Orange.
Mignonette, Sweet-Scented.
Phlox Drummondii grandiflora, Mixed.
Poppy, Shirley, Mixed.
Salpiglossis, Mixed.
Scabiosa, Large-Flowering, Mixed.
Stocks, Double Cut-and-Come-Again.
Verbena, Mammoth, Mixed.
Zinnia, Giant Double, Mixed.

A Garden of Perennials for \$2

A hardy garden properly planned and planted is a source of joy from the earliest days of spring until the last days of fall. The following twenty-five choicest perennials, that would regularly cost you more than twice the amount asked for this collection, will enable you to have such a hardy garden.

Achillea, The Pearl. 3 ft.
Alyssum saxatile. Yellow. 3 ft.
Aquilegia (Columbine), Giant Long-Spurred. 3 ft.
Campanula pyramidalis, Blue. 4 ft.
Coreopsis grandiflora. 2 ft.
Delphinium, Finest Hybrids. 4 ft.
Dianthus, Hardy Double Garden Pinks. 1 ft.
Digitalis (Foxglove), Spotted, Mixed. 3 ft.
Gaillardia grandiflora, Mixed. 1 ft.
Geum, Mrs. Bradshaw. 18 in.
Gypsophila paniculata (Baby's Breath). 3 ft.
Hollyhock, Chater's Double, Mixed. 5 ft.
Lupinus, Excelsior Hybrids, Mixed. 3 ft.

Lychnis Haageana hybrida. 18 in.
Lythrum roseum superbum. 3 ft.
Pentstemon, Large-Flowering Hybrids. 3 ft.
Platycodon grandiflora. Blue. 2 ft.
Poppies, Iceland, Mixed. 1 ft.
Pyrethrum roseum hybridum. 2 ft.
Shasta Daisy. 18 in.
Stokesia cyanea. Blue. 18 in.
Sweet Rocket. 3 ft.
Sweet William, Holborn Glory. 1 ft.
Valeriana (Garden Heliotrope). 3 ft.
Viola cornuta (Tufted Pansies). 6 in.

A Collection of Hardy Plants for the Rock-Garden, \$2 (Seeds)

Abronia umbellata. Alyssum saxatile compactum. Aquilegia cærulea. Arabis alpina. Aubretia Leichtlinii. Candytuft (Iberis sempervirens). Edelweiss (Leontopodium). Heuchera sanguinea splendens. Iceland Poppies. Saxifraga umbrosa. Sedum Maximowiczii. Viola cornuta.

A Collection of Everlasting Flowers for Winter Bouquets, \$1

You will enjoy these flowers in the summer, but best of all during the dreary winter months. Acroclinium, Double Mixed.

Celosia Thompsonii magnifica.

Honesty (Lunaria biennis).

Phydrayth Marylesiii.

Acroclinium, Double Mixed.
Alkekengi (Chinese Lantern
Plant).
Ammobium alatum.

Celosia Thompsonii magnifica.
Globe Amaranth (Gomphrena).
Helichrysum monstrosum,
Mixed.

Rhodanthe Manglesii.
Statice, Mixed.
Xeranthemum, Double, Mixed.

Dando-Killrite

Rank weeds, dandelions, daisies, and like objectionable growths have small chance to survive when this weed eradicator starts its deadly work. The instrument is well constructed of brass and lasts indefinitely. You insert the point at the heart of the weed. hold the gun in the right hand while, with a slight

pressure of the left hand on the outside rod, you eject sufficient liquid to do the job. The liquid is guaranteed to be non-poisonous to birds. animals, or humans,

and will not stain your hands. This solution is made by dissolving a can of

the filler in water. One can makes enough to charge the

gun three times. The gun is as=

casytocarry as a cane

and makes the process of wccding a garden or lawn a pleasure rather than work. PRICE:

Dando-Killrite (the instrument) \$5.00 Dando-Killrite Filler, per can

(Enough for 3 fillings of the gun)



Scatters seed individually; prevents crowding and choking of seedlings. Eliminates guess-work because you can see each seed drop, no matter how fine. Saves time because you can sow seeds twice as fast.

MAX SCHLING SEEDSMEN, Inc.

618 Madison Ave., New York City

Enclosed find amount of \$_____ Kindly send to_____

"SOWRITE"-Model A

Made of Fiberloid. Indestructible, transparent. For all fine seeds. Price \$1, postpaid.



How Many_____

"SOWRITE"-Model B

Made of Copper, Nickel Plated. For all seeds up to size of Sweet Peas. Price \$1, postpaid.

How Many____

Highest Testimonials from

W. A. Manda, Horticulturist, South Orange, N. J. Bobbink & Atkins, Nurserymen, Rutherford, N. J. Joseph Kohout, Pres. Nat'l Fruit Growers Assn., Ill. Siebrecht & Sons, Horticulturists, New Rochelle, N.Y. Prof. A. H. Nehrling, Hort. College, Cornell University

AND MANY OTHERS

A Fine Gift to Yourself and Your Friends



No. 192

Solid steel, fully polished, double-eut pruning shears of super quality for the exacting gardener. 8½ in.

(How many)\$5.00 Each In gift box (How many)\$5.75 Each



No. $23-6\frac{1}{2}$

Ladies' niekel-plated pruning and flower shears. Indispensable in the Rose garden. 6½ inches.

(How many) \$3.00 Each In gift-box (How many) \$3.75 Each



No. $23-5\frac{1}{2}$

Ladies' flower pruning shears, same as above, but only 5½ inches

(How many) \$2.50 Each In gift-box (How many) \$3.25 Each



No. 205

Men's strong solid steel pruning shears, 8½ in., fully polished, brass spring, ratelet bolt.

(How many) \$4.00 Each In gift-box (How many) \$4.75 Each



No. 1

Imported flower gathering seissors, stainless steel, euts and holds the flower.

(How many) \$4.00 Each In gift-box (How many) \$4.75 Each



No. 2

Imported flower gathering seissors, finest quality, stainless steel. Cuts and holds the flower.

(How many).....\$3.50 Each In gift-box (How many).....\$4.25 Each



Schling's Choice Flower Seeds

ALL THE BEST FLOWERS FOR 1930

To assist in making selections, our Flower Seeds are grouped under three separate headings:

1. Annuals.—Flowers which bloom from seed the first season and last but one year.

2. Hardy Perennials.—Plants which are hardy, and will last for years.
3. Greenhouse Plants.—Tender plants suitable for pot culture in the greenhouse.

All our Flower Seeds are delivered free anywhere in the United States.

Our packets contain a liberal quantity of seed

How to Grow Annual Flowers from Seed

All annual flowers are easily and most successfully grown from seed and offer a large field for selection. No matter for what purpose you may want flowers—for cutting, for garden beds, for color, or for foliage effect—you will find ample material among them from which to select. In buying flower seeds it is a matter of greatest importance to you to know that the seeds you are getting have been produced from the best plants—those bearing the finest flowers. It is only through great care in breeding, constant and most careful reselection, that plants and flowers are brought up to and kept at a high standard of perfection. Our seeds are secured only from such strains.

Sowing of Annuals

All annuals can be sown in the garden in May when the ground is warm, either in a seed-bed or directly in the spaces where they are to grow. There are some annuals, such as Poppies, Eschscholtzia, Mignonette, Centaurea, and the like, which, on account of lack of fibrous roots, cannot be transplanted without a great set-back to the plant. These should be sown, either broadcast or in rows, in the location desired. Most of the annual flowers, however, benefit by being transplanted, as it develops for them a better root-system. These are better started in a coldframe or a specially prepared seed-bed of rich soil, deeply dug and finely sifted on top. Sow the seed in shallow drills or in squares of a convenient size, partitioned off with laths. Most flower seeds are small and can only be covered with about ½ inch of soil; the very fine seeds are simply pressed into the soil. Water carefully through a fine rose so as not to wash the seed out and keep the soil moist constantly. On warm, sunny days some shade should be given during midday. When the seedlings are large enough to handle, they can be transplanted 1 inch apart into another seed-bed, or if they are not too close together, they may be left in the original bed until large enough to transplant into permanent places. Always remember that flowers need rich soil, an open sunny situation, and sufficient space between plants for proper development.

Starting Seeds in Hotbeds and Greenhouses

Many annuals, such as Snapdragons, Stocks, Asters, Begonias, Carnations, Celosia, Cosmos, Cobæa, Dahlias, Dianthus, Heliotrope, Lobelia, Pansies, Myosotis, Petunias, Phlox, Salpiglossis, Salvia, Vinca, Verbena, if sown outside do not bloom until quite late in the summer, but you can have them early if you sow the seed in the hotbed. March is about the best time to sow, except for Lobelias, Begonias, and Stocks, which can be started as early as February. Sow either directly in the hotbed in shallow drills or in pans or boxes. Special seed-boxes are usually 3 inches high, 12 inches wide, by 24 inches long. The soil should be light, finely sifted, and well watered before sowing. Scatter seeds evenly, but not too thinly. Even here it is to be remembered that in "union there is strength," for the fine seeds especially, when sown too thin, very often have not the strength singly to break through the soil. After sowing press the soil down with a flat board and cover the boxes or pans with newspaper to prevent too rapid evaporation. This covering must be removed as soon as the seedlings are up. Always water through a fine rose, and only when necessary, with tepid water and as much as possible in the forenoon or midday on bright sunny days, for if the soil is too wet over night, the small seedlings will become chilled and damp or rot off. When seedlings have four leaves, transplant in similar boxes 1 inch apart or singly into small pots (paper pots are excellent for this purpose and quite inexpensive), shifting into larger ones if necessary. The earliness of starting the seeds will govern the amount and need for transplanting. Ventilate more or less according to the weather and gradually harden the plants, preparatory to setting them out when all danger of frost is past and the soil is warm. Cultivate frequently; hoe your beds often; and stimulate plant growth by applying a top dressing of sheep manure or bone-meal to the soil at frequent intervals. This will keep up a steady, vigorous, healthy growth. Keep seed-pods re



SCHLING'S SUPERB ASTERS

Asters bloom profusely during August and September. To be able to cut abundantly and over the longest possible period, you should make several sowings of the early-, medium-, and late-flowering types. The first sowing in the hotbed in March, transplant the seedlings when they have four leaves, in boxes, 1 inch apart, or singly into small pots. Harden off and plant out in May. The soil should be rich and deeply dug. Set plants of the early varieties 10 inches apart and those of the later varieties 12 to 14 The second sowing can be made in a cold-frame or in inches apart. a seed-bed outdoors the latter part of April, and the third sowing the latter part of May.

FOUR SUPERB NEW AMERICAN BEAUTY ASTERS

A remarkable new type of Asters with very double flowers, shaped like an American Beauty rose; often 6 to 7 inches in diameter and on 3-foot stems. They bloom late and are excellent for cutting and general effect in the garden.

merican Reauty. The same color as the American Beauty rose. Pkt. 35 cts.

Lavender Gem. Silvery lavender. Pkt. 35 cts. September Pink. Delicate pink. Pkt. 35 cts.

Autumn Purple. Rich deep purple. Pkt. 35 cts. White Beauty. Pure white. Pkt. 35 cts..

Collection-One pkt, of each of the above 5 colors, \$1.25

SCHLING'S INVINCIBLE BRANCHING ASTERS

The latest to bloom and the best of all for cutting and general garden effects. The plants branch freely and produce immense very double flowers on spikes, from 2 to 3 feet long; in bloom when all others are gone.

Pure White Flesh-Pink Rose Crimson Lavender

Finest Mixed

Purple Each of the above colors, pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 85 cts., ½oz. \$1.50, oz. \$2.50. Collection—One pkt. each of the above 6 colors, 75 cts.

KING ASTERS

A very fine type of large, double, branching Asters, with very narrow, almost needle-shaped flower-petals; fine long stems.

Violet King hite King Pink King Lavender King

Crimson King Finest Mixed

Each of the above colors, pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 50 cts., ½0z. 90 cts. Collection—One pkt. each of the above 5 colors, 60 cts.

MIKADO or ROCHESTER ASTERS

Immense flowers with long, twisted petals resembling chrysanthemums. Very effective when cut. 2 ft.

White **Dark Violet** Shell-Pink Lavender-Pink Each of the above colors, pkt. 15 cts., 1/20z. 50 cts., 1/40z. 90 cts. Collection—One pkt. each of the above 4 colors, 50 cts.

Eleganty formed flowers, with long petals curiously entwined and intermixed, forming a shaggy mass resembling the finer types of Japanese chrysanthemums; long stems.

White

Each of the above colors, pkt. 20 cts., ½oz. 75 cts., ¼oz. \$1.25. Collection—One pkt. each of the above 3 colors, 50 cts.

EARLY WONDER ASTERS

The earliest Asters to bloom. Perfect double flowers of good size, on strong stems. 15 in. hite Lavender Pink Purple Each of the above colors, pkt. 25 cts., 1/20z. \$1.25, 1/20z. \$2. Collection—One pkt. each of the above 4 colors, 90 cts.

IMPROVED VICTORIA ASTERS

We recommend this type especially for bedding. The flowers are of large size, round, almost ball-shaped, very double, and remain in bloom a long time. 2 ft.

Daybreak. Shell-pink. Pale Lavender

Azure-Blue Salmon-Pink Rose-Pink

Purity

Snow-White Each of the above colors, pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.50, ¼0z. \$2.50. Collection—One pkt. each of the above 7 colors, \$1.50.

SINGLE ASTERS

Single Asters are becoming more popular each season. We do not know of any class of flowers more valuable for cutting. The flowers are carried on long stems, and much resemble the single Japanese chrysanthemum. Our strain has long petals and a very small center. Mauve Queen Violet Gem Pink Pearl Helvetia. Fiery crimson. White Gem

Each of the above colors, pkt. 25 cts. Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 5 colors, \$1

THE NEW SUNSHINE ASTER

One will be at once impressed and delighted with the striking beauty of this new Aster. The flowers are half double and exhibit all the grace and beauty of the single Aster, greatly enhanced by a cushion center of tiny quills of a contrasting color. Offered in the following colors, Blue, Pink, Lavender, and White, each pkt. 35 cts.

Collection-One pkt. each of the 4 colors, \$1.25

Sunshine Aster Mixed. Pkt. 30 cts., 4 pkts. \$1.



Schling's Invincible Branching Aster



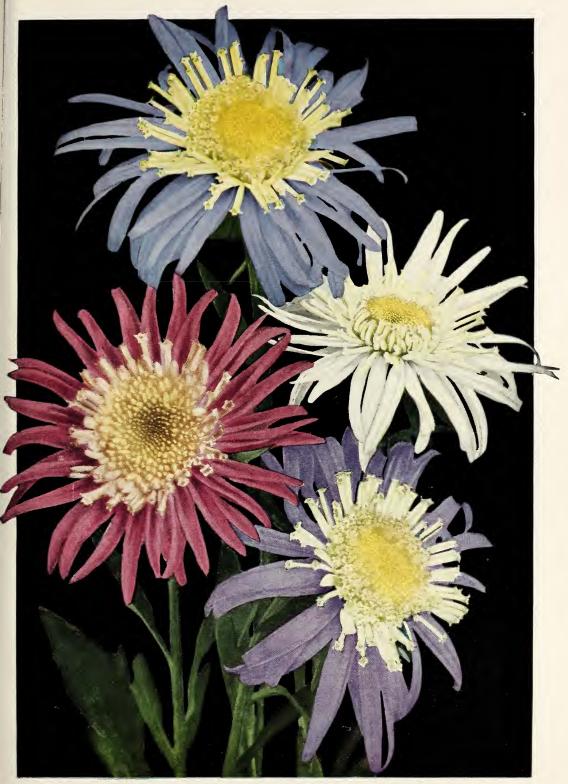
King Aster



Mikado Aster



Single Aster



THE LOVELY NEW SUNSHINE ASTERS

One will be at once impressed and delighted with the striking beauty of this new Aster. The flowers exhibit all the grace and beauty of the single Aster, greatly enhanced by a cushion center of tiny quills of a contrasting color. The delicate beauty and high value of this Aster is hard to describe. Every garden-lover who wants fine flowers for cutting should have this.

Offered in the following colors, Blue, Pink, Lavender, and White, each pkt. 35c. Sunshine Aster Mixed. Pkt. 30c, 4 pkts. \$1.

COLLECTION: ONE PKT. EACH OF THE 4 COLORS, \$1.25

SCHLING'S TWELVE SUPER-GIANT AMERICAN SNAPDRAGONS



Indian Summer, one-half natural size Showing the graceful arrangement of the flowers on the spike

The greatest achievement in Snapdragons to date.

And as for size, they are without even a near rival. The individual flowers are at least one-third larger than our muchvaunted giant Snapdragons of today; the plants are much more robust, and the flower-spikes are taller and much stronger, equaling those of a modern gladiolus.

equaing those of a modern gladiolus.

Indian Summer. 3. Not only a new size, but also a new and bewitching color, a lovely, rich velvety and glossy copper color, indescribably beautiful.

Golden West. 2. Rich deep golden yellow. A bed of such a profusion of bright gold is lovely to behold.

Pathfinder. 6. Lovely tender rose-pink.

Yosemite. 10. Lips and throat of a splendid illac-purple (like our garden lilose).

did lilac-purple (like our garden lilacs).

Navajo. 1. Pure delicate canary-yellow self without the slightest trace of another color.

Seminole. 8. Rosy lilac with silky white throat

Wyoming. 7. Deep carmine-pink with golden yellow lip, shaded reddish lilac at throat. The combination of the three colors is wonderfully effective.

Narragansett. 12. Delicate rosy lilac, overlaid with a silvery luster. Color and color markings like those of Cattleva orchids.

Tenega (Sunset). 4. A beautiful deep tint of golden yellow (autumn gold) changing toward the center to a bright terra-cotta.

Shasta. 5. A lovely pure white with a fine yellow throat.

Massasoit. 9. Has the interesting brownish orange characteristic to the wallflower, with an undercurrent of coppery red.

Miami. 11. A delightful tender rose color.

SCHLING'S SUPER-GIANT AMERICAN SNAPDRAGONS IN MIXTURE PKT. 75 CTS., 5 PKTS. \$3

The Snapdragons from your seed were the outstanding talk of the show. Judges of Ohio State University said that my Snapdragons were the finest they had ever seen grown out-of-doors.—Carlton L. Diers, Dayton, Ohio.

It gives me great pleasure to inform you of winning two first and your special prize included at two Winnipeg shows, with your Snap-dragon seeds.—W. FARR, Winnipeg, Man., Can.

Last January I purchased some of your choice Snapdragon seed and this letter is to tell you how beautiful my Snapdragons have been I have especially enjoyed the variety known as Narragansett. It has produced the most exquisite Snaps I have ever seen. They have been such a joy that I want to express my appreciation to you.—(Miss) MEECY HAYES, Grosse Pointe, Mich., Sept. 29, 1929.

You may be interested to know that I took first prize on Snapdragons grown from your seed at our Toledo Flower Show last fall.—
(Miss) Grace E. Smith, Toledo, Ohio.

Introducing Two New Colors

to our famous Super-Giant American Snapdragon group

Pontiac. A glorious uniform deep velvety maroon-purple.

Somerset. Apricot, with salmon-flush
—a most beautiful coloring.

Any of above, pkt. \$1, 6 pkts. \$5



Navajo
 Golden West

Indian Summer
 Tenega

Shasta
 Pathfinder

Wyoming
 Seminole

9. Massasoit 10. Yosemite

Miami
 Narragansett



SCHLING'S NEW DOUBLE HYBRID POPPIES

A gorgeous array of colors, giant in size, beautifully fringed, very lasting

Imagine a bed of these lovely Poppies in your garden—flowers almost as big as a peony, beautifully fringed, laced, and puffed out like a feather ball in all the beauteather ball in all the beau-tiful shades of pink, red, terra-cotta, mauve, some beautifully striped and penciled and nearly all of them intensely double. These Poppies have wonderful lasting qualities, too, and will remain fresh for nearly a week when cut. Sow outdoors in April, making successive sowings the end of May and June.

Pkt. 35 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.50, \(\frac{1}{4}\text{oz.} \\$3, oz. \\$10



Schling's Improved Ciant-flowering Sweet Williams ont's Eye 1. Giant Auricula-eyed 5. Scarlet Beauty 6. Newport Pink Sweet Williams 7. White Glory 8. Double Dark Crimson 9. Copper-Red

- 1. Pheasant's Eye
- 2. Flamingo 3. Crimson Velvet

Any of above, pkt. 25 cts. COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 9 varieties, \$2

ABRONIA

Umbellata grandiflora rosea (Improved Sand Verbena). Has large, verbena-like flower umbels of a charming rose color. Blooms profusely under all conditions and is well adapted for dry soils and rockwork. It is really a delightful plant to have in the garden. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

ACROCLINIUM

Double Mixed. A pretty everlasting flower resembling the strawflower. Fine for winter bouquets. Pkt. 10 cts., 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

AGERATUM

Blue Perfection. Large, dark blue flower. 11/2 ft.

Pkt. 15 cts., 4/oz. 75 cts.

Little Blue Star. A very compact, little bush, completely covered with small bright blue flowers. For edging or rockwork. 8 in. Pkt. 25 cts.

Mauve Beauty. Very compact, and literally covered with small bright blue flowers.

with beautiful mauve-colored flowers. 9 in. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. \$1.

Little Dorrit. The prettiest of all white varieties. Fluffy, star-like, white, feathery flower-heads, covering the bushy, compact plant almost entirely. 9 inches high. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/40z. \$1.



Red Pearl. Extremely dwarf; small foliage; flowers reddish blue with ruby center. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

Tom Thumb, Snowflake. Exceedingly dwarf pure white sort for carpet bedding and edging. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

ALKEKENGI (Physalis Francheti) Chinese Lantern Plant

Forms a neat little bush covered with bright red fruit resembling a small cherry, enclosed in a balloon-shaped husk, of an orange-red color when ripe. The branches may be cut and dried for winter bouquets. Include it in your order. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

SWEET ALYSSUM

We all know it and every garden needs it. It succeeds anywhere. You may sow it where you want it to grow; it will bloom in six to seven weeks and remain in bloom continuously until frost. Fine for edging of beds, as an undergrowth for gladiolus, dahlias, or any of the taller-growing flowers, and for brightening empty spaces. Sow thinly and cover lightly. For very early flowers, sow seed in a hotbed in March.

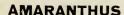
Benthami. Pure white. 1 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., ¼1b. \$1.50.

Little Gem. Very dwarf and compact; free flowering; for bedding, edging, or rockwork. 6 in. Pkt. 10 cts., ¼0z. 30 cts., oz. \$1, ¼1b. \$3.50.

Carpet of Snow. The dwarfest of all Alyssums. Of creeping habit, forming a dense carpet of beautiful white flowers. 4 in. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼0z. 35 cts., oz. \$1.25.

Lilac Queen. Lilac-colored flowers. Contrasts prettily with the white sorts. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. 50 cts.

Lilliput Bouquet. A selection from Carpet of Snow, growing but 3 inches high. It blooms so freely that the foliage is completely hidden. Fine for low edgings and carpet beds. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$2.



er-heads of a dark brownish red color. Effective in borders. 3 ft. Pkt. 10 cts.,

1/4 oz. 25 cts Salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Has a distinct tropical appearance and rivals the nest narrow-leaved crotons in beauty. The long, willow-like foliage hangs gracefully Salicifolds (Fountain Plant). Has a distinct tropical appearance and rivals the finest narrow-leaved crotons in beauty. The long, willow-like foliage hangs gracefully and in greatest abundance, fountain-like, from its many branches and is most gorgeously colored in shades of orange, bronze, rose and cerise. The top of the whole plant is a veritable burst of flame. So easily and quickly grown from seed, and so highly ornamental that you will miss much by not having it in your garden. Pkt. 25c., 5 pkts. \$1.

Tricolor splendens. Red, scarlet, and yellow foliage. 2 ft. Pkt. 15c., \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot 0z. 50c. \$\frac{5}{2}\text{unrise}. New. Bright crimson leaf-tufts as beautiful as the finest crotons; try it. 3 ft. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

Anagallis grandiflora

AMBERBOA

Muricata rosea. A rare gem. A lovely, long-stemmed, free-flowering new annual for cutting. The rose-pink flowers are from 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches across and resemble somewhat the cornflower. You can cut them with 2-foot stems. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2.

ANAGALLIS

Grandiflora, Blue. A gem for the blue garden and so rarely seen in American gardens that it might be introduced as a novelty. It is certainly one of the most charming and conspicuous of our low-growing blue flowers, but must have a sunny place to do well. Growing 8 inches high, the plants spread rapidly and bloom most freely. The flowers are of a real deep turquoise-blue color. Should be extensively cultivated. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

NEW ANNUAL BLUE ANCHUSA

The blooms resemble a giant spray of forget-me-nots of the deepest blue on stems fully 18 inches long. Lovely in the garden or for cutting. Blooms all summer. The oftener you cut the more flowers you have. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.



Annual Blue Anchusa

Modern Giant Snapdragons

Varieties marked (*) grow 18 inches high; all others from 2 to 21/2 feet

Brilliant. Bright scarlet. Pkt. 15 cts.
Bonfire. Cinnabar-red. Pkt. 15 cts.
Feltham Beauty. Deep rose-pink. Pkt. 30 cts.
Orange Beauty. Orange-scarlet, golden lip. Plet 30 ets.

Pkt. 30 cts.

Pink Beauty. Deep rose-pink self. Pkt. 30 cts.

White Queen. Pure white. Pkt. 15 cts.

Yellow King. Deep golden yellow. Pkt. 25 cts.

Venus. Daybreak-pink. The color of the Enchantress Carnation. Pkt. 15 cts.

*Mauve Beauty. A lovely rosy mauve. Pkt. 50 cts.

*Morning Glow. Bright terra-cotta-orange. Pkt.

25 cts.

*Primadonna. Terra-cotta-pink and yellow. A lovely combination. Pkt. 35 cts.
*Nelrose. Rich coral-pink. Pkt. 30 cts.
*Flame. Bright orange-scarlet. Pkt. 30 cts.

*Flame. Bright orange-scarlet. Pkt. 30 cts.
*Crimson King. Crimson. Pkt. 15 cts.
Othello. Satiny dark maroon. Pkt. 25 cts.
Evening Sky. A beautiful sunset color and a truly lovely shade. Pkt. 50 cts.
Double Pink. The fine narrow petals at the mouth of the flower give it the double or beard-like appearance. and to the spikes a more massive effect. Pkt. 50 cts.

Rose d'Or. Salmon-rose, shaded gold. Pkt. 25 cts. Giant Snapdragons Mixed. Pkt. 10c., 1/40z. 50 cts.

Our collection of Modern Snapdragons: 1 pkt. each of the above 18 varieties, \$4. Star Collection, 1 pkt. each of 6 varieties marked (*), \$1.75.

GREENHOUSE FORCING VARIETIES (Seeds saved from selected spikes grown under glass)

Silver Pink. A delicate shade. Pkt. 75 cts.
Orlando. A new shade of Daybreak-pink. Pkt. \$1.
Penn Orange. (New.) Tangerine-orange. Very effective, Pkt. \$2.

Geneva Pink. Rose-pink. Pkt. \$1. Philadelphia Pink. Bright rose-pink. Pkt. \$1. Phelps White. Pure white. Pkt. 75 cts. Helen. Exquisite delicate salmon. Pkt. \$1.

See pages 24 and 25 for our Famous Super-Giant Snapdragons

ARCTOTIS

Grandis. Large daisy-like flowers on long stems; pure white, underside of petals tinged pale lilac. Blooms continuously. 2½ feet. Pkt. 15c., ½oz. 75c.

BALLOON VINE

Rapid-growing annual climber; white blossoms; light green balloon-shaped fruits. Pkt. 10 cts.,

BALSAM (Lady's Slipper)

Double Camellia-flowered. Of extraordinary size, perfect form, and flower very freely.

Finest Mixed Flesh-Pink Salmon-Rose Pure White Scarlet

Each of the above colors, pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 50 cts., ½0z. 85 cts., 0z. \$1.50. Collection: One pkt. each of the above 4 colors, 50 cts.

25

\$1 40



Arctotis grandis
Salpiglossis, Candelabra-flowered
Chrysanthemum, Morning Star... SCHLING'S DELICHTFUL SIX Annuals of Merit \$1.00

BEGONIA

Very showy plants, and of great value for bedding. They do well in shady places where few other plants will om. Sow seed in February and March in the hotbed or greenhouse, and you will have nice plants for setting out in June. Just press the seed into the soil, as it is so fine that only a very slight covering can be given.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

These are the famous English strains, the best that can be procured. Fine for pot culture and bedding. 1 ft.

Giant Single, Laing's Gold-Medal Strain. Pkt. 50 ets. Giant Double, Laing's Gold-Medal Strain. Pkt. 75 ets. For Bulbs see page 100

FIBROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

Semperflorens, Vernon. Red flowers; bronze foliage. 12 in. Pkt. 25 cts. Semperflorens, Pink Queen. Brilliant pink. Pkt. 25 cts. Erfordi. Rosy carmine; most popular for bedding and edging. Pkt. 50 cts. Gracilis luminosa. Fiery scarlet; reddish brown foliage. Pkt. 25 cts. Pink Profusion. La France rose-pink. Most effective. Pkt. 50 cts.

BLUE LACE FLOWER (Queen Anne's Blue Lace)

Exquisite—a flower you cannot do without in your garden. Beautiful, large, lace-like flowers, similar to the wild carrot, but of a lovely, delicate azure-blue, gracefully poised on long stems. Sow in the hotbed in March and outdoors in May and again in June, and you can cut flowers until frost. Pkt. 50 cts.

BRACHYCOME IBERIDIFOLIA (The Swan River Daisy)

Delightful blue-and-white cineraria-like flowers on slender stems with graceful foliage. The plants are very bushy and bloom freely all summer. Fine for edging and for borders. Sow the seed in a hotbed in March.

Little Blue Star. (New.) A fine bushy plant completely covered with lovely

blue daisy-like flowers. Stems 10 inches long. Pkt. 50 cts.

Finest Mixed Swan River Daisies. Blue, white, and red shades. Pkt. 25 cts.



Calendulas are easily raised, flower quickly from seed, and will bloom without interruption until cut down by hard frost. Sow them where they are wanted to grow, 2 to 3 seeds together, at intervals of 12 inches, pull out the weakest ones, and leave but one plant to grow, or start the seed in the hotbed in March or April and transplant outdoors in May. 18 inches.

Campfire. (New.) Brilliant orange with scarlet sheen. Most effective. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1, ½ oz. \$2.50.

Ball's Gold. Rich golden yellow; very double. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

Orange Glory. A perfect strain for outdoor or greenhouse-culture. A great improvement over Orange King. Extra-large size, perfect form, double to the very center, pure glowing orange-color. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$2.50, oz. \$4.

The Ball. Deep orange, lighter center; very double. The finest development in Calendulas. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$2, oz. \$5.

Orange King. Deep golden orange; large, double. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

Lemon Queen. Pale yellow. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts. Meteor. Creamy white with orange stripes. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

CALLIOPSIS

Blooms from June until frost. It grows 2 to 3 feet high, branches freely, and has long, wiry flower-stems crowned with lovely clusters of small daisy-like flowers in beautiful shades of crimson, orange, and gold. Seeds may be sown in the garden in May and the young plants transplanted from 10 to 12 inches apart. For early flowers, sow seed in the hotbed or coldframe in March and April.

Atrosanguinea. 3 ft. Dark wine-red, with velvety texture on petals. Very fine for cutting. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Golden Wave. 2 ft. Pure golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 cts. Crimson King. 18 in. Rich dark red. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. \$1.

Golden King. 18 in. Golden yellow, with brown center. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. \$1.

Tiger Star. 18 in. Twisted petals, marked with brown and yellow. Pkt. 15 cts. Finest Mixed. 3 ft. A gay assortment of all colors. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 cts.

For perennial varieties, see Coreopsis, page 53

CANDYTUFT (Iberis)

Grandmother's garden abounded with Candytuft, and it still holds its place, for the modern border is not complete without it. You can sow it where

it is to grow or to fill out empty spaces in the garden, for edging the border, and in rockeries for color effect. For early blooms start in the hotbed in March, making successive sowings outdoors any time from May to July. 1 foot.

Crimson. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1. Lilac. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Empress. Pure white; very large. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Flesh-color. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Purple. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

Giant White Hyacinth-flowered. trusses, frequently 6 inches in length. The largest of all for bedding. Pkt. 15 cts., 14 oz. 30 cts., oz. \$1.

For perennial varieties, see Iberis, page 54



Blue Lace Flowers



Calendulas



Calliopsis



CARNATIONS

The varieties we list here are best treated as annuals, although they will live over winter and flower again next season if given slight protection with leaves or straw. From seeds sown in early spring plants begin flowering in July and continue until frost, producing a profusion of fragrant blooms in many beautiful colors. The Carnation is one of the best plants for the flower-garden.

Giant Marguerite, or Malmaison. Even the ordinary strains of the Marguerite Carnations are levely for cutting, but these giant strains of ours are remarkable for their large and beautifully formed flowers, many of them elegantly fringed and in some instances as large as our best greenhouse Carnations. Like the latter, our Malmaisons are delightfully fragrant and have very long stems. They bloom in three months from seed and then continuously until frost. To have flowers for the longest possible period, sow the seed in the hotbed in February, transplant several times, and set outdoors in May.

white. Pkt. 25 cts.

Maroon. Pkt. 25 cts. Yellow. Pkt. 25 cts. Flesh-Pink. Pkt. 25 cts. Deep Rose, Pkt. 25 cts.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 5 colors, \$1

Giant Malmaison, Finest Mixed, Pkt. 25 cts., 1/4 oz. \$1.

Earliest French Hybrids. (Chaubaud's.) Of largest size; in greatest variety of colors, including yellows and yellow ground. A superb strain. Pkt. 35 cts.

For Hardy Carnations, see under Perennials

CANARY BIRD VINE (Tropæolum canariense)

Effective for covering stumps, fences, stone walls, or unsightly places, growing quickly to a height of 10 feet. Nasturtium foliage. Flowers clear sulphur-yellow, finely laciniated at the edges, and at a distance appear like tiny canary birds perched along the vine. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

CARDINAL CLIMBER

A beautiful annual vine of rapid growth. The flowers resemble those of the cypress vine, but are much larger, and are produced in great quantities continuously through the summer. The delicately cut foliage contrasts beautifully with the lovely blooms. Splendid for covering stumps and trellises. 20 ft. Pkt. 25 cts.



Chinese Woolflower

CELOSIA (Cockscomb)

The dwarf Cockscombs are showy in the border. The feathered or plumed varieties are especially attractive in large beds, and are useful for cutting. The flowers retain their color even when dry, and can be used in winter bouquets. Seed should be sown in the hotbed in March for early flowers; for succession sow outdoors in seed-bed in May and transplant when large enough to permanent place. Allow a space of 8 inches between plants for Cockscomb and 18 inches for Feathered varieties. Give them rich ground.

Glasgow Prize. The largest and finest of all Cockscombs. Magnificent dark crimor an Cockscombs. Magnificent dark crimson combs. Imported seed. Pkt. 25 cts.

Dwarf. All colors mixed. Saved from largest combs. Pkt. 15 cts.

Feathered, or Plumed (Celosia Thomp-

sonii magnifica). Magnificent, large, and

very showy plumes. 3 ft.

Crimson. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/20z. 50 cts.

Golden Yellow. Pkt. 15c.s., 1/20z. 50 cts.

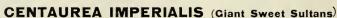
Finest Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/40z. 75 cts.

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER

A new variety of feathered Celosia with large, globular flower-heads like balls of wool. They grow 3 feet high and are very effective in masses, in the center of beds, and in among shrubbery for color effect.

Crimson, Pkt. 25 cts.

Pink. Pkt. 25 cts.



These are wonderful flowers for cutting—long-stemmed, exquisitely fringed, most graceful in appearance, and delightfully fragrant. The most beautiful colors are found among them. Easy to grow and the most thankful annual we know of, flowering freely from June until frost. For fine flowers, successive sowings should be made two weeks apart during May and June. They do well in a rich, loose soil and will amply repay you for any trouble you go to in the preparation of the bed. Cover seeds ¼ inch. 2 to 3 ft.

Amaranth Red **Brilliant Rose** Deep Lavender The Bridegroom

Delicate Lilac Purple Rose

White White Shaded Rose **Finest Mixed**

Pkt. 25 cts., 1/40z. \$1. Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 9 varieties, \$2

Centaurea imperialis

CENTAUREA CYANUS (Cornflower)

Other popular names, Bachelor's Buttons, Bluets, Ragged Sailor, Bluebottle

Cother popular names, Bachelor's Buttons, Bluets, Ragged Sailor, Bluebottle Extremely showy in the garden and fine for cutting. They are easy to grow, take care of themselves, bloom continuously, and even come up again the next year from the seed that has dropped in the ground. Just sow the seed broadcast wherever you want the plants to grow. If the soil is rich, the flowers will be larger and will have longer stems. They are lovely if sown together with scarlet poppies. You should make sowings at intervals of three weeks apart, beginning in early May.

Double Blue. A selection of the old-fashioned blue variety with larger and very double flowers of true blue color. Finest for cutting. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 75 cts.

Double Pink. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 75 cts.

Single Blue. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., ¼1b. \$1.50.

Double Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 cts., ¼1b. \$2.50.





CHRYSANTHEMUMS, SCHLING'S STAR VARIETIES

Magnificent single Chrysanthemums, like huge daisies, on stems fully 18 inches long. They are one of our finest annuals for cutting, and the colors of all our star varieties are lovely. Easily raised from seeds. a long blooming season, sow seed in hotbed in March.

Morning Star. Very large; beautiful soft, primroseyellow. Stems 18 inches. Pkt. 35 cts., ½0z. \$1.50.

Evening Star. Like the above, but of a deep golden yellow color. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.

White Star. Ivory-white with bronze center.

Pkt. 15 cts., 1/80z. 50 cts.

Bridal Robe. Pure white, perfectly double flowers with beautiful feathery fern-like foliage. Splendid for cutting. Stems 12 inches. Pkt. 15 cts.
Fringed Double Hybrids. A splendid assortment, of the finest double annuals. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/40z. 50 cts.
For other sorts, see list of Perennials

CLARKIA

Lovely annuals, far too little known, for they are truly beautiful. Like a spray of apple blossom, the tall spikes are covered with handsome double flowers, appearing all around the stem and from every leaf-joint. The colors are most delicate and refined. Sow the seed in the coldframe in March and make successive sowings outdoors in May and June. If planted in very rich soil and supported by stakes they will produce lovely strong spikes.

Double Chamois Queen. Delicate, pale chamois. Double Carmine Queen. Light carmine. Double Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink.

Double Scarlet Queen. Orange-scarlet.
Double Orange King. Reddish orange.
Double Purple Prince. Very rich, beautiful. Each of the above varieties, pkt. 15 cts., 1/40z. \$1. Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 6 varieties, 75 cts.

CLEOME

Pungens (Giant Spider Flower). A quick-growing annual with large, curious flower-heads of a bright rose color, on stems 4 to 5 feet tall. The individual flowers hang gracefully on slender thread-like stems resembling spiders' legs. Pkt. 25 cts.

The seed should be started in the frame in 2 or 3-inch pots; insert edgewise.

Scandens. A beautiful annual vine attaining a height of 20 to 25 feet with large, bell-shaped purplish blue flowers. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Scandens alba. White. Pkt. 20 cts.

New Large-Leaved Hybrids. Large, beautifully colored sorts. Grown from seed have much larger leaves and are more highly colored than if grown from cuttings. Pkt. 25 cts. A new type of large-leaved hybrids with marvelous color-markings and leaves of great size. Pkt. \$1.

CONVOLVULUS. See Morning-Glory.

COSMOS

Beautiful autumn flowers, fine for cutting, and extremely showy in the garden. Our Giant Lady Lenox grows 7 feet high, and begins blooming in September. We offer a particularly fine strain of Giant Early-flowering Cosmos which grow but 4 feet high, begin blooming in July and continue until frost.

GIANT LATE-FLOWERING, or LADY LENOX

Huge flowers, often measuring 5 inches across, on long stems. It is best to start seed of the late-flowering Cosmos in the frame in March and April.

Pkt. ½oz. Oz. Pink ... \$0 10 \$0 25 \$0 75 White ... 10 25 75 Crimson.....\$0 10 Mixed.....

GIANT EARLY-FLOWERING

From seeds sown in May, plants begin to bloom in July and continue until frost.

Pkt. 1/20z. Oz. Pkt. 1/40z. Oz.

White. \$0 15 \$0 30 \$1 00 Crimson. \$0 15 \$0 30 \$1 00

Pink. 15 30 1 00 Mixed. 10 25 75

NEW LARGE-FLOWERING DOUBLE LATE

Full double flowers of largest size, like miniature peonies, on long stems and of great substance. In bloom at the same time as the Lady Lenox type, and beautiful in vases. Pure White. Pkt. 50 cts. Pink. Pkt. 50 cts. Crimson. Pkt. 50 cts.

EXTRA-EARLY DOUBLE-CRESTED

We have succeeded in producing an extra-early double-crested Cosmos which is just as beautiful as the late-flowering and comes into bloom as early as the extra-early single sorts. White Queen **Pink Beauty** Crimson King Malmaison Pink THE COLLECTION-1 pkt. each of above 4 colors, \$1.75. Each, pkt. 50 cts.

SEMI-DOUBLE CRESTED LATE-FLOWERING

Very large flowers of the Lady Lenox type, the center of which is filled with numerous, narrow, crested, and twisted petals which make the blooms very attractive. Pkt. 25c.

CYNOGLOSSUM

Heavenly Blue. A rare gem for your blue garden. Forms perfect bushes 18 inches high and is just one mass of lovely brilliant blue forget-me-not-like flowers from May until frost. You can cut with 18-inch stems. No other annual will bloom as quickly from seed. You must have it in your garden. Pkt. 50 cts.

DAHLIAS

Dahlias are easily and quickly raised from seed. Sown in the hotbed or coldframe in March and April and transplanted in May, they will begin to bloom in August. The seed we offer has been saved from choicest and newest varieties, many of which, if root were purchased, would cost as much as 75 cents to \$1 each.

Giant Peony-flowered. Including only the newer varieties. Pkt. 25 cts. Cactus. Choicest double, including the newest incurved varieties. Pkt. 50 cts.



Giant Cosmos



Crested and Double Cosmos



Peony-flowered Dahlis



Cactus Dahlia



Dianthus



Dimorphotheca Aurantiaca



Eschscholtzia



Gaillardia

DIANTHUS (Chinese and Japanese Pinks)

Easily raised from seed. Pinks flower abundantly and continuously until frost; are very effective in the garden and splendid for cutting. With slight protection, the plants will live over winter. To enjoy a long blooming period, start seed in the hotbed in March. Schling's Giant Single Mixed. A fine strain of single garden Pinks with very large flowers, beautifully fringed and laciniated at edges. Single Pinks are especially attractive when cut, and possess a wonderful range of colors. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 50 cts.

Double Japanese Pinks, Schling's Superb New Hybrids. Large, beautifully fringed. very double flowers, measuring nearly 3 inches across, in greatest variety of colors. Pkt. 20 cts., 40z. \$1.

Double Snowdrift. Large, double, pure white flowers, with beautifully laciniated Pkt. 20 cts.

Double Salmon Queen. Rich salmon-scarlet; a rare color in Pinks, and very striking. Pkt. 20 ets.

Laciniatus purpureus fl.-pl. (New.) Lovely fringed double flowers of a deep claret color. A very distinct shade, particulary effective in beds. Pkt. 50 cts.

Violaceus fl.-pl. (New.) Finest double, fringed, bright purplish violet flowers—a new color in Dianthus. In bloom continuously from midsummer until frost. Pkt. 50 cts.

Laciniatus splendens. A new strain of single China Pinks with extremely large flowers

and wonderful color markings, mostly in shades of pink and red, with large white eyes. The edges of the flowers are deeply cut and the blooms are gracefully poised on long, strong stems. Very desirable for edging, blooming constantly; pretty in vases. Pkt. 50c.

For Hardy Garden Pinks, see under Perennials

NEW MINIATURE DAISY

Celestial Queen. A very pretty blue Marguerite with tiny blossoms of a celestial or sky-blue color on slender stems. Lovely for bowls and small vases, also window-boxes. The plants bloom freely all summer and can also be grown in pots to bloom during winter. 1 ft. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2.

DIMORPHOTHECA (African Daisies)

Delightful annuals, with single daisy-like blossoms of orange and gold. They form compact and very bushy plants, are always in bloom, and are good for cutting. Sow in the hotbed in March and again outdoors in May.

Aurantiaca. Golden orange. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. 75 cts.

Aurantiaca Hybrids. Varying in colors from white to blush-white, lemon-yellow to reddish yellow, pale salmon to golden orange. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. \$1.

ECKLONIS. A star-shaped East Africian Daisy of greatest value for the garden and for floral decorations. Not exceeding 2 feet in height, it forms a strong, compact bush, with deep green spatulate leaves, and bears large, star-shaped, pure white flowers 2 to 3½ inches across, with a diminutive deep blue disk. Being borne on long, stiff stems, these chaste and beautiful flowers are as useful for cutting as they are decorative in the border. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2.

Lablab (Giant Hyacinth Bean). Rapid-growing annual climbers with large, peashaped blossoms in grape-like formation, later developing into broad, glossy purple or white seed-pods, with a metallic luster. Effective for covering stumps and stone walls. Mixed colors, pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy)

Sow in the garden where they are to grow, as they cannot be transplanted. They succeed everywhere, are always in bloom, and brighten the garden from July until frost.

Golden West. Pure golden yellow. Pkt. Californica alba. Pure white. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

Crimson King. Rosy crimson. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts

Californica. Pale yellow. Pkt. 10 cts., z. 75 cts. 15 cts., ½0z. 50 cts. Mixed. All shades and colors. Pkt. 10c., oz. 75 cts., ¼1b. \$2. oz. 75 cts.

New Hybrid California Poppies. The improvement represented in this new strain will be a real revelation. Flowers in lovely new shades, including soft pink, scarlet, chrome, copper-red, claret, and royal purple, all held erect on long, strong stems, will give your garden the rich touch of color from the foothills of the West. Pkt. 25 cts., ½02. \$1,02. \$1.75.

EUPHORBIA

Variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). Elegant bushy plants, with broad green leaves veined and margined with white. Attractive in foliage groups and among flowers. 2 ft.

Heterophylla (The Annual Poinsettia). Like our popular Christmas plant, the Poinsettia, it forms bushy plants from 2 to 3 feet in height, with glossy dark green leaves and vivid scarlet bracts. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. 75 cts.

EVERLASTING FLOWERS

A surprise collection of 25 different kinds. Not only are they beautiful in the garden, but you can also preserve the flowers for the winter as they retain their colors when dry. Straw-flowers are generally known as "Everlastings," but there are so many other beautiful varieties with which you should get acquainted. The collection we offer contains 25 different kinds. Try one! \$2.50.

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower)

The annual Gaillardias bloom quickly from seed, and continue flowering throughout the summer and fall. You can always go to them if you want flowers for a vase.

Giant Double Mixed. Very double; quilled petals in yellow and red shades. 18 in. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. 50 cts. Double White (The Bride). A new color in Gaillardias, and fine for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. 60 cts. Single Salmon-Pink. Very pleasing shade. Pkt. 25 cts., ¼oz. 50 cts. Amblyodon. Deep red; single and very large. Pkt. 20 cts., 5 pkts. 85 cts.

GAZANIA

Splendens hybrida grandiflora. Extremely free-flowering new annuals, 6 to 8 inches in height, with daisy-like flowers, 2½ inches in diameter on good stems, appearing in the loveliest colors—cream, terra cotta, sunset, primrose, golden yellow, etc., with brown, silvery white, and spotted zones surrounded by a blackish brown ring. Blooms freely from seed and is easily grown. Start it early in hotbed. Pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. \$3.

Single Choice Mixed. The colors are usually more brilliant on plants raised from seed; if sown in March, plants will be in bloom by July. Our strain is procured from a celebrated French specialist, and includes many new varieties. Pkt. 25 cts.

GLOBE AMARANTH (Gomphrena globosa)

An everlasting, with beautifully colored flowers resembling clover heads. They retain their color, and are levely in winter bouquets. Purple, Flesh, and Mixed. Each, pkt. 15 cts.

Globe Amaranth, Orange

Here's an annual of great beauty and still it is scarcely known. You will give yourself a real treat if you grow a few in your garden. The flowers resemble huge clover-heads of a fine orange-buff color, often tinged with bronze, and the effect of a bed of them in bloom is wonderful. The flowers can be dried for winter bouquets. Pkt. 25 cts.

CODETIA

Only those who have seen vast masses of Godetias tastefully arranged can realize the effect produced by them. The double sorts we offer have the largest flowers, on long spikes, and are elegant for vases.

Double Rose. Beautiful large double flowers of a delicate rose-pink shade; produced on long sprays. 2 ft. Pkt. 15 cts.

Double Crimson. Long spikes of rich crimson flowers; forms a striking contrast with our Double Rose. Pkt. 15 cts.

Azaleiflora. Can easily be mistaken for azaleas, so close is the resemblance. The plants grow about 1 foot high, branch freely, and produces large, double azalea-like flowers in greatest profusion. Pkt. 35 cts.

ORNAMENTAL GOURDS

Gourds grow luxuriantly and are useful for covering arbors, fences, or stone walls. The fruits they bear are very ornamental, and keep well. They come in shapes of bottles, spoons, clubs, pears, dippers, and keep well. They come in forms. Many of them are beautifully marked. Sow the seed like you would squash or cucumber, in hills 3 feet apart and allow three plants to grow in each hill. Have the soil rich and they will grow most luxuriantly for you.

Mixed. Comprising the largest assortment of varieties. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts. Collection containing one pkt. each of twelve named sorts, 75 cts.

GREVILLEA

Robusta. Really a greenhouse plant, but can be successfully grown as an annual. It is a neat little shrub, with delicate fernlike foliage. Very useful for table decoration and in foliage groups. Pkt. 25 cts.

GYPSOPHILA (Annual Baby's Breath)

Feathery panicles of tiny star-shaped flowers, gracefully and daintily borne on Feathery paneles of tiny star-snaped nowers, gracetumy and daming other on slender stems. A charming effect may be had by mixing sprays of Baby's Breath with other long-stemmed cut-flowers, such as poppies, sweet peas, roses, or carnations. Bloom quickly from seed, and liberal sowing should be made every three weeks from May to July, to cut continuously. For early flowers, a first sowing could be made in a hotbed in March and plants set out in May.

Elegans grandiflora alba. Pure white. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts., ¼lb. \$2. Elegans grandiflora rosea. Delicate pink. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1, ¼lb. \$3. Elegans, Crimson Gem. (New.) Rosy crimson. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2.

For hardy varieties, see list of Perennials

HELIANTHUS (Sunflower)

All the varieties we list are useful for cutting, especially the miniature sorts, which bear their flowers on slender stems, and form neat bushes about 3 feet in height. Sow seeds directly in the garden where you want them to grow, in hills 2 feet apart, allowing about three plants to grow in each hill, and you will have vigorous and very showy plants.

Dazzler. (New.) Of the Cucumerifolius type. Plants 3 to 4 feet high, branch freely and bear flowers fully 4 inches across on 2-foot stems. Of a rich chestnutbrown, tipped with orange, with dark center somewhat resembling the colors of

brown, upped with orange, with dark center somewhat resembling the colors of a gaillardia. Splendid for cutting and showy in the garden. Pkt. 35 cts.

Miniature Stella. Single, fairly large flowers, bright yellow with black center. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 75 cts.

Miniature Orion. Cactus-flowered, with pointed petals finely twisted and cutled. Pkt. 10 cts. oz. 55 cts.

curled. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 85 cts.

New Annual Red Sunflower. Dark-centered brilliant flowers, banded with bright chestnut-red, merging to yellow at the tips of the petals. 6 ft. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. 50 cts

Double Chrysanthemum-Flowered. Beautiful, large, finely fringed, yelw. ball-shaped flowers, gracefully carried on long, wiry stems. 7 ft. Pkt. low, ball-shaped flowers, gracefully carried on long, wiry stems.

10 cts., oz. 60 cts.

Mammoth Russian. Our common Sunflower, with huge flower-heads, mostly grown for its seeds, which are fed to parrots and poultry. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts.



Globe Amaranth



Gypsophila



Helianthus, Miniature Stella

HELICHRYSUM (Straw-Flower)

Pretty everlasting flowers in beautiful colors and many soft and artistic shades. Splendid for winter bouquets. To preserve them, cut the flowers before they are fully expanded, and hang heads down in a dry place. Make the first sowing in a hotbed in March and a second in the seed-bed outdoors in May.

Double Fireball. Deep crimson. Double Silver Ball. Silvery white.

Double Golden Ball. Golden yellow.

Double Rose Queen, Old rose. Double Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink.

Double Violet Queen. Violet; very attractive.

Double Buttercup. Canary-yellow.

Each of the above varieties, pkt. 15 cts. Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 7 varieties, 00 cts

Double Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. 50 cts., oz. \$1.50.



HIBISCUS (Mallow Marvels)

New large-flowering hybrids. Although they are perennials they flower the first year from seed. The blooms are wonderfully large, 6 to 7 inches across, and the whole plant is extremely showy. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/40z. \$1.

HOLLYHOCKS (Annual Everblooming)

A new strain which flowers the first year from seed. In every way the same as the hardy varieties with the additional advantage of a longer blooming period. The plants branch freely and continue to flower throughout the summer. Pkt. 25 cts. 1/40z. 81.

HONESTY (Lunaria biennis)

Really a biennial, but best treated as an annual. Chiefly grown Mallow Marvel for its shiny, silvery seed-pods, which make a useful winter decoration, arranged with flowers in baskets and bouquets. When the seed-pods are perfected, cut the stalks bearing them, and store away in dry places for future use. 2 ft.

Crimson, Purple, and White. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/4 oz. \$1.

Collection-One pkt. each of the above 3 colors, 60 cts.



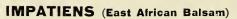
Dwarf Giant-flowered. Great masses of bloom with a real Heliotrope odor. Excellent strain; compact and very free-flowering. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2.

HUMULUS

Japonicus (Japanese Hop). Splendid annual climber of quick growth, and very orna-Not attacked by insects, and valuable for covering verandas, fences, or arbors, 12 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 90 cts.

HUNNEMANNIA (Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy)

A glorious sun-kissed golden yellow Poppy on a strong stem with fine feathery eschscholtzia-like foliage; excellent for cutting. Sow outdoors in May where they are to grow, in rich soil and keep bed clear of weeds. A splendid plant for massing in beds or planting in clumps in the border. They reach a height of 2 feet and are covered with lovely large yellow flowers from July to frost. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.



Very effective for bedding; succeeds particularly well in half-shady places, and blooms continuously through-out the summer; also splendid pot-plants, producing their blooms in profusion all winter long.

Holstii. Orange-scarlet. 18 in. Pkt. 50 cts. Holstii Hybrids. Colors varying from lilac to ruby and from pink to vermilion-scarlet. Pkt. 50 cts.

Sultani. Rosy carmine. Pkt. 50 cts.



Helichrysum



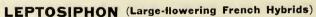
Hunnemannia



Kochia

KOCHIA

Trichophylla (Summer Cypress). A very ornamental plant of graceful habit, with finely cut green foliage which changes to a rich russet-crimson in the autumn. It forms a neat little bush somewhat resembling a small Cypress tree, and is especially valuable where it is desired to produce formal regular effects, as it retains its shape when most other garden vegetation is destroyed by frost. It is practically a new plant and of the easiest cultivation. 3 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.



A charming annual for borders and beds. When planted in masses they form a sheet of trumpet-shaped flowers ranging from yellow to rose, ivory and chrome, frequently tinged with pink. They bloom profusely all summer and are most effective; also good for the rock-garden. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.



Hollyhocks

ORDER EARLY

In January and February, if possible, before the spring rush begins. March and April are our busy months and our full force works day and night under top pressure. We allow you 5% discount for the privilege of filling your order before March 1.





LARKSPUR Tall Double-Branching or Stock-Flowered

Larkspurs, or Annual Delphiniums, bloom quickly from seed sown in the spring, and their fine flower-spikes are exceedingly graceful and attractive in the garden, in shrubbery borders or in large beds. They furnish the finest cutting material. For very early flowers, sow the seed in a hotbed in March and April and set plants out in May. In the garden they can be sown just as soon as the ground is warm in May, either in the seed-bed and transplanted, or right into the beds where they are to grow.

Light Blue. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. 50 cts. Purple. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. 50 cts. Flesh-Pink. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. 50 cts.

White. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. 50 cts. Newport Pink. Clear pink. Pkt. 15 ets., 1/4 oz. 50 ets. Lustrous Carmine. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.50.

Collection, 1 pkt. of each of the above 6 colors, 75 cts.

SCHLING'S NEW GIANT HYACINTH-FLOWERED LARKSPUR

This greatly improved new strain of ours excels all others in length and stems, size of flower-spikes, and general vigor of the plant. It grows to a height of 5 feet, with massive flower-spikes actually 18 to 20 inches long, thickly studded with perfect double flowers. Shown in color on page 14.



Double-Branching Larkspur

Chocolate Color Tile Red Dark Blue Indigo Reddish Gray Lilac Rose White, tinted blue White

Collection, 1 pkt. each of above 9 colors, \$2. Each, pkt. 35 cts.

LAVATERA

Rosea splendens. Wonderfully showy flowers in the garden, and the finest of all pink annual Mallows. 4 to 5 ft. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

.EPTOSYNE

Maritima. Large, golden yellow flowers on long stems, greatly resembling coreopsis, with very fine fern-like foliage. Good for cutting and forcing. 2 ft. Pkt. 15 cts.

LOBELIA

The Lobelias listed below will bloom freely from seed and will flower throughout the season. Sow in the house in March and outdoors in early spring where the plants are to grow, and thin moderately. The dwarf varieties are recommended for edging; the trailing sorts for hanging-baskets, window-boxes, vases, etc.

Sutton's Dwarf Royal Purple. Rich purple-blue flowers; trailing. Pkt. 15 cts. Sutton's Dwarf Royal Purple. Rich purple-blue flowers; trailing. Pkt. 15 ets.

Crystal Palace Compacta. Neat ball-shaped bushes, covered with a profusion of rich deep blue flowers. Best for borders. 4 in. Pkt. 25 ets., 1/60x. \$1.

Heterophylla major. Of drooping and spreading habit. Especially recommended for hanging-baskets. Individual flowers are very large. Pkt. 25 ets.

Sapphire. Trailing; rich purplish blue with pure white eye. Pkt. 25 ets.

Miranda. Trailing; bright rosy purple. Pkt. 25 ets.

For others, see list of Perennials

ANNUAL LUPINUS

Lupines are among the most useful of our garden flowers. Their long, graceful spikes make a gorgeous display either in mixed borders or in vases. Easily and quickly grown; sow the seed where you want them to grow.

Luteus Romulus. A lovely clear yellow Lupine. Long spikes closely set with fine large flowers. A solid bed of this variety is lovely; splendid for cutting. 2 ft. Pkt. 50 cts.

Sulphur-Yellow. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/4 oz. \$1. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. \$1. Blue. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 50 cts. White. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 50 cts. For other varieties, see list of Perennials



Lavatera

MIGNONETTE (Reseda odorata)

The varieties we offer are greatly improved and, if grown in rich soil, will produce very long spikes. All of them are delightfully fragrant, and give a most pleasing effect when gathered and arranged in a large bowl or vase. Mignonette should not be transplanted. Sow the seed in the garden where wanted to grow—a cool, moist place is best and, if possible, give an eastern exposure where they will get the morning sun only. To get very early flowers, start a few seeds in small pots in the frame and be careful not to break the ball of soil when setting the plants out in May. Mignonette requires very rich soil and a top dressing with cowmanure is very beneficial.

Schling's Giant. Immense broad spikes of reddish orange flowers, freely produced on sturdy stems; very sweet. Pkt. 25 cts., ¼oz. \$1.

Allen's Defiance. Silvery white, robust and free flowering, with spikes from 10 to 12 inches long. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Schling's Selected Machet. An excellent strain, with short thick flower-spikes of a reddish color; splendid for the garden and excellent for pots. 1 ft. 10 ets., oz. 75 ets.

Sweet Scented. The famous old-fashioned Mignonette that was a fragrant feature of grandmother's garden. Pkt. 10 ets., oz. 40 ets., ¼lb. \$1.



Mignonette



MARICOLD

Marigolds afford a wealth of color that is simply invaluable. They are at their best when many other plants are past their prime. The African varieties are large-flowered, with long stems; the French are good for edging, and all of them are very effective, especially in an old-fashioned flower-garden. Seed can be sown in May where the plants are to grow, or seedlings may be raised in hotbeds and transplanted outdoors the beginning of May.

DOUBLE AFRICAN MARIGOLDS

Orange Ball. Enormous flowers of perfect shape, deep golden orange. 2½ ft. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 50 cts.

Lemon Ball. Charming color. 2½ ft. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 50 cts.

Golden Orange, Tall.

Orange-Gold, Tall.

Chrome-Yellow, Tall.

Orange-Gold, Tall.

Chrome-Yellow, Tall.

Orange-Gold, Tall.

Orange-Gold, Tall.

Chrome-Yellow, Tall.

Orange-Gold, Tall.

Orange-Gold,

Mixed. 21/2 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., 1/4 oz. 40 cts. Any of the above, except where noted, pkt. 25 cts. Collection, African Marigolds, 1 pkt. each of above 8 varieties, \$1.25

FRENCH MARIGOLDS

Glorious, Dwarf. A brilliant coppery brown of great

Aurea, Dwarf. Orange.
Sulphur-Yellow, Dwarf.
Moonlight, Dwarf. Pale yellow.
Brown and Gold-striped, Dwarf.

Yellow, mottled Brown, Dwarf. Brown, tipped with Gold, Dwarf. Sulphur-Yellow, Tall. Rheingold, Tall. Ranunculoides, Tall. Dark brown. Scotch Gold-striped, Tall.

Double Finest Mixed. Finest assortment saved from prize flowers. 1 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., ¼oz. 30 cts. Legion of Honor. A single Marigold of great beauty; flowers bright yellow blotched with brown. Admirably adapted for beds and edging. 9 in. Pkt. 10 cts., ¼oz. 30 cts.

Any of the above, except where noted, pkt. 25 cts. Collection, French Marigolds, 1 pkt. each of above 12 varieties, \$2

MATTHIOLA

Bicornis (Night-scented Stock). Delicate lilac flowers resembling those of the stock and emitting in the evening a delightful perfume. Should be grown in every garden. 1 ft. Pkt. 25 cts.

MATRICARIA (Feverfew)

Golden Ball. Double, golden yellow button-shaped flowers. 1 ft. Pkt. 25c. Silver Ball. Dainty, milk-white, very double. 1 ft. Pkt. 25 cts. Capensis (Double White Feverfew). Fine for cutting. 2 ft. Pkt. 10 cts.

MARVEL OF PERU (Four-o'Clock)

Easily grown from seed, and very showy in the garden. Handsome bushes completely covered with flowers in many bright colors, which close up about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, hence the name. 3 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM

Crystallinum (Ice Plant). Adapted for rockeries. The foliage is covered with transparent icy-looking protuberances. 6 in. Pkt. 10 cts., 1/20z. 50 cts. Tricolor. A dwarf, half-hardy annual, well adapted for sunny situations and rockwork. Flowers brilliant crimson-pink, much like a gerbera. 1 ft. Pkt. 10 cts.

MORNING-CLORIES

Splendid for covering wire trellises, arbors, and verandas. May be sown in the open ground in April and May; they grow without difficulty and flower abundantly throughout the season. Give them rich ground.

Imperial Japanese. The largest and most vigorous of all Morning-Glories, producing an abundance of flowers from 3 to 4 inches across in the most wonderful colors and color-markings, some of them plain-edged and others beautifully ruffled and frilled. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

Old-Fashioned Variety (Convolvulus major). Finest mixed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4lb. 50 cts.

BRAZILIAN MORNING-GLORIES

Exceedingly vigorous and especially desirable where quick shade is wanted. The leaves are 8 to 12 inches across and overlap each other. The curious seed capsules, which form all along the vine, render it highly ornamental. The flowers are of a beautiful rose-pink color. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

DWARF MORNING-GLORIES, MIXED

This type forms compact bushes about a foot in height which are completely covered with flowers somewhat smaller than those of the climbing Morning-Glories. Very desirable for edging. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

MOONFLOWER

Giant White. Rapid growers, and, in rich ground, will attain a height of 50 to 60 feet. Their large, deep green, heart-shaped leaves furnish excellent shade, and the flowers are very beautiful. They bloom at night; that is, open at sunset and close the next morning, although on cloudy days they remain open all day. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.



Baby or Heavenly Blue Morning-Glories

Baby or Heavenly Blue Morning-Clory

Of luxuriant growth, and most beautiful climber. The vines are simply covered with large flowers of a lovely true sky-blue color; the leaves are of a rich dark green color and form a pretty background. In bloom all summer. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/4 oz. 50 cts.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not)

The following varieties of Myosotis are biennial, but are best treated as annuals, as they will bloom the first year from seed. If you want them in flower early in the spring, sow the seed in August, and either protect the plants or winter them over in a coldframe like pansies, or seed may be sown in a hotbed or coldframe in the spring, and they will commence blooming in July a cool half-shady place is most suitable.

Alpestris, Victoria. This variety forms beautiful little bushes, which are completely covered with large, azureblue flowers. Suitable for pot culture. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/20z. \$1.

Sutton's Royal Blue. Deepest indigo-blue; long sprays,

excellent for cutting. 12 inches. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/80z. \$1.

Ruth Fischer. The flowers are very large, pale blue, and are freely produced. 6 inches. Pkt. 50 cts.

Isolde Krotz. A splendid new variety—the largest of all Forget-me-nots to date. The flowers are twice the size of those of Ruth Fischer. Especially valuable for pot culture and excellent outdoors. Pkt. 75 cts., 5 pkts. \$3.

For other varieties, see list of Perennials

NASTURTIUMS

Nasturtiums are perhaps the most easily grown of all annuals, and are least particular as to soil. Our mixtures include all the newer varieties, and the most delicate shades will be found among them. The dwarf varieties are particularly adapted for beds and borders, and the tall sorts are serviceable for covering stumps and fences, or for trailing over rocks. Sow the seed where wanted to grow any time in May or June. The best way is to drop about two seeds every 8 inches; this will allow for proper development and save you the labor of thinning out later.

Schling's Giant-Flowering Dwarf Mixed. Includes all the choicest varieties in many colors. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., 1/4lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Collection containing twelve separate varieties of Dwarf Nasturtiums, 50 cts.



Giant-Flowering Nasturtium

Schling's Giant-Flowering Tall Mixed. A very rich mixture, made up of twenty-five of the choicest and largest-flowering tall Nasturtiums, including many rare shades such as rose, salmon, bronze, maroon, etc. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., ½1b. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

Lobb's Climbing. These grow 12 feet high and are useful for covering

tall stumps and fences. Finest mixed. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 35 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.25.

Collection containing one pkt. each of 12 separate varieties of Tall Nasturtiums, 50 cts.



Strumosa, Sutton's New Hybrid. Charming annuals for small beds with very attractive flowers. The colors include white, yellow, orange, pink, and crimson. Pkt. 25 cts.

Nemesia, Blue Gem. Forget-me-not blue. A neat erect pillar-shaped plant; charming. 18 in. Pkt. 50 cts.

NEMOPHILA

Insignis, Blue. It is surprising that so few American gardeners are acquainted with this handsome annual. Try it in your garden! It is fine for the ribbon border or for edging. Blooms quickly from seed and continuously from spring until frost. Lovely cup-shaped flowers of marine-blue; does well in any situation, moist or dry. 6 inches. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. §4.

NICOTIANA (Flowering Tobacco)

Long, tube-shaped, sweetly scented flowers. Attractive plants for large

Nicotiana sylvestris

May where the plants are to grow, or they may be started in the hotbed, if you want them to bloom early. 3 feet.

Affinis. Large, pure white flowers; very fragrant. Pkt. 10 cts., ½ oz. 30 cts.

Affinis Hybrids. Brilliant colors including a large part. Affinis. Large, pure winte nowers; very iragrant. Frt. 10 cts., 7402.50 cts.
Affinis Hybrids. Brilliant colors, including a large proportion of pink and red shades in addition to pure white. Flowers somewhat larger than those of N. affinis; sweet-scented. Pkt. 10 cts., 1/40z. 50 cts.
Sanderæ Hybrids. Very bushy plants, branching freely from the base and giving a continuous display of large tubular flowers in shades of carmine, rose,

and pink. Pkt. 10 cts., 1/40z. 50 cts.

Sylvestris. Long, narrow tube-shaped flowers, gracefully hung in dense clusters on slender stalks, which branch freely from a strong center stem. Pkt. 20c.

NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist)

Sow the seed right outdoors where you want it to grow, either in shallow drills or broadcast. A few Shirley Poppies sown among them will make a beautiful effect.

Miss Jekyll. Lovely flowers for cutting; bushy plants about 12 to 15 inches high, and with clear cornflower-blue flowers of large size, surrounded by slender, mist-like foliage. Pkt. 15 cts., ¼oz. 35 cts., oz. \$1.

NOLANA

Grandiflora. Another of our choice blue flowers which should be in every garden and will be when it is better known. The flowers are of a violet-blue color and resemble the gloxinia. Easily raised from seed. The plants bloom from June until frost. Very attractive in the border and good for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.



Nigella, Miss Jekyll

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SCHLING'S CIANT PANSIES

If you want them to bloom early in the spring, sow the seed in July and August, and protect the plants, or, better still, winter them over in a coldframe. For summer blooming, sow in the coldframe in March, and plant out in a cool half-shaded spot, and they will bloom in June and continue until frost.



Schling's Giant Pansies

English and Scotch Show Varieties Mixed. Saved by a Scotch specialist from his celebrated collection of Giant Pansies. Pkt. 50 cts., 150z. \$1.50, 1/80z. \$2.50.

Triumph of Giants. A charming strain of Giant Pansies with elegantly frilled flower-petals, some so full as to appear almost double. Richest colors, with many delightful variations and markings. Pkt. 75 cts.

Bugnot's Giant Blotched. A famous French strain with very large five-petaled flowers in a great variety of colors. Each petal is handsomely blotched

variety of colors. Each petal is handsomely blotched with rich colors and margined with white, yellow, or cream. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0.2 \$2.

Red and Reddish Brown. Of finest form and of immense size; many flowers beautifully fringed. Delightful colors. Pkt. 50 cts.

Apricot-colored. New and very delicate shades, heretofore greatly missed among Pansies. Pkt. 50 cts.

Trimardeau Giant Mixed. Of mammoth size and great substance. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. \$1.25, oz. \$4.

Schling's International Prize

The finest and richest mixture of all Giant Pansies today. In it are included every known shade and color-marking. Largest it are included every known snaue and color-marking. Largest fowers, beautiful in form, many elegantly ruffled at the edges, of fine texture, on long stems. Pkt. \$1, 1602. \$2, 1/802. \$3.50.

GIANT TRIMARDEAU PANSIES IN SEPARATE COLORS Lord Beaconsfield. Purplish violet shading to lavender. Pkt.

15 cts., 1/oz. \$1.50.

Bronze. In many attractive shades. Pkt. 25 cts., ¼0z. \$2. Golden Queen. Pure yellow. Pkt. 20 cts., ¼0z. \$2. Snow Queen. Pure white. Pkt. 20 cts., ¼0z. \$2. Fire King. Golden yellow, upper petals crimson. Pkt. 20 cts., 1/4oz. \$1.50.

Cassier's Five-blotched Golden Yellow. Large; deep golden yellow, each petal marked with a large blotch. Pkt. 50 cts., 1/20z. \$5. Bridesmaid. Soft rose, shading to white, each petal handsomely blotched. Pkt. 25 cts.

blotched. Pkt. 25 cts.

President Carnot. Deep violet with a narrow margin of white on each petal; very attractive. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$2.50.

Giant Apollo. Lovely bronze ground-color, beautifully veined and blotched; edges frilled. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$2.50.

Cornflower-blue. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. \$2.

Blue Domino. Beautifully ruffled. Pkt. 50 cts.

King of the Blacks (Faust). Black. Pkt. 20 cts., ½0z. \$2. Collection: 1 pkt. of each of the above 12 colors, \$2.50

25

35

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GIANT EARLY-FLOWERING PANSIES. World Record

This remarkable new race of Pansies flowers fully six weeks earlier than the other varieties. We recommend them highly for winter blooming and early spring bedding. The flowers are of immense size, on long stems.

Winter Sun. Golden yellow, dark eye......\$0 25 Ice King. Silvery white, dark blue eye....... Celestial Queen. Sky-blue..... $\frac{25}{25}$ Charm of March. Dark velvety blue.... 25 Collection: 1 pkt. each of the above 7 varieties, \$1.50

TUFTED PANSIES (Viola cornuta)

A race produced by crossing the Violet and the Pansy. They flower very freely, the blooms are of good size, but not so large as Pansies, and have a delightful Violet odor. Particularly fine for bedding; will bloom all summer. Lord Beaconsfield. (New.) Pkt.

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Ardwell Gem. Primrose... \$0 25
Black Prince. Very dark... 25
Cyclops. (New.) A lovely deep violet-blue....... 50
David Simpson. Lavender Dark purple.....\$0 50 Mauve Queen. Mauve..... Nora Marrow. Bluish blush . . Primrose Dame. Sulphurand crimson.. 25 Golden Gem. Golden yellow G. Wermig. Violet-blue. Jersey Gem. (New.) Deep yellow.... 50 Sensation. Dark blue..... 75 White Perfection. White....

Collection: 1 pkt. each of above 13 varieties of Viola, \$3 Viola odorata semperflorens (Sweet Violet). Violet color. 10 in. April, May. Pkt. 25 cts.

A Marvelous Strain of Pansies HARPER'S CANADIAN SUPER GIANTS

Not a large color-range but of truly remarkable size and form, with flowers often 12 inches in circumference and petals of wonderful substance on exceedingly strong stems, often 6 to 7 inches long. Pkt. (200 seeds) \$2, 6 pkts. \$10.



Tufted Pansies



Schling's Improved Large-Flowering Phlox Drummondi

Purple
 Daybreak Pink

3. Chamois-Rose 4. Pure White

5. Isabellina6. Brilliant Red

EACH, PKT. 25 CTS. THE COLLECTION OF 6 COLORS \$1.25



Schling's New Monstrous Deep-Throated Single Fringed Petunias

The largest flowering of all and the most beautifully marked. The flowers have finely fringed edges and very deep wide-open throats.

Lilac Queen. (New.) Flowers 7 inches across, heavily fringed, lilac-blue with purple veins and very deep velvety throat markings. Pkt. \$1.

Giant Copper-Red. A new color in Petunias—a beautiful copper-red with dark red veins. Pkt. \$1.

Giant Silver Rose. A charming soft silvery rose, with heavily fringed edge. Pkt. \$1.

King Alfonso. Dark crimson, heavily frilled; very deep throat. Pkt. \$1.

Nigra purpurea. Deep velvety purplish black, heavily frilled. Pkt. \$1.

Prince of Wuertemberg. Very large, dark crimson flowers with wide-open throat, heavily frilled. Pkt. \$1.

Venus. Rich crimson veined with white; heavily frilled. Pkt. \$1.

PETUNIAS

Petunias are showy in beds and bloom continuously throughout the summer. Sow the seed in pots or flats in the house or hotbed in February or March, or in the garden as soon as the soil is warm. Cover the seed but lightly, as it is very fine.

CALIFORNIA GIANTS

A magnificent strain with very large, deep-throated flowers, exquisitely ruffled and fringed at the edges, 4 to 5 inches across, with deep, wide throats. Finest Mixed, pkt. 50 cts.

SCHLING'S GIANT DOUBLE FRINGED PETUNIAS

The finest strain of double Petunias in existence. Very large, fully double, symmetrically formed flowers, all beautifully fringed. To produce seed of Double Petunias, the pollen from the double flower is transferred with a brush to the pistil of selected single flowers of giant size, from which all stamens have been carefully removed. The result of this fecundation produces the seed which will reproduce itself about 50 per cent double, but the flowers which do come single are all of the largest size. In translanting it is well to side the size of the largest size. planting it is well to pick out the weaker seed-lings as they produce the finest double flowers.

Lady of the Lake. Pure white; very double. Pkt. \$1

Brilliant Rose. A lovely shade; very double. Pkt. \$1.

Cærulea. Double azure-blue. Pkt. \$1.

Deep Carmine-Rose. Heavily fringed; very double. Pkt. \$1.

Gotelind. Double; delicate pink on cream ground. Pkt. \$1.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. \$1.

Collection: One pkt. each of above 5 colors, \$4.50 For Single Deep-throated Petunias, see page 40.

SPECIAL GARDEN PETUNIAS FOR BEDDING

The following sortswill befound very desirable for large beds. All bloom profusely and continuously througout the season.

Violet Queen. A rare gem—a real Blue Petunia, of a rich, deep, velvety hue. The plants are simply a mass of blue throughout the entire summer. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts, for \$2.

Pink Queen. The brilliant rose-pink flowers are fully 4 inches across and are produced in masses. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2.



Giant Double Fringed Petunia

Purple Queen. Rich velvety purple and a beautiful companion to Violet Queen. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2. Rose of Heaven. Brilliant fiery rose. Most effective. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. for \$2. Rosy Morn. A lovely shade of pale pink; attractive for edging and in large beds. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. \$1. Snowball. Pure white. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. \$1. Striped and Blotched. A great profusion of brightly marked flowers. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. \$1. Single Redding. Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 75 cts. Single Bedding, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts., 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

Petunia inflata. (Trailing.) (New.) A new trailing variety entirely different from other Petunias. It branches freely and forms slender runners 18 to 20 inches long fairly covered with tiny purplish carmine Petunias. The flowers are only ½inch across and are sweet-scented. The color and the whole effect of the plant is charming. It is especially suitable for growing in hanging-baskets and porchboxes. Pkt. 50 cts.



Phlox Drummondi, Isabellina

This pleasing vellow or tan-colored Phlox is the universal favorite for beds or edging.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI

Flowers of the annual Phlox may now be had as large as those of the perennial varieties, and the colors are even more varied and charming. Seed may be sown in the hotbed or greenhouse in March, transplanting to the garden as soon as the weather is favorable, or they may be sown in the open ground the beginning of May.

SCHLING'S LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES. Height 1 foot

Pure White. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/40z. \$1.

Daybreak Pink. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1. Chamois-Rose. Salmon-pink. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1. Brilliant Red. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.

Isabellina. Pale yellow; very beautiful. Pkt. 25 cts., ¼oz. \$1. Purple. Pkt. 25 cts., ¼oz. \$1. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 20 cts., ¼oz. 75 cts.

Collection: One pkt. each of the above 6 varieties, \$1.25

PHLOX DRUMMONDI NANA COMPACTA GRANDIFLORA

Four charming, large-flowering, very dwarf annual Phloxes for Iging. They grow erect, only 6 inches high, and form a neat formal edging. They grow erect, border, blooming continuously.

Buff or Tan Color

Fireball. Brilliant red Snowball. Pure white Each, pkt. 50 cts. Collection: One pkt. each of 4 colors, \$1.75

ANNUAL POPPIES

Sow the seed where you want them to grow because it is difficult to transplant them. They grow everywhere and almost under all conditions. Large plantings however are most effective.



Double Hybrid Poppy



Shirley Poppy

SCHLING'S NEW DOUBLE HYBRIDS

Gorgeous in coloring, giant in size. Beautifully fringed, and altogether far superior in every way to any other Poppy in existence. While this strain of Poppies produced by Mr. Schling is far superior to all other existing sorts, its greatest value lies in the substance or lasting qualities of its flowers. All other Poppies will last but a few days when cut; this variety, however, will last for fully a week in a vase. The blooms are as large as peonies, and appear mostly in soft shades of pink, white, red, terra-cotta, some of them beautifully striped and penciled, nearly all of them double and finely fringed. 4 ft. Pkt. 35 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.50.

Double Peony-Flowered. Very showy, double, broad-petaled flowers in many colors. 3 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

colors. 3 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

Double Carnation-Flowered Mixed. A fine strain of double, fringed Poppies with flowers about the size of a large carnation. Very showy. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

Shirley, Finest Single Mixed. Dainty flowers on slender stems, in the most delicate shades, varying in color from pure white and delicate pink to rosy carmine and deep crimson, many of them beautifully striped and edged with white. Splendid in vases, and will last for two or three days. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts., ½4b. \$2.

Double Shirley. Dainty, double, slender-stemmed flowers with thin paper-like petals. Very attractive. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

Single Mixed. Including all varieties and color. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts.

Single Mixed. Including all varieties and color. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts.

SINGLE SHIRLEY POPPIES

In separate colors, all very selected.

Rosy Pink, White Center White, Salmon-Pink Edge Rosy Scarlet, White Base Picotee **Apricot and White**

White, Scarlet Edge Deep Apricot Crimson Striped

Each, pkt. 25 cts. Collection, 1 pkt. of each of above 9 colors, \$2

WILD FRENCH POPPY (The Poppy of Flanders)

This is the famous field Poppy our soldiers tell about, as they saw it in a riot of color among the rye and through the grain-fields of France and Flanders. The seed is very scarce and hard to procure. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1, lb. \$10.

LILLIPUT POPPY (New)

White Shaded Pink

Only 12 inches high—wonderfully charming—continuously in bloom throughout the summer months. An abundance of flowers heretofore unknown in Poppies. The lovely pink flowers measure about 2 inches in diameter. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

ENGLISH SCARLET FIELD POPPY

A lovely effect can be produced by sowing these with cornflowers. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1, lb. \$10.

PHACELIA

Campanularia. The flowers are much like the Canterbury Bells—beautiful, cup-shaped, of a lovely gentian-blue. The neat little bushes, about 1 foot high, are literally covered with these lovely flowers throughout the summer. You can grow it as easily as a cornflower. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts.

PHYSALIS (Chinese Lantern Plant; Alkekengi)

Franchetii (Chinese Lantern Plant). A very attractive plant of bush form with branches covered with bright red fruit, resembling a small cherry, and surrounded by a husk. May be cut and dried for winter bouquets. Pkt. 25 cts.

PORTULACA

Portulacas do best in sunny situations, and grow well in almost any soil. They are but 4 inches high, of spreading habit, and form a dense, thick carpet when grown in beds. As an undergrowth for gladiolus, roses or other tall plants, they are very effective. Sow them broadcast and just press the seed into the soil. Scatter a few seeds here and there in your rockery and you will have a very pretty effect.

Single Coppery Rose. Unusually attractive. Old coppery rosecharming color. Lovely as an undergrowth for gladiolus. Scatter a few seeds in your rockery or anywhere to fill up empty spaces; the effect will please vou. Pkt. 25 cts.

Finest Single Mixed. All shades; mostly bright colors. Pkt. 10 cts., 1/40z. 30 cts., oz. \$1.

Finest Double Mixed. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/8 oz. \$1.

RHODANTHE

Manglesii. A very pretty everlasting, with dainty pink-colored flowers on long stems. Effective in winter bouquets. Pkt. 25 cts.



Phacelia campanularia



Portulaca

RICINUS (Castor-Oil Plant)

In large foliage-beds where a tropical effect is wanted, Castor-Oil Plants are very imposing. They grow rapidly from seed, from 5 to 8 feet high, and even taller if planted in well-manured ground. Start a few in the hotbed in small pots, one seed to a pot, and you will have plants ready for bedding out in May.

Zanzibarensis, Mixed. Very tall, stately plants with leaves of enormous size varying in color from light green to purplish red. Pkt. 15 cts.. oz. 60 cts.

Cambodgensis. Large and prettily shaped leaves of a reddish maroon color. Very effective in foliage-groups. 6 ft. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

SALPIGLOSSIS (Painted Tongue)

Wonderfully showy, with flowers of exquisite colors and color-markings. Flowers are funnel-shaped, not unlike those of the petunia, deep-throated, and charmingly penciled and veined in rich shades of yellow, crimson, and purple. Salpiglossis flowers freely from July until frost.

LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES

Crimson Veined with Gold. Bright crimson richly penciled with gold. Pkt. 15 cts.

Chamois. Pkt. 15 cts.

Yellow Edged with White. Pkt. 15 cts.

Old-Rose Veined with Gold. Very attractive. Pkt. 15 cts.

Scarlet Veined with Gold. Pkt. 15 cts.

Blue and Gold. Bright blue richly penciled with gold. Pkt. 15 cts. Yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. \$1.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above seven varieties, 75 cts.

SCHLING'S NEW CANDELABRA VARIETIES

Instead of branching out from the bottom, the plants of this sensational new type send up a strong center stem, which, in rich soil attains the height of 4 to 5 feet. Commencing about 18 inches above the ground and

along its entire length, this stem sends forth slender side branches full of beautifully marked, large, petunia-like flowers, branching more freely towards the end of the stem and finally ending with a veritable bouquet. The whole plant has a wonderful appearance and in the border is as stately and effective as our finest delphiniums. The individual flowers, too, are larger than the ordinary Salpiglossis, and the colorings and markings include all the finest shades found in orchids.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of 6 separate colors, \$1.50; Finest Mixed, pkt. 25 cts.



Salvia Farinacea

SALVIA (Scarlet Sage)

Salvias make a striking display, with their long brilliant flower-spikes rising above the green foliage. They bloom continuously from early summer until frost, from seeds sown in March or April, in shallow boxes or pots in the greenhouse, or frame. When plants are large enough, transplant singly into small pots, and set out when all danger of frost is past.

Splendens, Bonfire. Compact, very bushy plants about 2 feet in height, densely covered with large, brilliant scarlet flowers on long spikes; blooms very early. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/4 oz. \$2. Splendens, Zurich. An excellent early-blooming and very dwarf Salvia. Forms

neat little bushes only 15 inches high, which are completely covered with long flower-spikes thickly set with brilliant scarlet blooms of largest size. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.25. Splendens grandiflora. Improved type of the tall scarlet Salvia, with immense flower-trusses of dazzling scarlet. 3 ft. Pkt. 15 cts., 14 oz. \$1.25.

Blue Salvia (S. patens). Bushy plants, bearing in profusion long, dense spikes of bright blue flowers. 2 ft. Pkt. 50 cts.

Farinacea. Decidedly different from the other Salvias. The plants grow 4 to 5 feet high and only 8 to 10 inches in width, with long spikes of pale blue flowers, not so closely clustered as those of the Splendens varieties. They will bloom in August if seeds are sown indoors in February, and the plants will last for years if given slight protection during winter. Pkt. 25 cts., 1/40z. \$2.

For other varieties, see list of Perennials



Scabiosa

SAPONARIA

Multiflora (Carpet of Pink). A lovely plant for edging, with pink, starry flowers produced in great abundance. It is easily grown from seed and if sown in the hotbed in March and planted out in May, will bloom from July until frost. 6 in. Pkt. 15 cts.

SCABIOSA (Sweet Scabious, or Pin-Cushion Flower)

One of our finest annuals for cutting, and very showy in the garden. Easily raised from seed; blooms continuously from early summer until frost in a wide range of rich and beautiful colors. The varieties we offer are greatly improved in size and color of the flowers. Sow in the coldframe or greenhouse, and transplant in May, or seed may be sown in the open ground the latter part of April. Average height, 3 ft.

IMPROVED LARGE-FLOWERING DOUBLE VARIETIES

Azure Fairy. Heavenly blue. Pkt. 20 cts., 1/4 oz. 75 cts.

Flesh-Color. Pkt. 20 cts., 1/4 oz. 75 cts. Snowball. Pure white. Pkt. 20 cts.,

Salpiglossis

Sulphur-Yellow. Pkt. 20 cts., 1/4 oz.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 6 varieties, \$1

SCHIZANTHUS (Butterfly Flower, or Poor Man's Orchid)

Free-flowering and very attractive annuals for the garden in summer or the greenhouse during winter. The plants branch freely, form a neat little bush about 18 inches high, and are literally covered with exquisite butterfly-like flowers, in many of the delicate colors and shadings found in orchids. The seed is best sown in the hotbed in March and April and the seedlings transplanted. When

best sown in the housed in March and April and the securings trainspanded about 3 inches tall, pinch out the top; this causes the plant to branch freely. Subsequent sowings should be made outdoors in May and June, to keep up a succession of flowers.

Wisetonensis, Improved. Large, delicate, light-colored flowers prettily marked and blotched with pink, yellow, bronze, and light red for pot-culture. Pkt. 50 cts. Schling's Large-Flowering Garden Schizanthus. Particularly adapted for garden culture. Handsome bushy plants with very large flowers in a wide range of colors, including shades of yellow, apricot, pink, salmon, carmine, crimson, and purple, in various markings and combinations. Pkt. 25 cts., ¼oz. \$1.50.



Cæruleum (Annual Stonecrop). Charming pale blue flowers, suitable for rockwork. 3 in. Pkt. 25 cts. See, also, under Perennials

SCHLING'S NEW SENECIOS

A greatly improved strain of the lovely garden Senecios—or Jacobias, as they are often called. The plants branch freely and produce large, dense sprays of lovely double flowers which resemble in shape and form those of the hardy chrysanthemums. The individual flowers are about 2 inches in diameter and appear in such lovely shades as flesh-pink, blue, sky-blue, violet, syringa blue, white, and purple.

Collection, 1 pkt. of each of 5 distinct colors, \$1

SOLANUM. See under Greenhouse Plants.

STATICE (Sea Lavender)

Beautiful annual everlastings with spreading flower-heads similar to Baby's Breath and tiny cup-shaped flowers appearing in the most delicate colors. Can be dried and kept for winter decorations, the same as strawflowers. Sow in hotbed in March and plants will bloom in June; sow again outdoors in May.

Bonduellii. Golden yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.

Sinuata. Blue. Pkt. 25 cts.

Suworowii. Beautiful soft rose. The large flower-heads form a cloud-like mass and are wonderfully effective. Pkt. 25 cts.

SCHLING'S DOUBLE STOCKS (Gilliflower)

Charming plants for the border, also suitable for growing in pots to bloom during the winter. They are wanted in every garden. Very effective in beds and fine for cutting. To enjoy a long flowering period, seeds should be sown as early as February and March in pots or boxes, and small plants transplanted singly in pots until ready for setting out. They will then begin blooming in early August and until frost.

DRESDEN PERPETUAL, or IMPROVED CUT-AND-COME-AGAIN. This type is especially recommended for cutting. The plants begin to bloom in ten weeks from time seed is sown, branch freely, and send up numerous long spikes of sweet-scented double flowers in continuous succession. 18 in.

Double Pure White. Pkt. 25 cts.

Double Pale Blue. Pkt. 25 cts.

Double Flesh-Pink. Pkt. 25 cts. Double Canary-Yellow. Pkt. 25 cts. Double Salmon-Pink. Pkt. 25 cts.

Double Dark Blue. Pkt. 25 cts.

Double Apple-Blossom-Pink. Pkt. 25c. Double Finest Mixed. Pkt. 20 cts.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 7 varieties, \$1.50

GIANT DOUBLE PERFECTION. A wonderfully fine type of largest-flowering Ten-Weeks Stocks. Of strong growth and branching habit; plants usually send out one immense center spike surrounded by a great number of shorter ones. Flowers double and the spikes somewhat heavier than those of the Dresden Perpetual. 18 in. Fiery Scarlet. Pkt. 25 cts.

Brilliant Rose. Pkt. 25 cts.

Delicate Rosy Mauve. Pkt. 25 cts.

Delicate Rosy Mauve. Pkt. 25 cts.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 20 cts.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 5 varieties, \$1

Empress Augusta Victoria. A beautiful Stock, with extra-long spikes of lovely, pale lilac, double flowers borne in greatest profusion. Plants grow pyramidal, and attain a height of 24 inches; specially recommended for cutting. Pkt. 30 cts.

paie inac, double howers bothe in greatest protesion. Traits grow pyramidat, and attain a height of 24 inches; specially recommended for cutting. Pkt. 30 cts.

Princess Alice. Another very fine branching Ten-Weeks Stock with extra-long spikes of beautiful, double, pure white flowers; of pyramidal form, 24 inches high; can be cut with 18-inch stems. Pkt. 25 cts.

GIANT-FLOWERING BEAUTY STOCKS. Particularly adapted for the greenhouse, to provide cut-flowers during the winter, but is also valuable for bedding. They bloom in about twelve weeks from seed, are of pyramidal habit, 24 inches high, and

branch very freely; flowers very double, on long spikes.

Early Nice, Aurora. (New.) Golden buff, suffused with rose; huge spikes, thickly studded with largest blooms. A lovely shade. Pkt. 75 cts.

Beauty of Nice. Delicate flesh-pink. Crimson King. Brilliant crimson. Pkt.

Pkt. 20 cts. 20 cts Mont Blanc. Pure white. Pkt. 20 cts. Soleil de Nice. Canary-yellow. Pkt. 25c. Queen Alexandra. Rosy lilac. Pkt. 20c. Peach-Blossom. Pkt. 20 cts.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 7 varieties, \$1.50

SUNFLOWER. See Helianthus.



Schizanthus



Cut-and-Come-Again Stocks



Giant Double Perfection Stocks

MAMMOTH VERBENAS

Verbenas raised from seed are much more vigorous and free-flowering than if grown from cuttings. Sow in the greenhouse or coldframe in March, and transplant to the outdoor beds in May. They will bloom abundantly all through the summer and autumn. Growing low and spreading, the plants inter-

through the summer and autumn. Growing low and spreading, the plants inter-twine and form a dense carpet of green foliage, a charming background for bril-liantly colored flowers. Pkt. ½0z. Pkt. ½0z. Mammoth White. \$0 20 \$1 00 Mammoth Scarlet ... 20 1 00 Mammoth Blue. ... 20 1 00

Mammoth Luminosa. Gigantic blooms of luminous flame-pink, toning to softer shades of salmon, flesh, and coral. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

Etna. (New.) Large trusses of intense Paul Crampbell geranium-red, with a small creamy eye. Individual florets 1 inch in diameter. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.

Helen Willmott. Bright salmon-rose color, and a pretty marking of

pure white in the center of each individual flower. Pkt. 25c., 5 pkts. \$1.

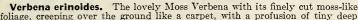
COMPACTA, ROYAL BOUQUET. The trusses of blooms are borne on long stems and group themselves together at the summit of the plant. The whole is very symmetrical, with no straggling side shoots or lateral branches, forming a perfect bush 15 to 18 inches high and not more than 10 inches across. On account of its erectness and long stems, it is exceptionally valuable for cut-flowers and in beds Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 8 colors, \$1.75

Mammoth Mixed. A splendid assortment of the most brilliant shades. Pkt. 15 cts., ½ oz. 75 cts., oz. \$2.

Lemon-Scented (Aloysia citriodora). The old-fashioned Lemon Verbena, chiefly cultivated for its evergreen, fragrant leaves. The plants grow about 3 feet high, and are most successfully raised in pots; can be set out in the garden during the summer. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

VERBENA VENOSA. Showy and most valuable for the rockery or for cutting. Branching staghorn fashion, the plants are covered, with lovely trusses of deep heliotrope-lavender color, and bloom from June to frost. Pkt. 20 cts., 1/4 oz. \$1.



lavender flower-heads from June to frost. Excellent for edging or the rock-garden. Pkt. 20 cts., 1/4 oz. \$1.



Signata pumila, Golden Ring. A pretty little Marigold, forming a compact, round bush, with slender, fernlike foliage and an abundance of dainty, single, golden yellow flowers. An elegant plant for the border. 1 ft. Pkt. 25 cts.

TORENIA

Small orchid-like blossoms beautifully marked and blotched, and borne in greatest profusion. The plants form neat little bushes about 10 inches in height, and if seeds are sown in the greenhouse or frame in February

or March, they commence to bloom in
June, and continue till frost. Succeed best in moist, shady border; excellent for baskets orvases. Also splendid for pots.

Fournieri grandiflora. Sky-blue with three large violet-blue blotches and bright yellow throat. Pkt. 25 cts.

Bailloni. Golden yellow, purple throat. Pkt. 25 cts.

VISCARIA

Cardinalis. A rare gem; its brilliant rose-pink flowers are best described as resembling single wild roses in miniature form, gracefully poised on very thin, but wiry stems. Always in bloom and easily raised. Excellent cut-flower. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.50.

NEW BEDDING VISCARIAS. Only 10 inches high, very bushy. Loyalty. Cornflower-blue. Pkt. 35 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.50. Innocence. Pure white. Pkt. 35 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.50.

(Madagascar Periwinkle)

An attractive, free-flowering plant for bedding and edging. Pkt. 4/oz. Bright Rose, Pure White and White with Pink Eye. Each...\$0 15 \$0 75

WALLFLOWER, EARLY WONDER Double-flowering Annual Wallflower

Splendid Mixed. Rich in all colors of Wallflowers. 5 pkts. for \$3...

In every way equal to the finest biennial English Wallflowers. Blooms within six months from sowing. Reach a height of 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, with superb strong spikes of great beauty and wonderful scent. Primrose, bronze, yellow, brown, dark brown, and shades of purple are the predominating colors. Pkt. 6 pkts. \$5 00
 Canary-Yellow
 \$1 00

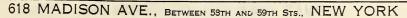
 Golden Yellow
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Golden Ring Tagetes



Early Wonder Wallflower









Viscaria, Lovalty



ANNUAL WALLELOWER

Will bloom in July from seed sown in March.

Early Paris Market. Rich golden vellow.

Pkt. 10 cts., ¼oz. 75 cts.
Finest Assortment of All Colors. 10 cts., 1/4 oz. 40 cts.

YERANTHEMIIM

Double Mixed. Beautiful everlasting flowers, easy to grow. Sow in spring where they are desired to bloom. The flowers are borne on long, slender stems, prettily tinted, and retain their color when cut and dried. Pkt. 25 cts.. 1/10z. \$1.

WILD CUCUMBER VINE

Echinocystis lobata

Grows 20 to 30 feet in a season. The foliage is large, of a rich deep green color; immune from insects and gives splendid shade. Fine for covering old fences, trees, stone walls, verandas, and summer houses. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

Buttercup. An immense rich, buttercup-yellow.
Golden State. A rich orange-yellow (*cadmium);
yellow bud, turning to orange when in full bloom.
Canary Bird. Delicate primrose; very large.

ZINNIAS CIANT DAHLIA-FLOWERED

Marvelously Beautiful; Tremendously Large; the True Aristocrats of Zinnias

A marvelous new development, differing from the giant Zinnias in the formation of the petals which, instead of overlapping, stand out Dahlia-wise. The petals are extra broad, of great substance, and are so tightly placed as to give the whole flower a very massive appearance—marvelous blendings of pastel shades—shades too subtle to be described—each distinctly different. Just as easy to grow as the others. Start them in the hotbed in March, in the coldframe in April, or sow outdoors in May and you can enjoy these wonderful flowers from June until frost. Old Rose. Adequately described by its name.

Dream. Deep lavender (*mallow purple).

Polar Bear. Large; pure white; true dahlia form.

Exquisite. Light rose, center deeper (*Tyrian rose). Crimson Monarch. Largest and best red. Flowers often 8 inches in diameter.

New Dahlia-flowered

Zinnia

Meteor. A rich, glowing deep red (*spinal red).

Oriole. Orange and gold, worthy of its namesake.

Collection, 1 pkt. each of above 12 colors, \$5.

Or if you prefer, any single color, 50 cts. per pkt. New Giant Dahlia-Zinnia Mixed. A well-balanced mixture of the above varieties, pkt. 40 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.

Giant Attraction. Brick-red (*spectrum red).
Scarlet Flame. A beautiful, bright scarlet, with a delightful blending of orange throughout the petals.

SCHLING'S GIANT DOUBLE

Truly magnificent. Blooms of gigantic size, 4 to 6 inches across, and densely double to the very center.

Giant Burnt Orange Giant Pink. Rose-pink Giant Burnt Orange
Giant Crimson
Giant Flesh-Pink
Giant Golden Yellow
Giant Orange
Giant Salmon-Pink. Pkt. 25 cts., ½oz. \$1.
Giant Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 50 cts.

Each, pkt. 20 cts., 1/4 oz. 75 cts, except where noted Collection, 1 pkt. each of the above 11 colors, \$1.75

Giant Zinnias, Picotee. Pastel shades with the end of each petal

distinctly tipped with pink-maroon and other well-defined colors. Pkt. 35 cts. ZINNIAS.LARGE-FLOWERING DWARF DOUBLE

Especially recommended for bedding. 2ft. high. Pkt. \$0 50 15 Salmon-Pink..... 20 White. 15 Finest Mixed

Collection, 1 pkt. each of above 4 colors, 50 cts.

LILLIPUT ZINNIAS. 1 foot. Tiny globe or ball-shaped, very double Zinnias resembling the pompon dahlias. In bloom from June until frost. For edging beds or borders. Pkt. 25 cts.

MEXICAN ZINNIA (HAAGEANA). Small, double, orange-colored flowers. 1½ ft. Pkt. 20 cts.

SCHLING'S COLOSSAL CACTUS-FLOWERED ZINNIAS, MIXED. Attractive double flowers of largest size, with curled and pointed petals somewhat resembling a cactus dahlia. the brilliant shades usually found in Zinnias. 18 in. Pkt. 25 cts.











Elfrieda Pierson Charity Hawlmark Pink

Royal Scot Mrs. Thomas Jones Commander Godsall

.\$0 15

20

30

\$0.40

1 00

1 50

SCHLING'S EXQUISITE COLLECTION OF

GIANT FRILLED SPENCER SWEET PEAS

Twelve of the finest improved and most perfect varieties of this lovely flower for your garden. All of robust growth, with very long, strong stems, each carrying four heavily frilled, delightfully scented blooms of immense size.

Pkt. Oz.

scented blooms of infinense size.	Pkt.	Oz.	
Royal Purple. A rich, deep royal purple.		\$0 50	Elfrieda Pierson. Soft silvery pink; of
Majestic Cream. Rich deep cream; very large; beautifully waved	25	1 25	great substance
Austin Frederick Improved. Lavender; of unusual large size	20	1 00	Hawlmark Pink. Rich, bright rose-pink deeply flushed and shaded salmon
Jean Ireland. Creamy buff, edged pink	20	1 00	Royal Scot. Bright glowing scarlet.
America. Red-flaked on white ground	15	75	Mrs. Thomas Jones. Bright delphin-
King White. Enormous; pure white; lovely form	15	50	ium-blue; beautifully waved

EXQUISITE COLLECTION A. Pkt. each of above 12 varieties, \$2
EXQUISITE COLLECTION B. One-half ounce each of above 12 varieties, \$5
EXQUISITE COLLECTION C. One ounce each of above 12 varieties, \$9

or you may choose any variety at regular prices named.

To grow good Sweet Peas, the soil must be well fertilized. The following fertilizers are recommended to be dug in before planting.

For top dressing, as a stimulant for rapid, healthy growth, apply Bone-meal at least once a month. 100-lb. bag \$5.50; 10 lbs. for 100 feet of row. Floranid, lb. 50 cts., 10 lbs. \$2.50, 25 lbs. \$5. Apply to roots.

Sweet Peas and How To Grow Them

Since the introduction of the Countess Spencer variety in 1904, Sweet Peas have undergone the most remarkable improvement in both form and size, as well as the number of flowers carried on a stem, and today we have the wonderful long-stemmed Spencer varieties carrying from three to four and even five gigantic flowers, often measuring 2 inches and more across, beautifully waved and frilled. With this improvement

naturally has come renewed interest in this lovely flower, and now a row of fine Sweet Peas in his garden

is the pride of every garden-lover.

While Sweet Peas are of comparatively easy culture if their requirements are understood and followed, there are, nevertheless, many failures reported every year, and the question is often asked, "Can we really grow fine Sweet Peas in our own gardens?" There is no question but that we can if we know and follow the requirements. It is often said that Sweet Peas will not grow in this or that locality or that the soil is not suited. This is a mistake. We can all grow fine Sweet Peas with lovely long stems if soil and growing conditions are right, and it is within our power to make them right, so if you have been disappointed take new courage and try again.

The absolute essentials are:

First. Good seed.

Second. Rich soil, deeply dug.

Third. Early sowing.

Fourth. Early staking.

Fifth. Frequent stimulation to insure healthy, rapid, and continuous growth.

Sixth. Frequent use of hoe or cultivator to keep the soil loose and porous.

Sow early. The moment the ground can be worked, select an open, sunny spot in the richest part of the garden, and when you have decided how long the row shall be, apply a thick layer of well-rotted barnyard manure or cow manure (3 to 4 inches thick is none too much) about 18 inches wide. Remember that Sweet Peas are deep-rooting plants, so the soil must be deeply and thoroughly worked. Spade the manure in as deep as the fork will go and turn the soil over three or four times, so that the manure becomes thoroughly mixed with it, then level, and your bed is ready for planting. Sow in deathly rows that is come two drills to how to

double rows, that is, open two drills to about 8 to 10 inches apart and from 4 to 5 inches deep and scatter the seed liberally, but not too thick (about ounce to 15 running feet), then cover. The brush, or whatever support you wish to give, is placed in the center of the two rows to act as a support to which the vines from both sides can cling. Stake early. This support should be in place as soon as the seed breaks through the soil so that the plants can cling to it as soon as the small tendrils form, for nothing checks the vines quicker

tendrils form, for nothing checks the vines quicker
than to allow them to sprawl all over the ground looking for support without finding it.

Success with Sweet Peas necessitates a rapid, healthy, and vigorous growth, and your plants must
be thoroughly and deeply rooted and must make this growth during the cool weather of April and early May, so
we must take care that the plants do not become checked at any time. Usually, the latter part of April or the
first part of May, when your plants are about 2 inches high, they will be in the greatest need of your help, for this is
the most critical period, and success depends much on your action at this time. Usually the first part of May
brings its frequent weather changes—cold rains and cold nights—all inducive to check and set back the plant.
To overcome this, a quick-acting stimulant should be applied. Nitrate (Floranid) or Bon Arbor are best. (See page 116.) Both are quickly soluble and contain from 15 to 16 per cent available nitrogen for the roots to take up. Dilute at the rate of a tablespoonful to a pail of water (about 3 gallons) and pour along both sides of the rows, about 6 inches away from the plants. Repeat this again in two weeks, but do not touch the vines with this solution or you will burn or spot the foliage.

solution or you will burn or spot the foliage.

Sweet Peas require moisture and sufficient plant-food at all times, and you will find that a top-dressing of sheep manure or bone-meal, applied regularly every two weeks and hoed in, will help greatly to produce strong, healthy vines. When the Sweet Peas are nearly their full height, and when the dry weather sets in, it is well to mulch the soil with salt bay or grass clippings. This will preserve the moisture in the ground and keep the soil from baking. If watering is necessary do it thoroughly. If you simply sprinkle the top of the ground, the result will be that the feeding roots will turn upward for this moisture and will afterward be dried up by the sun, but, if you water thoroughly, the roots will penetrate deep into the soil.

Assuming that the ground has been well manured from the start and that a top-dressing of fertilizer has been given regularly, you will have a good, healthy, rapid growth—strong, robust vines about 3 to 4 feet high before the buds begin to show, and you can count on fine flowers with long stems.

Of course, we all know that dead flowers should not be allowed to remain on the vine, for if you allow seed-pods to form, they will shorten the life of the plant very quickly. The more you pick, the more flowers you will have, and remember to stimulate regularly and you will have fine blooms for a long period. If you grow for exhibition and wish to get some real early blooms, sow from two to three seeds in small pots of rich soil in the house in March

and wish to get some real early blooms, sow from two to three seeds in small pots of rich soil in the house in March and set the plants out in April and then follow directions as given above.

About the only insect that is liable to cause serious injury is the aphis or green fly. Being the color of the foliage.



SWEET PEAS AND HOW TO GROW THEM, continued

it often does a lot of damage before it is discovered, so be on the lookout for it. Aphine or Black-Leaf 40 are excellent remedies (see page 118) and should be diluted at the rate of one teaspoonful to a quart of water and applied through an atomizer. (See pages 112 and 113.) Aphis are sucking insects and are killed by suffocation only, so that the solution must actually touch the insects before it will kill them. Spray thoroughly under and over the leaves until the solution drips from the vines.

Planting Sweet Peas in trenches is another method used by many and is also very good if properly done. Excavate to a depth of 2 feet and at least 1½ feet wide. If drainage is not good, place some rocks at the bottom, cover with pieces of sod or leaves, and on top of this put a layer of cow-manure or well-rotted barnyard manure, 8 inches thick; fill to within 3 inches of the top with good rich garden loam mixed with well-rotted barnyard manure, humus, bone-meal, or sheep-manure. For sowing, follow the directions as given on page 49.

SCHLING'S SELECTION OF THE FINEST NAMED SPENCER SWEET PEAS

From an almost unlimited and much-confusing list of Spencer Sweet Peas now on the market, we have selected what we know to be the most improved and finest today in each color. When you select from this list you know you have the best. All varieties are robust and most vigorous growers, the flowers are beautifully waved and are carried in 3's, 4's and even 5's on long, strong stems.

*Asta Ohn. Beautiful clear lavender\$0	kt. 15	Oz. \$0 50	*Illuminator. Salmon-orange, overlaid with F cerise-pink\$0	kt.	Oz. \$0 50
Beryl. A lovely warm salmon-pink, shaded buff; beautifully waved	20	75	*John Ingman. Carmine-rose; very large and fine	15	50
Brilliant. Cherry-cerise; four to five flowers on long stems. Charity. Brilliant carmine	25 20	1 25 60	*King White. Pure white; beautifully waved. (White seed.)	15	50
Cherub. Creamy white, beautifully edged with rose.	15	50	Lavender Belle. A fine pure lavender self, without any suggestion of rose or blue	30	1 50
Constance Hinton. Large, pure white, beautifully waved. (Black seed.)	15	50	Mary Pickford. A dainty cream-pink, suffused with salmon	30 20	1 50 1 00
*Countess Spencer. Beautiful clear pink; very large. Reselected stock Defiance. A glistening orange-scarlet, absolutely	15	50	Mrs. Cuthbertson. Standards clear rose-pink; wings pure white	15	50
burnless* *Dobbie's Cream. Fine; large; pale primrose-	20	1 00	*Mrs. Hugh Dickson. Salmon-pink on cream- pink.	15	50
yellow Doris. Rich carmine-pink, sunproof. Beautiful Elfrida Pearson. Lovely pale pink	15 20 15	50 1 00 40	Mrs. Thomas Jones. A fine bright delphinium- blue	20	1 00
Hawimark Lavender. Pure lavender self; very large	30	1 50	Picture. Flesh-pink with rosy flush beautifully suffused and shaded with creamy apricot	30	1 50
Hawlmark Pink. Rich, bright rose-pink, deeply flushed and shaded salmon Hebe. Bright pink, a deeper shade than Her-	20	1 00	Royal Purple. A fine, deep, royal purple; distinct Royal Scot. A bright, glowing scarlet; very fine.	15 30	50 1 50
cules and the largest of all pinks Hercules. Clear pink; of extraordinary size and	30	1 50	*Thomas Stevenson. A very fine orange-scarlet. *Warrior. Rich chocolate-maroon	15 15	50 50
substance	15	50	*Wedgwood. A lovely blue	15	50

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS One pkt. each of any 5 varieties marked with asterisk (*) 60 cts. One pkt. each of any 10 varieties marked with asterisk (*) \$1

The entire collection, 1 pkt. each of 30 varieties, as listed above, \$4.50

EARLY-FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS (WINTER-BLOOMING)

If sown in August and September under glass, they will bloom from November until late in the spring. If sown outdoors they will bloom at least three weeks earlier than the summer-flowering type, and because of their extreme earliness, a row of these should be in

every garden.				
	Pkt.	Oz.	Mrs. Kerr. Salmon-pink overlaid and suffused Pkt.	Oz.
Aviator. Dazzling crimson-scarlet	\$0 25	\$2 00		\$2 50
Canary Bird. Primrose self	25	1 50		2 50
Early King. Bright crimson	25	1 50		
Early Torch. A fine orange-salmon		2 00	Silver Blue. Delicate lavender-blue 30	
Giant Early Rose. Improved Zvolanek's Rose.			Sunkist. Picotee edged on cream 35	,
Half as large again		4 00	Superior Pink. Rose-pink with salmon. 16 to	0 70
. Glitters. Bright, fiery orange standard, wings			18-inch stems	
deep orange		1 50	True Blue. A real true violet-blue 25	1 50
			white Harmony. Pure glistening white. Black	
Glorious. Rosy purple; very large		1 50	secued. Germinates readily	3 50
Lavender Harmony. Clear lavender	25	2 00		1 50
Lavender King. Deep lavender	25	1 50	Yarrawa. Pink	1 00
Maroon Prince. Reddish maroon	25	1 50	Zvolanek's Rose. True rose-color	1 50
		****	PENCED CWEET DEAC A constully belonged bland me	de from

SCHLING'S ELITE MIXTURE OF EARLY-BLOOMING SPENCER SWEET PEAS. A carefully balanced blend made from above varieties. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. 75 cts., 1/4lb. \$2.50.

Schling's Superb Mixture of Ciant Spencer Sweet Peas

Carefully balanced, it contains practically every color and shade appearing in Sweet Peas. In it are included not only the varieties in our list, but also a good many new hybrids, as yet unnamed, all of them producing three to four beautifully waved flowers of largest size to a stem. It is the richest, best-balanced, and most up-to-date mixture of Sweet Peas that can be made. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 30 cts., //lb. 51, //jbb. 51.75, lb. 53.

Schling's Rainbow Mixture of Sweet Peas

This mixture is made up of the old-fashioned Sweet Peas which are known as the large-flowering or standard sorts. It is carefully prepared, and includes a large number of varieties with every color represented. A great many Spencers are also included. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/1b. 50 cts., 1/2|b. 80 cts., |b. \$1.50.



Seeds of Hardy Flowers

Perennials, Including Those Which are Biennials (Lasting but Two Years)

How to Grow Them

The hardy plants (perennials) will bloom the second year from seed and are permanent thereafter. They grow larger and stronger, and produce more flowers each year. Most of them are so hardy that they do not even require protection during winter. We find among them some of our most beautiful cut-flowers and a great many of the old-fashioned sorts dear to us from memory of grandmother's garden. A hardy border, properly planned and planted, is a continual source of joy throughout the season; from earliest spring to late autumn days it will be resplendent with color and will yield an abundance of flowers for indoor decoration. Once established, such borders need no other attention than to be kept free from weeds and to be given an occasional top-dressing with fertilizer for nourishment. Everybody wants perennials and wants them in a generous measure. If you delay and finally buy plants, the cost is very high. An attractive perennial border may require several hundred dollars' worth of plants when exactly the same results can be secured with ten to fifteen dollars' worth of seeds, and, aside from the money saved, you have the fascination of growing your own plants and nursing them from the beginning and you will love them all the more.

When to Sow

Many of the hardy flowers will bloom the first year from seed if sown in the hotbed in February or March. Outdoors they may be sown any time from May I to August—the earlier the better, for the plants will then become stronger and better established before winter. A coldframe is an ideal place in which to sow Perennials. but, if you have none, prepare a seed-bed of finely sifted light soil, made rich by adding and mixing with it thoroughly well-rotted barnyard manure, sheep manure, or humus. Sow the seed in shallow drills or squares of suitable size, partitioned off with laths; cover ½ inch or more, according to the size of the seed the very fine ones should only one pressed into the soil; press down with a flat board; water gently but thoroughly through a fine rose and do not allow the soil to become dry while the seed is in the process of germination, for as soon as the seed has sprouted and until it becomes a plant with roots, its life depends entirely on soil-moisture. It is fatal to allow the soil to become dry for even five minutes during this period, and nearly all failures in growing perennials are attributable to this neglect. Seed-beds must, therefore, be shaded from the sun in summer and carefully watched and watered until the plants have made from four to five leaves. While most of the hardy flowers germinate in from eight to fourteen days, there are some which take a month or more before they come up, so do not become impatient. If seedlings come up too thick, pull out some and transplant elsewhere in boxes or other seed-beds, and when plants are finally large enough they will be ready for setting out in their permanent places. This, however, should not be done later than October 1, in order to allow sufficient time for them to take a firm hold in the soil before frost. Cover over winter with leaves or salt hay, applied after the ground is frozen (about the middle of December). Too early covering sometimes causes heating and consequent decay of plants, and it also encourages field-mice, who seek this protection for their winter quarters and often do harm to the plants. Explicit cultural directions will be found on each packet of our seeds.

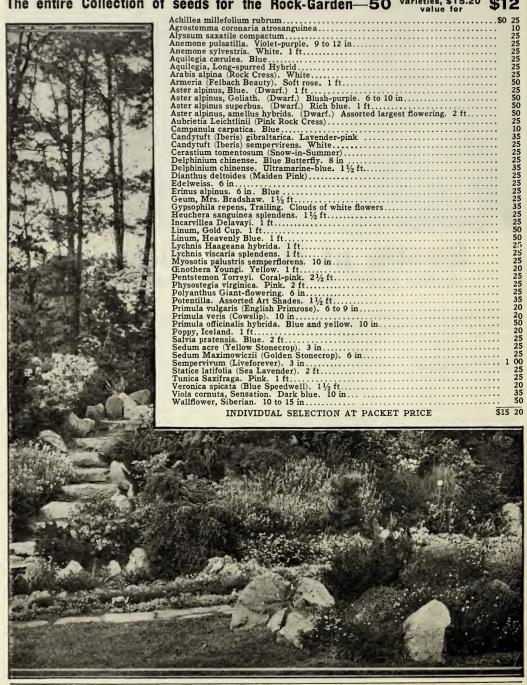
THE ROCK-CARDEN

7HAT a wealth of pleasure awaits the garden-lover who plans and builds a rock-garden, and there are really few places where something of this sort might not be attempted, especially where rocks and stones are plentiful. And how interesting to watch the development of the many rare and charming plants that spread, creep, and cover the ground, and hang over and partly hide the rocks. There is a real thrill to be got from this form of gardening.

We offer here a select list of seeds of hardy plants which are especially happy growing between the crevices of stones and on elevated positions. To enhance the pleasure derived from a rock-garden, grow

your own plants from seed.

The entire Collection of seeds for the Rock-Garden-50 varieties, \$15.20 \$12



Grow Your Own Hardy Flowers from Seed

It's Lots More Fun-and Much Less Expensive

Everybody wants Perennials—and wants them in generous measure, to secure the desired effects in color and charm. If you delay and finally buy plants, the cost mounts high; an attractive Perennial border may require several hundred dollars' worth of plants.

Exactly the same results can be secured with \$10 to \$15 worth of Seeds! And aside from the money-saving you have the fascination of growing your own plants, nursing them from the beginning, and loving them all the more! Sow your seeds now, and the plants will bloom next year.





Aconitum



Aquilegia



Hardy Asters

an the more! Sow your seeds now, and	the plants	will proom next y	cai.
	Time of		
Height	Flowering	Color	Pkt.
Acanthus mollis	July, Aug.	White	0 10
Achillea millefolium rubrum 2 ft.	June-Oct.	Pink	25 25
Ptarmica, the Pearl	June-Sept.	White	25
Aconitum Napellus	AugOct.	Dark blue	25
Wilsoni	AugNov.	Pale blue	25
Adlumia cirrhosa (Allegheny Vine) 15 ft.	July-Sept.	Pale rose	25
Agrostemma coronaria atrosanguinea	o and a report		
(Rose Campion) 2 ft	July-Sent	Crimson	10
Aletromeria Mixed Hybrids 2 ft	July Ang	Vel and or shades	25
Alvesum savatile compactum 9 in	April May	Golden vellow	25
Anchusa italica Dronmore 4 ft.	June-Sent.	Purple	25
Anemone Pulsatilla 9-12 in	April May	Violet-nurple	25 25 25 25 25 25 25
St Brigid 10 in	May June	Mixed	25
sylvestris 12 in	May June	White	25
Aquilegia cerulea 3 ft.	May June	Pale blue and white	25
chrysantha 2 ft.	May, June	Pale vellow	$\frac{25}{25}$
Mrs. Scott Elliott's strain of Long-	2.243, 0 4220	- 410 3	
spurred Hybrids	May, June	Mixed	50
Schling's Giant Long-spurred			
Hybrids 3 ft.	May. June	Mixed	25
Rose Queen Long-spurred 3 ft	May June	Pink	50
White Queen, Long-spurred 21/6 ft	May, June	White	25
Aquilegia glandulosa maior 3 ft	April-June	Blue and white	25
Arabis alpina (Rock Cress)	April May	White	25
Asters Perennial (Michaelmas Daisy) 3 ft	Sent. Oct	Mixed	15
alpinus Blue (Dwarf.) 12 in	June-Sent	Blue	25
alpinus Goliath. (Dwarf) 6-10 in	May June	Bluish purple	50 25 25 25 15 25 50
alpinus superbus 12 in	June-Sent	Rich blue	50
Amellus hybridus 2 ft.	July-Oct.	Ass't largest flowering	50
Aster subceruleus 2 ft.	Sent Oct	Lilac-blue	50
Aubrietia deltoidea Leichtlinii 6 in.	April May	Rosy carmine	25
Bellis perennis Schling's Giant Double	iipiii, iiiuj	20009 0001111110	
Giant White	April-June	White	25
Giant Pink 6 in.	April-June	Pink	25 25 25 25
Giant Red	April-June	Red	25
Giant Mixed 6 in.	April-June	Mixed	25
Campanula carpatica	June-Aug.	Deep blue	15 15
carpatica alba	June-Aug.	White	15
persicifolia grandiflora. Blue 2 ft.	June, July	Blue	25 25
persicifolia alba grandiflora 2 ft.	June, July	White	25
persicifolia Moerheimei	June, July	White, double	30
pyramidalis, Blue	Aug., Sept.	Blue	20
pyramidalis, White4 ft.	Aug., Sept.	White	20
grandiflora. Blue	June, July	Blue	20
Campanula Medium (Canterbury			
Bells). Blue 3 ft.	June, July	Blue	15
White 3 it.	June, July	White	15
Mauve3 it.	June, July	Mauve	15 15
Carmine-rose	June, July	Carmine-rose	15
Mixed	June, July	Mixed	15
Campanula Medium calycantnema.	T T 1	mi .	95
(Cup and Saucer). Blue it.	June, July	Dide	25 25 25 25
Page wints	June, July	Walte Descript	20
Moure 2 ft	June, July	Nose-pink	20
Miadve	June, July	Mauve	25 25
Cornetions Hardy Double Border	June, July	Mixed	25
Aurore 19:-	Morr-Tules	Buff	50
Double Early-flowering White 12 in	Most-Tule	Ъш	50 25 20
Vienna Finest Mixed 19 in	Max-July		20
Schling's Prize Hardy Border A superh fro	ee-flowering of	rain with highest per-	20
centage double flowers of finest quality of	n long stame	nyaluable for cutting	
Yellow and yellow ground yers Pkt 50c	Triumph	Rose Tints, Pkt. 50e	
Pure White, fringed. Pkt. 50 cts.	Schling's P	rize Mixture, Pkt. 25c.	
Centaurea montana	June-Sept.	Blue	25
Acanthus mollis			
mer)4 in.		Silvery white foliage	25
Chrysanthemums, Hardy.			
Shasta Daisy	May-Sept.	White	15
King Edward VII 3 ft.	July-Sept.	White	15
maximum laciniatum (Fringed Moonpenny Da	isy). A beauti	ful white Marguerite.	50
Japanese. Hardy; early flowering . 2 ft.	Sept., Oct.	Assorted	1 00 25
Cimicifuga racemosa (Snakeroot) 4-5 ft.	June-July	White	25
Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora2 ft.	June-Oct.	Golden yellow	10
California Sunbeam 1 ft.	June-Oct.		15
Dianthus, Schling's Prize Strain 1 ft.	June, July	Mixed colors	25
deltoides (Maiden Pink)8 in.	June, July	Pink	25
plumarius, Double Mixed1 ft.	June, July	3.61 1	10 15 25 25 25 25 75
piumarius, Double Scoticus 1 ft.	Torre Tork	Mixed	75
piumarius, Single Mixed	June, July	Asserted.	$\frac{15}{25}$
Dictamnus Fraxinella, Mixed 3 it.	June, July	Assorted	25



Delphinium



Eupatorium purpureum



Lupinus



Lychnis

Hardy Flowers from Seed, continued

The state of the s	Time of	Continueu
Delphinium, Kelway's Choice Show	Flowering	Color
Variety	June, July	Col. 6 named sorts, \$2.50
Hugo Poortman. Heavy spikes. 6 ft.		Light blue \$1 00
King of Delphiniums 6 ft. Lady Ravensworth 6 ft.		Deep blue 1 00 Porcelain-blue 1 00 Azure-blue 1 00
Lady Ravensworth 6 ft. Lize. Yellow eye 5 ft. Queen Wilhelmina 5 ft.		Azure-blue 1 00 Soft blue 1 00
Mastodonte. Very massive 6½ ft.		Dark purplish blue 1 00
Mastodonte. Very massive 6½ ft. Rev. E. Lascelles. Large flowers. Fanny Stormouth. Flowers of the		Deep blue, white cen. 1 00
Belladonna type	Index Oat	Light azure-blue 1 00
COLLECTION: 1 pkt. each of the abo	July-Oct.	Dark blue 75 Delphiniums, \$7.50
Gold Medal Hybrids5 ft.		
Belladonna 3 ft.	June-Nov. June-Nov.	Pale blue to deep purple 25 Pale blue 25
Belladonna	June, July June-Sept.	Dark blue, white center 20
formosum cœlestinum	June-Sept.	Dark blue, white center 20 Light blue 25
Zalil	June, July	Pale yellow 75
Digitalis gloxinioides, White2-3 ft.	June, July June, July	Azure-blue 25 Pale yellow 75 Orange 75 White 15
gloxinioides, Purple2-3 ft.	June, July	Purple 15
gloxinioides, Mixed2-3 ft.	June, July	Rose 15 Mixed 15
monstrosa, Mixed2-3 ft.	throwing mam June, July	moth spikes 50 Mixed 25
formosum	June, July	Mixed 10 Reddish purple 25
Echinops Ritro3-4 ft.	July, Aug.	Steel-blue 20
Erigeron hybridus grandiflorus	July-Sept. July, Aug.	Silver-gray 25 Pale mauve 25
Erinus alpinus	May, June	Silver-gray 25 Pale mauve 25 Bright blue 25 Pure white 15
purpureum (Perennial Ageratum) 2 ft.	Aug., Sept.	Pale purple 50
Gaillardia, Kelway's Exhibition 2 ft. Schling's New Hybrids 2 ft.	June-Sept. June-Sept.	Mixed 50 Mixed 25 Mixed 15
grandiflora, Mixed 2 ft. Geum, Lady Stratheden	June-Sept. May-Sept.	Mixed 15 Double yellow 50
Schling's New Hybrids 2 ft. grandiflora, Mixed 2 ft. grandiflora, Mixed 1½ ft. Geum, Lady Stratheden 1½ ft. Mrs. Bradshaw 1½ ft. Cypsophila paniculata 2-3 ft. paniculata fl-pl. Double-flowering, 2-3 ft. Hauchers syngmes splenders	May-Sent	Orange-red 25
paniculata flpl. Double-flowering. 2-3 ft.	June, July June, July	White 15 White 50
Heuchera sanguinea splendens 1 ½ ft. Hibiscus, Mallow Marvels 2-3 ft. Hollyhock, Chater's Double. Crimson . 5-7 ft.	June, July June, July May-Sept. July, Aug. July-Oct.	Coral-red 25 Mixed 25
Hollyhock, Chater's Double. Crimson .5-7 ft.	July-Oct.	Crimson 25
Scarlet	July-Oct. July-Oct. July-Oct. July-Oct.	Rose 25 Scarlet 25
Yellow	July-Oct.	Yellow 25 White 25
Newport Pink5-7 ft.	July-Oct.	25
"Exquisite." (New.) Fringed5-7 ft.	July-Oct. July-Oct.	Maroon 25 White with blotch 50
Hollyhock, Chater's Double. Crimson. 5-7 ft.	July-Oct.	Mixed 20
COLLECTION: 1 pkt. each of the abo	ve a colors o	***
New Single Hybrids Honesty (Lunaria biennis). Crimson . 2 ft. Purple	May, June	Crimson 50 25
Purple	May, June May, June	Crimson 25 Purple 25 White 25 Delicate lilac 35 Pure white 25
Iberis (Candytuft) gibraltarica1 ft.	May, June April, May	Delicate lilac 35 Pure white 25
Incarvillea Delavayi	June	Rose 25
latifolius, Mixed	July, Aug. July, Aug.	Pink 25 Mixed 25
Lavandula vera (Sweet Lavender)1-1½ ft. Liatris spicata	July, Aug. July-Sept. July-Sept.	Mixed 25 Blue 25 Rosy purple 30
Linguia magadanias engaines 2-2 ft	July-Sept.	Citron-yellow 50
Linum, Gold Cup. 1 ft. Heavenly Blue 1½ ft. Lobelia cardinalis 2½ 3 ft. Illumination. (New.) 2½ 3 ft. Lupinus polyphyllus, Blue 3-4 ft. polyphyllus, White. 3-4 ft.	May-Aug. May-Aug.	Gold 50 Blue 50
Lobelia cardinalis	July-Sept.	Scarlet 20 Glowing scarlet 50
Lupinus polyphyllus, Blue3-4 ft.	Aug., Sept. July-Sept.	Deep blue 20
polyphyllus roseus 3-4 ft. polyphyllus Moerheimii 4 ft.	July-Sept. July-Sept.	Pink 25
	July-Sept. July-Sept.	Pink and white 25 Mixed 20
Lychnis Arkwrightii 1-2 ft. Haageana Hybrids 1 ft. viscaria splendens 1 ft. Lythrum roseum superbum 3-4 ft. Malva moschata (Musk Mallow) 1-2 ft.	June-Aug.	
viscaria splendens	June-Aug. June-Aug.	Crimson 25
Lythrum roseum superbum 3-4 ft. Malva moschata (Musk Mallow) 1-2 ft.	July-Sept. June-Sept.	Rose 15 Rose 15
crispa (Curled Mallow)	June-Sept. June-Oct.	Rose 15
rispa (Curled Mallow). 4-8 ft. description of the Matricaria capensis. 1-1½ ft. Meconopsis integrifolia (Yellow Thibet Poppy). 3 ft. Wallachi (Himalayan Poppy). 3 ft.	June-Oct.	White 20
Poppy)		Primrose-yellow 50 Blue 50
Monarda didyma	July, Aug.	Bright red 50
palustris semperflorens	July, Aug. June-Oct. June-Oct. July-Sept.	Deep blue 25 Bright blue 25
Enothera Youngii	July-Sept. June, July	Bright blue 25 Golden yellow 25 Mixed 15
Sensation2-3 ft.	June, July July to frost	Mixed 25
Phlox decussata, Finest Mixed2-3 ft.	July to frost July-Oct.	Assorted 20
Sensation 2-3 ft. barbatus Torreyi. Phlox decussata, Finest Mixed 2-3 ft. Decussata, Perennial, Lierval's Newest Hybrids 2-3 ft.	July-Oct.	Mixed 25

Hardy Flowers from Seed, continued

	Time of			
Height	Flowering	Color	P	kt.
Physostegia virginica. Pink2 ft.	June-Sept.	Pink	\$()	25
virginica alba	June-Sept. June, July	White Blue		25 15
grandiflorum album	June, July	White		15
Polyanthus, Giant-flowering, Mixed. 6-9 in.	April-June	Mixed		25
grandiflorum album 2 ft. Polyanthus, Giant-flowering, Mixed. 6-9 in. Poppies, Perennial, Iceland, Yellow. 1 ft. White and Openson sources.	June, July April-June May-Sept.	Yellow		20
white and Orange-Startet it.	May-Sept.	ea	ıclı,	20
Iceland, Sunbeam Improved1 ft.	Man Cont	New tints		25
Finest Mixed	May-Sept. June, July	Mixed White		20 25 25
Orientale, Mrs. Perry	May, June	Light salmon		25
Orientale, Mrs. Perry	May, June May, June May, June	Salmon		25
Oriental Hybride 3 ft	May, June	Various shades		15
Oriental Scarlet	May, June	Orscarlet, black sp	ots	15
Primula vulgaria (English Primucae) 6-9 in	June-Sept. April, May	Assorted colors Lemon-yellow		35 20
	April, May	Blue and yellow		50
veris (Cowslip)	April, May April, May	Yellow		20
auricula	May, June	Mixed		25
Pyrethrum roseum hybridum 2 ft.	June-Sept.	Mixed	1	25
Single White, Crimson and Pink	T C4	Nr:d	ich,	30 50
roseum hybridum New Comet-Flowered Roll	ed and twisted	netals in all colors		50
Single White, Crimson and Pink roseum hybridum flpl 2 ft. roseum hybridum, New Comet-Flowered. Roll Rudbeckia Newmanii 2 ft. purpurea 3 ft. Salvia farinacea 4-5 ft. azurea grandiflora 2 ft. pratensis 2 ft. Scabiosa caucasica, Blue and White 2-3 ft. caucasica, Blue Perfection 2-3 ft. Sedum are 3 in.	June-Oct.	Orange-vellow		0=
purpurea3 ft.	July-Sept.	Purple	ach,	25
Salvia farinacea4-5 ft.	July, Aug.	Pale blue		25
azurea grandiflora2 ft.	Aug., Sept.	Sky-blue		25
Scabings causasing Rhy and White 2-3 ft	June, July	Deep blue	ach	25
caucasica, Blue Perfection 2–3 ft.	June-Aug.	Blue	tectry.	50
Sedum acre	May-July	Yellow		25 25
Maximowiczii	May-July	Yellow		25
Sedum acre	able for rock-ga	Pure white	. 1	00
Shasta Daisy	May-Sept.	Delft blue		25
	June, July	Dent blue		10
Stokesia cyanea. Blue	July-Oct.	Blue		25
Sweet Rocket. Purple and White 2 ft.	May, June	e	ach,	15
Mixed	Mar Inna	Mixed		10
Sweet William (Dianthus Darbatus),	Mars Toller	Dimle		25
Rlack Prince 11% ft	May-July	Velvety black		$\frac{25}{25}$
Pink Beauty	May-July	Salmon-pink		15
Rose Queen	May-July	Pale rose		20 25 25 15 15
Scarlet Beauty	May-July	Intense scarlet		25
Giant Dark Crimson. (New.)	May-July	Dark crimson		25
Holborn Glory 116 ft	May-July	Vired		15
Auricula-flowered 1½ ft.	May-July	Mixed		10
Single Finest Mixed	May-July	Mixed		10
Thalictrum dipterocarpum. 4 ft. AugSept. Ro	sy purple. Inv	aluable for borders		25
Valeriana, Crimson Garden 3 ft.	June, July	Crimson	a a b	15
Sweet William (Dianthus barbatus). Newport Pink 1½ ft. Black Prince 1½ ft. Pink Beauty 1½ ft. Rose Queen 1½ ft. Scarlet Beauty 1½ ft. Gant Dark Crimson. (New.) 1½ ft. Giant White 1½ ft. Holborn Glory 1½ ft. Holborn Glory 1½ ft. Auricula-flowered 1½ ft. Single Finest Mixed 1½ ft. Single Finest Mixed 1½ ft. White and Red. Heliotrope 3 ft. White and Red. Heliotrope 3 ft. Veronica spicata, Mixed 1½ ft. spicata, Blue 1½ ft. longifolia 2½ ft. amethystina 1½ ft. Viola cornuta (Tufted Pansies). Ardwell Gem (Pansy form)	May June	Mixed	ach,	10
spicata Blue	June, July	Blue		20
longifolia	AugOct.	Blue		35
amethystina1½ ft.	April, May	Pale blue		25
Viola cornuta (Tufted Pansies).		D .		0 =
Ardwell Gem (Pansy form)		Primrose		25
Black Prince (Pansy form) Cyclops. (New.) A lovely deep violet-blue Pans David Simpson (Pansy form) Golden Gem (Pansy form) 10 in.	sy form	Very dark		25 50
David Simpson (Pansy form)	3 101111	Lavender and crim	son	25
Golden Gem (Pansy form)10 in.		Lavender and crim Golden yellow		50
Golden Gem (Pansy form) 10 in. G. Wermig (Violet form) 1 ft. Jersey Gem. New. (Violet form) 10 in. Lord Beaconsfield, New. (Pansy form). Mauve Queen (Violet form) 10 in. Vora Marroy, Paney, form)	April-Nov.	Deep violet-blue		75 75
Jersey Gem. New. (Violet form) . 10 in.	May to frost	Deep blue		10
Mauve Queen (Violet form)	April-Nov.	Dark purple Mauve		50 25
Nora Marrow (Pansy form)	Aprii-Nov.	Bluish blush		25
Primrose Dame (Pansy form)		Sulphur-yellow		25 35
Sensation (Violet form)	April-Nov.	Dark blue		35
White Perfection (Violet form)10 in.	April-Nov.	White		35

Winter Ferrection (Violet 10:11). To the Mixed 25

Mixed 25

COLLECTION: 1 pkt. each of above 13 varieties of Viola, \$3

Viola odorata semperflorens (Sweet Violet) 10 in. April, May Violet 25

Wallflower, Hardy Siberian. (New.) Will survive our severest winters. Gorgeous orange flowers. 15 in. 50







Valeriana



Pentstemon Torreyi



Sweet William



Geum, Mrs. Bradshaw

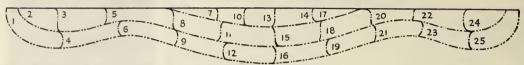


Pyrethrum



Veronica longifolia

A Hardy Border Properly Planned and Planted Is a Perpetual Joy to the Garden-Lover



Border A. Especially Attractive as a Foreground to Shrubbery Borders 25 CHOICE PERENNIALS FOR \$5



Border B-A Charming Arrangement of a Hardy Border

This sketch of a Hardy Border (B) 50 x 5 feet, consisting of 30 choicest Perennials for continual bloom throughout the season, shows how to proceed with the laying out and placement of the plants,

2. 3 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Hollyhock, Newport Pink. \$0 Coreopsis lanceolata Liberis gibraltarica Digitalis gloxinioides, Whito Echinacea purpurea. Sweet Rocket. Purple. Pyrethrum roseum hybridum. Delphinium, Belladonna. Stokesia cyanea.	10 35 15 25 15 25 25 25 25	13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	Gaillardia, Schling's New Hybrids. Liatris spicata Lupinus polyphyllus roccus. Wallflower, Siberian Delphinium, Bellamosa Centaurea montana Shasta Daisy	25 30 25 50 75 25 15	23. 24. 25. 26. 1 27. 1 28. 29. 1	Campanula pyramidalis, White. \$0 Scabiosa caucasica, Blue Delphinium, Gold Medal Hybrids Veronica spicata Eupatorium purpureum Heuchera sanguinea splendens. Anchusa, Dropmore Hollyhock, Ezquisite Dianthus plumarius, Deuble	20 25 25 25 50 25 25 50 20
10.	Sweet William, Newport Pink Campanula calycanthema, Rose	25	20.	Pentstemon Hybrids	15 25			50

Our SPECIAL OFFER (B) of 1 pkt, each of the above 30 varieties (regular price \$8.50), \$6

Seeds of Greenhouse Plants

ASPARAGUS plumosus nanus (Asparagus Fern). Pkt. 25 cts., 100 seeds \$1.

Sprengeri. A drooping variety for hanging-baskets. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.

CALCEOLARIA, James' Superb Semi-dwarf Prize Strain. Recognized to be the finest in the world. Includes all the various self-colored, tigered, blotched, spotted, and laced varieties. ½pkt. 50 cts., pkt. \$1.

CALENDULA, Ball's Orange and Ball's Gold. Both Special Strains for forcing. Each, pkt. 25 cts., ¼oz. \$2.

CINERARIA. Famous English strains saved from plants of

greatest perfection.

James' and Weatherill's Superb Large-flowering
Compact and Semi-dwarf Show Varieties Mixed. 50 cts.

Stellata grandiflora (Star Cineraria), Mixed. Most useful for cutting and a handsome pot-plant. Pkt. 50 cts. Cactus-flowered Mixed. Narrow, twisted petals, giving a particularly pleasing effect. Pkt. 50 cts.

Glant CyCLamen.

Giant White. Pure white. Pkt. 50 cts.

Giant Excelsior. Rich deep red. Pkt. 50 cts.

Giant Rosy Morn. Delicate rose. Pkt. 50 cts.

Giant Salmon Queen. Beautiful shade of salmon-pink.

Pkt. 75 cts. Buxton. New. Rich salmon-pink, heavily frilled pink at edges. Pkt. \$1.

Giant Mixed. Pkt. 50 cts.

GERBERA Jamesoni hybrida (Transvaal Daisy). In shades of scarlet, crimson, yellow, orange, salmon, rose cerise, and violet. Pkt. 50 cts. Jamesoni, Scarlet. Pkt. 50 cts.

GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak). Pkt. 15 cts.

GERANIUM. If sown in the greenhouse in February and March, you will have plants ready to bloom by July. Large-flowering Single Mixed, Bucharlot's Ceiebrated French Strain. Pkt. 25 cts.
Fancy (Pelargonium), Turner's English Hybrids. Popularly known as Lady Washington Geraniums. Pkt. \$1.50.

GLOXINIA hybrida gigantea. Blooms measuring 4 to 5 inches in diameter. Pkt. 50 cts.

LAPAGERIA rosea. A beautiful greenhouse climber with large, bell-shaped flowers of a deep pink color. Deep green foliage, resembling that of the camellia. Pkt. 50 cts.

LEPTOSYNE mar'tima. Special forcing strain. Large golden yellow flowers on long stems, resembling the coreopsis; fern-like foliage. Pkt. 25 ets.

MIGNONETTE, Schling's Perfected Forcing. Flowerspike 12 to 15 inches long, on which the individual flowers are closely set all along the stem. Pkt. \$1.

PRIMULA

Sinensis fimbriata (Chinese Giant Fringed Primrose), Giant Fringed Single Mixed. Pkt. 75 cts. Giant Fringed Double Mixed. Pkt. \$1.

Sinensis stellata (Giant Star Primrose). Mixed Colors. Pkt. 50 cts.

Obconica gigantea. A giant-flowering strain of the popular everblooming Primrose.

Gigantea alba. Pure white. Pkt. 50 cts

Gigantea alba. Pure white. Pkt. 50 cts.
Gigantea kermesina. Crimson. Pkt. 50 cts.
Gigantea rosea. Delicate pink. Pkt. 50 cts.
Gigantea hybrida. Finest mixed. Pkt. 50 cts.
Giant Fringed Mixed. New. Pkt. 81.

Malacoides (Giant Baby Primrose).
Malacoides, Lilac. Pkt. 25 cts.
Malacoides alba. Pure white. Pkt. 30 cts.
Malacoides rosea. Pink. Pkt. 30 cts.
Malacoides rosea. Pink. Pkt. 30 cts.

Kewensis. Bright yellow, fragrant blooms produced in tiers along the entire length of the stem. Pkt. 50 cts.

STEVIA serrata. Sprays of tiny white flowers. Exceedingly valuable for cutting, and useful for mixing in bouquets with other flowers. Pkt. 15 cts.

SCHIZANTHUS Wisetonensis, Improved. A very select strain, mostly in delicate light-colored shades, prettily marked and blotched. Pkt. 50 cts.

SMILAX (Myrsiphyllum asparagoides). and for table decoration. Pkt. 10 cts. Fine for festooning

THE CARDEN MONTH BY MONTH

Applying to the Vicinity of New York

How to Use This Guide. Roughly, the season advances northward fifteen miles a day. Thus, Albany, which is one hundred and fifty miles from New York, would be about ten days later, and Philadelphia, which is ninety miles southwest, about a week earlier. Also allow four days for each degree of latitude, for each five degrees of longitude, and for each four hundred feet of altitude.

JANUARY. If you have neglected to cover your rose-beds, do so at once, using rough manure or leaves. A mulching of manure is also beneficial around fruit and ornamental trees and shrubs. Asparagus beds may and ornamental trees and shrubs. Asparagus beds may be covered with manure, and strawberry beds with salt hay or leaves. Pruning had probably better be done in February and March, but if you have many trees, you should begin to thin out and cut away dead branches. The bark of old fruit trees should be scraped, and on mild, calm days, spray them with Scalecide to remove insects which may be lodging in the bark.

In the Greenhouse. Sow seed of such annuals as lobelia, stocks, petunia, begonia, heliotrope, pansies, forget-me-not, bellis, snapdragon, verbena, and vinca.

Look over your garden tools and make notes of what you will need for the season. Plan your garden now and secure your seeds as early as possible. Plan for big crops. Remember that it is false economy to buy cheap seeds. Get only the best; they are always the cheapest in the end, and assure crops of largest quantity and finest quality.

Be sure to lay in a stock of insecticides and fertilizers. You will need Black Leaf 40, Cutworm Food, Bordo Lead, Hellebore, and Slug Shot. For a good

sprayer, see No. 5, page 112.

FEBRUARY. Directions for January will apply to this month, except that now preparations should be made for the making of hotbeds. Look up and repair the sashes and prepare to have a hotbed ready by the middle of the month. Sow early cabbage, cauliflower, radish and some of your favorite flowers so as to have them in bloom real early.

For the varieties of vecetable scale to be sowe this

For the varieties of vegetable seeds to be sown this month, see third cover. We strongly advise giving the new onion-culture a trial. Procure some seed of Ailsa Craig and Prizetaker and sow in the hotbed now, transplanting them to the open ground in April, and you will obtain onions of enormous size. (See page 77.)

Prune all of your grape-vines, currant and goose-berry bushes. Prune and thin out peach and all other trees, and utilize the mild calm days to spray with Scalecide for San José scale and bark insects. You will be richly rewarded for this in more and better fruit.

(See page 118.)
Aside from the flower seeds mentioned in January, sow salvia and cobæa in the hotbed or greenhouse. Be sure to give ventilation on bright days, and water sparingly in dull weather. The best time is in the

forencon.

MARCH. Nearly all pruning and spraying for bark insects should be done now. Prune your rose bushes the latter part of the month. Remove all weak and dead wood and cut back the strong shoots to four or

five eyes.

Sow in hotbeds all the vegetables mentioned in planting calendar on third cover. Start a few sweet peas in paper pots to set out in April, and you will get some very early blooms. Be sure to sow your early cabbage, lettuce, onions, eggplants, peppers, and tomatoes this month at the very latest. If you do not have a hotbed, these seeds may be sown in coldframes. Most of the annual flower seeds, except those that cannot be transplanted, can be sown in the coldframe for early flowering. Make another sowing of them outdoors in May. Sow sweet peas outdoors as soon as the ground is ready. Follow directions on page 49.

Reseed, top-dress, fertilize and roll the lawn as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Bone-meal is a clean and lasting fertilizer; apply at the rate of three pounds for every 100 square feet. (See page 119.)

APRIL. April is the important month in the garden, as most of the work will have to be done now. Consult carefully the planting calendar on the third cover of this book for varieties of vegetables to be sown outdoors. If you have not already done so, give your lawn a top-dressing of bone-meal or sheep manure. Sow grass seed in bare and thin spots and roll your lawn thoroughly. New lawns are best made in the early part of the month, when the soil is moist and cool. (See page 1.) Remove all the winter covering from rose and strawberry beds. If you have used salt hay on your strawberry beds, just uncover the plants and leave the mulch between the rows—it will keep the soil moist and the berries clean. Asparagus beds should be forked over lightly; some manure should be dug in. Manure and lime your garden where needed. Sow your garden peas and sweet peas just as soon as the frost leaves the ground. Read carefully what we say on page 78 about Peas.

Try our Long-Season Collection and follow directions carefully. It is the only way you can have peas continuously through the summer. Sow beets, carrots, spinach, radishes and all the hardy vegetables in the early part of the month, and make successive plantings at intervals of two to three weeks. Full directions are given under each heading in this catalogue. herbs, such as parsley, sage, thyme, marjoram, and chives, etc., give zest and relish to dishes that have little individual flavor of their own. Plan an herb

border. (See page 73.)

Plant potatoes and set out plants of cabbage, cauliflower, early lettuce, and onion. Plant onion sets and also all the hardy flowers. Rose bushes, fruit trees, berry bushes, and all nursery stock are best planted in April. Pansies, forget-me-nots, and English daisies can now be bedded out. The first gladiolus bulbs should be set out the latter part of the month, and later plantings should be made every two to three weeks, until July, in order to have flowers until frost. In the coldframe, transplant all seedlings where necessary to get stocky plants. Sow there seeds of all your favorite annual flowers. In the orchard and on the lawn, loosen the soil around the trees and shrubs and dig in some fertilizer. Wood ashes are excellent for either fruit or shade trees. The best way to fertilize old fruit trees is to take a crowbar and punch holes every 2 feet in a circle of 15 feet or more, around the tree, and in each hole put a good handful of an equal mixture of bone-meal and wood-ashes; fill the holes with soil. (See page 119.)

MAY. Consult our planting calendar for this month on third cover. Sow string beans and beans for baking, sweet corn, cucumbers, melons, squashes in early May, and make successive sowings at intervals. Make other sowings of crops planted in April; thin out plants as they get large enough to allow for proper development. Start a few lima beans in pots or coldframe in early May. Set out tomato, pepper and eggplants as soon as all danger of frost is past. Plant lima beans when the ground is dry and warm, inserting seed edgewise, with the eye down. Give support to peas and sweet peas as soon as they are from 3 to 4 inches high.

An application of Stim-U-planT at this time will assure good growth and largest flowers. It is the quickest stimulant we have. Watch carefully for insects on all plants. Prevent the cutworm from eating your young plants by the use of Cutworm Food. Dust cabbage and cauliflower with Slug Shot for the cabbage worm. Spray with Bordeaux for blight. Dust Hellebore powder on currants and gooseberries. Spray fruit

trees with Pyrox as the blossoms fall.

May is the month for sowing all the annual flowers outdoors. Transplant all seedlings of flowers raised in hotbeds, coldframes, and greenhouses and set out geranium and other bedding plants. Plant dahlia, lily, gladiolus, and all the best summer-flowering bulbs. (See pages 90-100.)

Cultivate regularly and, at least once a month,

apply a fertilizer as a top dressing between rows and hoe in. Nitrophoska (page 116) is the best we know. It has all the elements of food that plants want, quickly available.

Seed of late cabbage, cauliflower, brussels sprouts, kale, rutabaga, and fall turnips should be sown at the end of the month for fall and winter crops.

JUNE. Make successive sowings of sweet corn. beans, carrots, beets, and other vegetables mentioned in planting calendar for June. (See third cover.) Continue planting out seedlings of annual flowers; plant more gladiolus and dahlias. If you want to grow dahlias for the fall shows, the middle of June is the right time to plant. Buy plants in preference to roots; they will give the finest flowers. Make every spot in your garden produce two crops. Replant as soon as your garden produce two crops. Replant as soon as one crop is over. Set out celery plants for fall use. Cultivate rose-beds and spray with Black-Leaf 40 to destroy the aphis. Spray potatoes, squash, cucumbers, melons, etc., with Pyrox. (See page 118.)

Sow seed of all the hardy flowers this month, and you will be certain of large plants which will stand the winter and bloom profusely next season. Cultivate

thoroughly.

JULY. Sow sweet corn for late crop: Golden Bantam can be sown up to July 10, for use in late September and October. Make successive sowings of bush beans, carrots, beets, etc. (See planting calendar for July on third page of cover.) Set out celery, kale, cabbage, cauliflower, brussels sprouts, and rutabaga plants for fall and winter use.

Old, wornout strawberry beds should be dug up and new plants set out. Use pot-grown plants which will bear a full crop next season; we have them in the best

varieties. Write for special strawberry list.

Cease cutting asparagus and allow the plants to grow so as to strengthen the crowns. Keep the beds free from weeds. Cultivate the garden religiously. Sow seed of all hardy flowers for next year's blooming. Sow seed of all hardy nowers for next year's blooming. Sow endive, lettuee, radish, etc., for fall and winter use. A planting of early peas the last week of July will bear a fair crop in late September and October.

Weed and cultivate flower-beds and keep plants vigorous by removing all withered blooms; stimulate

occasionally with fertilizer. Use Stim-U-planT. (See

AUGUST. Make a last sowing of early beets, carrots, and kohlrabi, and make successive plantings of beans, early peas, spinach, turnips, radishes, endive and corn salad. Celery plants may still be set out in the and corn salad. Celery plants may still be set out in the fore part of the month. Keep the soil moist around them and well cultivated. Celery is a great feeder and the soil must be rich. An occasional feeding with liquid manure is very good. Use Bon Arbor. (See page 119.) Blanch early celery as it requires it. Potatoes will now be ready for digging; dig only as you need them. Tubers intended for storing should be left in the ground until all the vines are dead, or nearly so. Evergreens can be planted with very good results. so. Evergreens can be planted with very good results. Spray their foliage every day and keep the ground wet until they have formed new roots. Pot-grown strawberry plants should be set out now. They will bear a full crop of berries next year. In dry weather sprinkle the lawn to keep it green. (See page 110.) Rose-beds should get another mulching with sheep-manure or bone-meal; hoe it into the soil. If you have trouble with weeds in drives wells and gutters an explication of weeds in drives, walks, and gutters, an application of Liquid Weed Killer will destroy them promptly; but be careful not to touch flowers or other plants as it kills

all vegetation. (See page 118.)

Tomatoes should be carefully looked after. Remove all superfluous growth and trim off some of the large leaves that shade the fruit. Plant iris the end of

August; it is the best time.

SEPTEMBER. Rye, wheat, and buckwheat should be sown this month, either for crops or for plowing under. Continue to blanch celery; dig potatoes. Spinach, lettuce, radish, and corn salad can still be sown outdoors. Set out strawberry plants without delay. Beds planted in July and August should be carefully cultivated, and all runners removed from the plants as they form. Plant peonies in this month; also iris. Seedlings of hardy plants that are strong enough may now be set out in the border. New lawns may be made and old ones reseeded. Sweet peas, stocks, snap-dragons, schizanthus, petunias, and calendulas can be sown now in the frame or greenhouse for plants to

bloom during the winter. Lilies and the Dutch bulbs should be potted up for winter forcing. Order Dutch bulbs, such as hyacinths, tulips, narcissi, etc., so that bulbs, such as hyacinths, tulips, narcissi, etc., so that you may have them on hand for outdoor planting next month, as soon as the beds become empty. Write for our Bulb Book. Keep dahlias disbudded so as to get larger flowers. Make cuttings of geraniums and other tender plants the latter part of the month, root them in sand in the greenhouse or frame, and take in all in said in the greenhouse or frame, and take in all tender plants that you wish to carry over winter in the house or conservatory. Spray the celery with copper solution to prevent rust and blight. (See page

OCTOBER. Keep on banking your celery as needed. Early celery may now be ready for use if it is properly bleached. Hyacinths, tulips, narcissi, and all the fall bulls that bloom in early spring should now be planted outdoors. Roses, shrubs, fruit trees and other nursery stock, and all the hardy flowering plants can be set out during this month. Sow lettuce, radishes, and other vegetables in the coldframe for use during the winter. Pansies, bellis, and forget-me-nots can also be started in the frame. Tie up a few heads of endive every week, but only as many as you can use up at a time. A few but only as many as you can use up at a time. A few weeks will blanch them. The leaves make a delicious

Store cabbage in pits or coldframes the latter part of the month. Always put the head down; this will prevent the water from collecting among the leaves. Plant asparagus beds. Old rhubarb clumps can be

divided and new ones set out.

NOVEMBER. Manure the asparagus bed before winter sets in. Harvest all crops that you may still have in the garden, and store them away for the winter. Beets and carrots may be kept in the cellar. They should be covered with dry sand to prevent shriveling. Dig up celery stalks and stand them close together in a narrow trench, with the tops just level with the ground. Put a board roof over the trench and cover it with soil and manure. This will allow you to get at them easily after the ground is frozen. Manure around trees, shrubs, rose bushes, etc., and cover bulbs and all tender plants that need protection after the middle of the month. Salt hay is good material for protecting strawberry plants. Give attention to your coldframes; water and air freely on bright days. Clean up the garden; burn or plow under all rubbish. Collect sod, garden; burn or plow under all rubbish. Collect sod, leaves, and grass clippings, put them in a pile, and mix some soil with them. This will make a splendid compost. Bulbs may yet be planted this month, any time before the ground freezes. Dig up or buy a few large clumps of rhubarb and witloof chicory roots; they are easily forced in your cellar. Dig up your gladiolus bulbs and canna and dahlia roots as soon as the frost has killed the plants. Store cannes and deblice the frost has killed the plants. Store cannas and dahlias carefully, so they will not rot or shrivel up. It is good to spade your garden and leave the soil in the rough over winter, so as to allow the frost to penetrate it. This will kill many of the insects and pulverize the soil thoroughly in the spring.

DECEMBER. Ventilate the coldframe freely on bright days, to keep the plants as well hardened off as possible. Begin now to make your plans for next season's work. Compare your notes and consider carefully the matter of rotation; also the feeding of your crops. Your past experience should pushly any to make crops. Your past experience should enable you to get even better results next year. Clean up the garden and even better results next year. Clean up the garden and premises. Cover bulb, rose, and asparagus beds, if you have not already done so. Look after all vegetables stored for the winter. See that they keep in good condition. Protect evergreens with pine boughs, to shade them from the winter sun. Rhododendrons should be similarly treated. Dig up and store all the parsnips and oyster plants that you will need for the winter. The rest can be left in the ground for early spring use as the frost improves the flavor. The leaves of kale and spinach can be cut at any time during the winter and used as greens, as can also brussels sprouts. Place all tools and implements under cover and oil all steel and iron parts to prevent rust.

OUR PUBLICATIONS as they are issued

Special Import Bulb Offer in May Book for Garden Lovers in January Midsummer List of Perennials and Pot-grown Strawberry Plants in June Fall Bulb Book Issued in September

Mailed regularly to our clients and on request to all garden lovers

SEEDS OF NEW VEGETABLES

Longfellow Cucumber

The Perfect Cucumber for Slicing

Here we have, at last, the perfect Cucumber for slicing—long, straight, meaty, with very few seeds. It compares favorably with the English greenhouse cucumber. The plants are disease-resisting and bear bountifully. Pkt. 25 cts., \(\frac{1}{2}\)co. 85 cts., oz. \$1.50.

The Delicious Italian Broccolis

Have the combined flavor of asparagus and cauliflower and are much in demand on account of their delicacy and fine flavor. They require the same culture as cauliflower but mature somewhat later, and their main value lies in the fact that they will grow and head well during the heat of summer when cauliflower does not succeed. For July and August crop, sow the seed in hotbed in February and March and set the plants out in April. For a fall crop, plant outdoors May 1.

Italian Heading Broccoli, Short-stemmed. Pkt \$1, 6 pkts. \$5. Italian Sprouting Broccoli. Pkt. 50 ets., 5 pkts. \$2, \(\frac{1}{4}\)oz. \$2.50.



New Golden Acre Cabbage

The earliest of the round-headed varieties—fully a week ahead of the Jersey Wakefield. It is remarkably solid, with few outside leaves, and plants can be set as close as one foot apart, which makes it ideal for the home-garden where space is limited. Pkt. 50 cts., ½0z. \$1, ½0z. \$1.75, oz. \$3.

Golden Plume or Wonderful Celery

The finest self-blanching golden yellow Celery in existence. Extensive trials have proven it to be so far ahead in quality of all other Celeries that it is fair to predict that it will soon displace practically all other varieties. Its keeping qualities are just as good as those of the best late varies.

quality of an other Ceteries that it is fair to predict that it will soon displace practically all other varieties. Its keeping qualities are just as good as those of the best late varieties, and it matures even earlier than Golden Self-blanching. Its stalks are firm and have less tendency to blight and bleach quickly. Can be ready for the table in September and also be kept without trouble until May. Pkt. 35 cts., ¼ oz. \$2.50, ½ oz. \$4, oz. \$7.50.

Harris Early Giant Pepper

Matures fully two weeks ahead of all others and is immensely productive. The large, meaty fruits of very mild, fine flavor, are excellent for salads as well as for stuffing, and the best for the home-garden. Pkt. 25 cts., ¼oz. 75 cts.

Marglobe Tomato

Golden Plume or Wonderful Celery

The most perfect globe-shaped solid-meat Tomato for the home table. It is earlier than Livingston's Globe and entirely immune to rust. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1, oz. \$1.75.

Golden Sunshine Sweet Corn

An earlier Golden Bantam, with ears of the same size, but fully 10 days earlier, and of the same high quality. A boon to the home-gardener, and a money-maker for the enterprising market-gardener. ½lb. 60 cts., lb. \$1, 2 lbs. \$1.75.



Marglobe Tomato

VEGETABLE SEEDS - Our complete list, see pages 61 to 85

NEW AND CHOICE VEGETABLES

The French Haricot Vert

A Delicious, Tender, Stringless Bush Bean

Famed for its fine flavor and the rich green color of the pods which is retained after cooking. The pods are slender and straight and should be picked while quite young. Can be as successfully grown in American gardens as in the vicinity of Paris. Genuine imported seed, lb. \$1.50, 2 lbs. \$2.75, 8 lbs. \$9

Schling's Perpetual Summer Spinach

A delicious, big-leaved Spinach from which you can cut and cut again right through the season until hard frost—the warmer it gets the better it grows. Immediately after a gathering, fresh leaves appear from the heart—Spinach constantly throughout the season. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4 lb. \$1.50, lb. \$5.

French's Horticultural Bush Bean

A greatly improved strain of the famous thick, round-podded Horticultural or Speckle-podded Bean. It is, without doubt, the most fleshy of all String Beans and retains its tenderness and fine flavor until quite old. It is also the most prolific in bearing. Lb. 75 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.35, 8 lbs. \$5.

Pimiento Pepper

The delicious, meaty, Italian sweet salad Pepper; never hot. Pkt. 15 cts., 1402, 30 cts., oz. \$1.

New Muskmelons

Harbinger. The earliest of all; green flesh; delicious flavor. Ideal for the home-garden. Pkt. 25 cts.

Hearts of Gold. Thick

Hearts of Gold. Thick flesh; beautifully netted; delicate lasting flavor. Pkt. 25 cts.

Leafless 20-Day Forcing Radish

Ready for the table within twenty days from date of sowing. The roots are oval-shaped, scarletred, with white tips, and have, when ready for use, two fine small leaves sufficiently long enough for bunching. The quality is unsurpassed. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. 75c., 14lb. \$2.50, lb. \$8.

Schling's

Stubborn - Headed

Lettuce

heads are

solid as a rock, and remain so for a much longer time

than any other variety before going to seed.

Stubborn-Headed Large Yellow. Pkt. 25c.

Stubborn-Headed rown. Pkt. 25 cts., 5

The

Brown. pkts. \$1. large,

DELICACIES FOR THE TABLE

Schling Specialties which possess a degree of perfection in tenderness and flavor that is unknown in other varieties.

The Collection as \$2 Given Below for

(Postpaid anywhere in the United States)

2 cz. Schling's First Early Blood Beet 80c 1 pkt. Schling's Perfection Cucumber 25c 1 pkt. Schling's Special Globe Tomato 25c

\$2.45

Special Offer for Larger Cardens

Three of the above Collections for \$5

Garden Pea, Early

Giant
Earliest, Large-Podded, and Sweetest-flavored

From a planting made the first week in April we have picked Peas of this variety the last week in May, surely a record that no other Pea can come near to. 1/2 lb. 40 cts., lb. 75 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.25.

Zuccini

The Delicious Italian Cucumber Squash

A merican travelers through Italy, where this tasty vegetable is featured as a special delicacy in all first-class hotels, all proclaim this to be the most delicious dish they have ever eaten. This Squash is grown almost exclusively

in the north of Italy, and the seed-supply is so zealously guarded that it seldom goes out of the country. We have finally secured a limited supply of seed. Plant the same as any bush Squash, in hills 3 feet apart, three to four seeds in a hill. The fruit should be picked when it is hardly the size of a small cucumber, but the most delicate flavor is obtained by picking it even before the flower has opened, when it is scarcely as thick as a finger. The plants, thus deprived of their undeveloped fruits, continue to bear for several months most profusely. Pkt. 25 cts., 5 pkts. \$1.

Schling's Best of All Forcing Cucumber

Schling's Best of All Forcing Cucumber

On this page, an actual photograph of a crop of these fine Cucumbers, from which our seed was harvested, shows better than any description could convey the fine shape, great length, and bearing qualities of this remarkable variety, free from Cucumber diseases. It can be just as successfully grown in frames as in the greenhouse. Pkt. (10 seeds) 75 cts., 5 pkts. \$3.20.

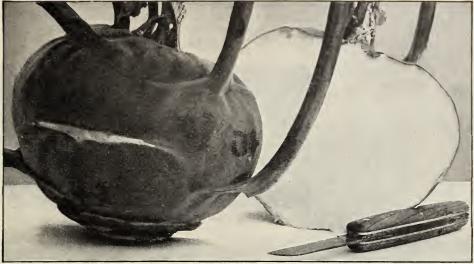
New Peerless Climbing Cucumber

Fruits 18 to 20 inches long. The vines cling readily to support, fences, trellises, etc. Pkt. 25 ets., oz. \$1.50.

VEGETABLE SEEDS .- Our Complete List, see pages 61 to 85

Schling's Silver-Flesh Giant Kohlrabi (New)

The only Kohlrabi without the slightest trace of woody fiber



Schling's Silver-Flesh Giant Kohlrabi. Note the thin skin and beautiful texture of the flesh

A beautiful, blue-skinned Kohlrabi of enormous size, often as large as a baby's head, with fine-grained, silvery white flesh that remains just as tender and juicy in full-grown bulbs as it is in the small young bulbs. It excels all other Kohlrabi in tenderness and delicacy of flavor, and is, no matter how large or old the bulbs are, absolutely The Kohlrabi is not sufficiently known or valued in America. It is really a delicious and excellent vegetable and shows a fixed or winter. Ready for table in eight weeks from sowings. Pkt. 50 cts., ½0z. 52, ½0z. 53.50, oz. 56.

The Kohlrabi is not sufficiently known or valued in America. It is really a delicious and excellent vegetable and should be grown in every garden. The edible portion is a large bulb which forms on a stem above the soil. Boiled, sliced, and served with a cream sauce, it makes a delicious dish.

For very early crop, sow in hotbed and transplant outdoors the latter part of April. For regular crop, sow outdoors about April 15, in drills 2 feet apart, and cover seed with ½ inch of soil. When well up, thin out to 8 inches apart in a row. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.

Schling's Selected Vegetable Seeds

All our seeds are grown for us by the most competent growers, and the strains, without exception, are of the highest perfection

We pay delivery charges in the United States on all small Vegetable and Flower Seeds, and on Peas, Beans, and Corn up to 2 pounds. Purchasers pay—or allow—for transportation (express, freight, or parcel post) on all quantities of Peas, Beans, and Corn over 2 pounds. Also on Roots, Fertilizers, Insecticides, and other garden requisites.

The New Washington Rust-resisting Asparagus

The Best and Only Asparagus for the Home-Garden

Marvelously productive—the most vigorous of all existing kinds—yields a crop two years ahead of all other varieties; absolutely rust-resistant; largest, sweetest, most tender, and succulent shoots. These are the enviable qualities of this new Asparagus, developed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, and it is so far ahead in every point of other existing varieties that we recommend it as the only variety to plant

in the home-garden or on the farm. No garden is too small for an Asparagus bed—100 plants, properly set out, will occupy only a space 10 by 25 feet, and once established such a bed will yield splendidly, with a minimum of care, for at least twelve years.

• /	100	1.000
Extra-Selected, Heavy Crowns, No. 1		
Selected Heavy Crowns, No. 2		
We can also supply the following varieties in strong 3-	-year-ole	d roots:
	100	1,000
Giant French or Argenteuil	\$4 00	\$35 00

Palmetto, and Conover's Colossal..... We can supply Asparagus Roots from March 1 to May 15, and from October 1 to November 15. Plant as early as the ground can be worked or late in autumn.

Purchaser pays transportation.

Seed of the New Washington Asparagus

From seed sown in early April you will grow heavy roots to transplant the following spring. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.50, ĺb. \$5.



Washington Asparagus, cutting heavily

61

BEANS, Dwarf or Bush Green-Podded

Beans are the most nutritious of all vegetable foods and are easily and quickly grown. Most varieties are ready for picking in from five to six weeks from the time the seed is planted, and by making successive sowings every two weeks, you will have a continuous supply throughout the summer and fall. Our Beans are all greatly improved and will

produce heavy crops of delicious, tender, stringless pods.

Culture.—Beans grow well in any good garden soil. Usually the first planting can be made the last week in April, followed by successive plantings about two weeks apart until August 15. Open a drill 2 inches deep and drop the Beans 1 inch apart and cover. When well up, draw the soil up against the plants and cultivate frequently. Do not cultivate when the dew is on the plants as this frequently causes rust. For quick results soak the seed before planting.

One pound of seed is sufficient for 50 feet of drill



Bountiful Bush Beans, Schling's

Selected Stock

Bountiful Stringless (Schling's Improved Selected Stock). The most prolific and tender of all green-podded Bush Beans, entirely stringless, very tender and meaty. It surpasses all other Bush Beans in crisp, tender qualities and fine flavor. The pods are 5 to 7 inches long, stout, somewhat flattened, slightly curved, and free from fiber. The plants grow very vigorously and come into bearing six weeks from the time of planting. The pods retain their superb eating and stringless qualities to the very last. Just the delicious, tender, stringless Bean of finest quality for the home table. ½lb. 40 cts., lb. 65 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.25, 8 lbs. \$4.

BOUNTIFUL SIX WEEKS. The original commercial strain; a large, tender, green-podded variety, quite prolific and stringless if picked while the pods are small. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 90 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.

IMPROVED BLACK VALENTINE. A very early, round-podded variety of excellent quality. The Beans are ready for picking six weeks after planting; the pods are very long, slender, straight, meaty, and entirely stringless. They retain their deep green color even after cooking, adding thereby to their attractiveness when served. ½1b. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.50.

IMPROVED STRINGLESS GREEN-POD. Another very fine green-podded Bean, which is very productive. The pods are 5 inches long, stout, round, and dark green in color; strictly stringless, tender, brittle and of finest quality. This is probably the hardiest variety in cultivation and may be planted fully a week earlier than other sorts. 10 30 ets., 10 55 cts., 2 lbs. 81, 8 lbs. 83.50.

Extra-Early Red Valentine. This is the earliest of all green Bush Beans, producing pods of edible size in less than five weeks. ½1b. 30 cts., 1b. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 90 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.

Full Measure. A fine, early, stringless, high-quality Bean with long, straight pods, round and very fleshy. ½1b. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.50.

LONGFELLOW or PENCIL-POD. A six-weeks Bean; pods 6½ to 7 inches long, round, slender, and very straight. Their flavor is most delicious, while the delicate green color of the pods is retained after cooking. A great cropper. ½(b. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.50.

Refugee or 1,000-to-1. A very attractive, hardy, vigorous, late sort, popular for canning. 1/2lb. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 90 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.

STRINGLESS REFUGEE. Medium-sized, round, very fleshy pods, ready for picking in five weeks from time of planting. Least susceptible to weather conditions, will stand wet and dry weather without serious injury. ½1b. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 90 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.50.

sutton's masterpiece forcing. Especially recommendable for first-early crops outdoors and for forcing. The pods are extremely long, often 7 or more inches, slender, straight, meaty, of deep green color, entirely stringless, and of a delicate flavor. Where an extra-early Bean is desired this will fill the bill exactly. 1/2lb. 55 cts., lb. \$1, 2 lbs. \$1.90.

French's Horticultural Bush Bean

A greatly improved strain of the famous thick, round-podded Horticultural or Speckle-podded Bean. It is, without doubt, the most fleshy of all String Beans and retains its tenderness and fine flavor until quite old. It is also the most prolific in bearing. Lb. 75 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.35, 8 lbs. \$5.

The French Haricot Vert

A Delicious, Tender, Stringless Bush Bean

Famed for its fine flavor and the rich green color of the pods which is retained after cooking. Pods slender and straight and should be picked while young. Can be as successfully grown in American gardens as in the vicinity of Paris. **Genuine imported seed**, lb. \$1.50, 2 lbs. \$2.75, 8 lbs. \$9.



Improved Stringless Green-Pod

62

DWARF BUTTER or WAX-PODDED BUSH BEANS

The cultural directions for green-podded Beans apply to Wax Beans, except that cultivating should not be done while the leaves are wet, as this frequently causes rust.

Improved Golden Wax, Rustproof. (Special Stock.) Immensely productive and most reliable of all wax-podded Bush Beans, ready for picking six weeks from planting. Long, flat, straight, fleshy, tender pods, entirely stringless at all stages of growth. Plants are upright, healthy, vigorous, and bear a wonderfully heavy crop of Beans of the finest quality. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.50.

Golden Wax. (Regular Stock.) Very good, broad, flat, golden-podded Beans; productive and stringless in its early stages. (Our improved strain listed above is much superior). ½1b. 30 ets., lb. 50 ets., 2 lbs. 90 ets., 8 lbs. \$3.

Pencil-Pod Black Wax. A popular and very productive early Wax Bean. Pods 5½ to 6 inches long, round, straight. Strictly stringless, free from fiber, fleshy, brittle, and of a very clear yellow color. ½1b. 30 ets., lb. 50 ets., 2 lbs. 90 ets., 8 lbs. \$3.

SURE-CROP STRINGLESS WAX. Very early and productive. Pods 51/2 to 6 inches long, flat, and straight; color bright yellow. This is a selection from the popular Currie's Rust-Proof Wax, and is much superior, the pods being entirely stringless, more hardy, and rust-resistant. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, S lbs. \$3.50.

LIMA BEANS DWARF or BUSH

One pound will plant a row 50 feet long

Bush Limas are nearly two weeks earlier than Pole Limas. The seed is quite tender, and will rot while the ground is cold or wet, so do not plant before the ground is warm. For very early results, however, the seed can be started in a hotbed or in pots in the greenhouse and the plants set out when the weather is settled. Plant



Fordhook Bush Lima Beans



Improved Golden Wax Beans

3 feet apart and from 4 to 6 inches apart in the row, always edgewise, with the eye

in rows

Fordhook Bush Lima. The favorite and best variety for the home garden; very productive and of fine flavor. The bushes grow 15 to 20 inches in height, branch freely, and bear abundantly. The Beans are all of large size, almost round, plump, and of a rich buttery flavor. The pods are found in clusters, of from four to eight and are well-filled with Beans, seldom containing less than five in a pod. This variety is growing in favor year by year. ½lb. 35 cts., lb. 60 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.05, 8 lbs. \$4.

Burpee's Improved Bush Lima.

A true type of the large white Lima in bush form. Both Beans and pods are just as large as those of the Pole variety. The pods contain, on the average, four or five fully developed Beans of the finest quality. Plant bears heavily, and the pods fill out very evenly. The Beans are more flat than those of the Fordhook. A very good sort. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.75.

Henderson's Improved Bush Lima.

Very small Beans, but the most prolific of all the white-seeded Bush Limas. While the flavor of the Beans is not as fine as those of the preceding sorts, it is, nevertheless, a valuable variety to grow because of its earliness, begins to bear in about sixty days from planting. This is a very popular sort with market gardeners. ½1b. 30 cts., Ib. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 90 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.20.

The above varieties are the best in Bush Limas. All off varieties are inferior, and we refrain from offering them

POLE LIMA BEANS

One pound will plant fifty poles

Where poles can be secured, these Beans are more productive than the Bush varieties. Set poles 3 feet apart, enrich the soil in the hills by mixing with it a liberal supply of ferti-lizer or well-rotted manure. Set Beans edgewise with the eye down. Tie up the tendrils as often as necessary until they have taken a firm hold on the poles.

Leviathan Extra-Early. The earliest of all Pole Limas, and a tremendous bearer. The pods are from 5 to 6 inches long, with well-developed Beans of a delicious flavor. While it is not the largest Lima, it is very productive, and the Beans mature over a long season. We recommend it as the most profitable Pole Lima Bean to grow. ½lb. 35 cts., lb. 60 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.10, 8 lbs. \$4.

Ford's Mammoth. An exceedingly productive, large-seeded, fine-quality Lima. Beans are very large and flat, and of excellent quality for table use. \(\frac{1}{2}\) db. 35 cts., lb. 60 cts., 2 lbs. \(\frac{1}{2}\) lbs. \(\frac{1}{2}\) dbs. \(\frac{5}{4}\).

Large White Pole Lima. A selected stock of this popular standard variety; well and favorably known as being very productive and of a fine quality. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.75.

CARPENTERIA, or LARGE GREEN-SEEDED POLE LIMA. A very fine, vigorous, strong Lima; very productive. The Beans, usually four to a pod, are large and plump. The seeds have a decided green tinge, even when old, which they retain after cooking; unsurpassed in flavor. ½lb. 35 cts., lb. 60 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.10, 8 lbs. \$4.

OTHER POLE BEANS

old Homestead, or Kentucky Wonder. The most popular of all green-podded, snap Pole Beans. Marvelously productive, bearing abundantly and continuously from July to frost. Large, thick, stringless pods, which are meaty, tender, and delicious. The vines, which are very vigorous, growing as high as 6½ feet, are literally covered, from top

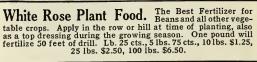
to bottom, with great clusters of Beans. The seeds are oval, slightly flattened. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 90 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.20.



Old Homestead Beans

Kentucky Wonder Wax. The finest of all runner Wax Beans. Huge pods 10 inches long, in large clusters. Early, exceedingly productive, and of fine quality. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.

Scarlet Runner. A shell Bean on the order of Limas. The pods are long, straight, fleshy, tender when young, and can be used like any other string Bean; the Beans shelled are prepared in the same manner as Limas and are very delicious. Also largely grown for its bright searlet flowers, which are borne profusely and prove to be a very ornamental feature of the garden as well as being excellent for cutting. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.



ENGLISH BROAD BEANS

English Broad Windsor. The Broad Bean is a great English Broad Windsor. The Broad Bean is a great favorite in England. It is grown entirely as a crop for shelling. The Beans are somewhat larger than Limas, and are delicious when cooked. English Broad Beans are very hardy, and the seeds should be sown just as soon as the ground opens—at the same time as Peas. Plant in double rows, allowing 9 inches between the two lines forming each row and 3 feet between the double rows; 2 inches is the proper depth for the seed. Keep the ground clear, and pinch out the tops when the plants are in bloom. The proper depth for the seed. Keep the ground clear, and pinch out the tops when the plants are in bloom. The black-fly is the greatest enemy to Broad Beans, but it can be destroyed by spraying with "Black-Leaf 40" or dusting with tobacco dust. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.



Kentucky Wonder Wax Beans

"TRUCKINE"-YOU WILL GET LARGER CROPS OF BETTER QUALITY. 1/2 lb. \$1, lb. \$1.75, 5 lbs. \$6.50, 25 lbs. \$30 INOCULATE YOUR BEANS WITH "

GARDEN or TABLE BEETS

Beets, like beans, possess great food-value and are easily grown. Extensive plantings should be made to provide for summer and winter use. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, in rich or well-manured garden soil which has been deeply plowed or spaded.

Sow in drills ½ to 1 inch in depth, allowing a space of 18 inches between rows for cultivation. Successive sowings can be made until July. During the summer it is advisable to soak the seed over night in water before planting. Sow rather thickly and when plants are 2 to 3 inches high, thin out to 4 or 5 inches between plants. The young plants which you take out need not be wasted, they are, in fact, superior to spinach for greens. The varieties we offer are greatly im-

proved and will produce fine smooth roots of excellent quality.

xcellent quality.

One ounce will sow 40 teet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds for an acre

Schling's First-Early Blood Beet.

Turnip Shape. An exceedingly early variety, maturing its roots ready for use in forty days. We consider it the choicest of all edible Beets. The roots are turnip-shaped, somewhat flat at the bottom, and the flesh is of a deep red color, fine grain, tender, and sweet. We recommend this variety above all others for the home-garden. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 40 cts., ½1b. \$1.25.

Extra-Early Egyptian. Of quick growth, producing smooth, turnip-shaped roots of the finest quality; flesh deep red and very tender. A great favorite with market-growers. Pkt. 10 ets., oz. 25 ets., ½1b. 75 ets.

EARLY MODEL. A very fine, deep red, globe Beet, with very small tops; skin and flesh dark red; very tender and sweet. The roots are easy to pull, as they grow on the surface with only a very slender tap-root in the ground; can be grown close together. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., ½1b. 50 cts.

Crimson Globe. Round, globe-shaped roots of the finest quality; deep crimson in color, very smooth. The roots grow to a large size, and retain their tenderness and sweetness even when fully matured. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Detroit Dark Red. (Special Stock.) The roots are large, of the finest quality, oval in shape, and mature in fifty days; dark red in color; skin smooth; small leaves. We recommend this variety, especially where Beets for winter storage are wanted. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

EXTRA-EARLY BASSANO. Extra-early, very tender variety, and the sweetest of all Beets. Color of the flesh light red or pink, with white zones. Although of a light color, this Beet is so sweet that we recommend it very highly. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., ½1b. 85 cts., lb. \$3.

Early Blood Turnip Beet. A very desirable Beet for the home- or market-garden, or for canning. Roots uniformly smooth, of medium size, and globe-shaped; skin dark red; flesh solid and of a deep blood-red color. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

SWISS CHARD

Schling's First-Early Blood Beet

Swiss Chard is a perfect substitute for spinach, and furnishes a continuous supply of leaves all summer.

Large-Ribbed, or Spinach

Beet. This variety, with large, broad, undulated, yellow-green leaves, is remarkable for the size of the stalks and midribs, which are white and often 4 inches broad. The leaves make the finest greens if cooked like spinach, and the midribs or chards can be cooked and served like asparagus Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., ½lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Giant Lucullus. A new variety with large, stout midribs and closely crumpled leaves, similar to a Savoy cabbage. The leaves are very large and tender and may be cut continuously from June until frost; cooked and eaten the same as spinach. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼b. \$1.



Giant Lucullus Swiss Chard

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BRUSSELS SPROUTS

A delicious vegetable for fall and early winter use. The plants are hardy and may be left in the ground all winter. The quality and flavor of the Sprouts are much improved by frost. Sow seed about May 15, thinly, in drills ½inch deep and transplant, when large enough to handle, in rows 2 to 3 feet apart and 18 inches apart in the row.

Sutton's Exhibition. Produces an abundant crop of solid Sprouts of largest size. The plants grow about 2 feet high and are thickly studded with Sprouts which remain firm for a long time. A variety of exceptionally good quality and finest flavor. For exhibition purposes it has no equal. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. 60 cts., oz. \$1.

Dalkeith. Very fine, even-shaped Sprouts of good size and flavor. A most dependable variety for general use. The stems are covered with compact, globular Sprouts; somewhat taller than Sutton's Exhibition. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 60 cts., ½lb. \$2.

SLUG SHOT destroys the cabbage worm. Have it handy. Lb. 25 cts., 5 lbs. 85 cts., 10 lbs. \$1.50, 125-lb. keg, \$17

Italian Sprouting Broccoli

A delicious vegetable which has the combined flavor of asparagus and cauliflower. While it has been used in Europe for some time, it is only within the last year or two that it has been served in the better hotels in this country. It is much in demand. Requires the same culture as a cauliflower. An early sowing can be made in the hotbed in March and a later sowing for fall crops outdoors in May. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2, ½0z. \$2.50.

Italian Heading Cauliflower Broccoli

Unlike the sprouting variety, this Broccoli forms large, solid heads, like those of the cauliflower, of a soft pea-green color. It matures during August and September when cauliflower is difficult to obtain and is even more delicious. For a summer crop, start seeds in the hot-bed in March. Sow outdoors in May for fall crop. Pkt. \$1,6 pkts. \$5.

CABBAGE

One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants

Cabbages are among our staple vegetables, and no matter how small your garden may be, some should be grown, both for summer and for winter use. The seed we offer has been saved from carefully selected stock, and will produce solid, well-shaped heads. For summer use, sow the seeds in a hotbed in February and March, and transplant outdoors about April 15. For fall or winter use, sow outdoors the latter part of May, and transplant as soon as plants are large enough to handle. Look out for the cabbage worm; an occasional dusting with slug-shot destroys it promptly.

Golden Acre. The earliest of all round-headed Cabbages. Has few outer leaves and forms firm heads of medium size, as round as a ball. Can be planted as close as 1 foot apart. Pkt. 50 cts., ½0z. \$1, ½0z. \$1.75, oz. \$3.

Extra-Early Jersey Wakefield. The best first-early Cabbage, and the finest in quality. Pyramidal in form; the heads green, long and even in size, uniformly hard and solid, with very few outside leaves. Ready for cutting seventy days from sowing. Pkt. 20 cts., ½0z. 45 cts., oz. 75 cts., ½1b. \$2.25.



Extra-Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

Copenhagen Market. The earliest, tenderest, and most solid of the round-headed Cabbages. Only about four or five days later than Jersey Wakefield; forms a very large firm head, which remains solid all summer. Pkt. 25 cts., ½oz. 60 cts., oz. \$1, ¼lb. \$3.50.

Succession Improved. The best and largest second-early Cabbage; heads round and flat, always solid and large in size. It is somewhat later and larger than Copenhagen Market, and fills the gap between the early and late Cabbages. A most profitable variety for the home-garden, both for summer and winter use. Pkt. 15 ets., ½0z. 40 ets., oz. 75 ets., ½1b. \$2.50.

DANISH BALLHEAD, or HOLLAND. A very good winter Cabbage; heads very round, very solid, and of tremendous size. A great keeper. Pkt. 20 cts., ½0z. 60 cts., oz. \$1, ¼1b. \$3.

Large Late Flat Dutch, or Market-Gardeners' Favorite. We offer a very select stock of this popular winter Cabbage. Heads of tremendous size, round, and rather flattened on top; very solid, with few outside leaves. Endures really hard frost. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 35 cts., oz. 60 cts., ¼1b. \$1.50.

MAGOTITE KILLS ROOT MAGGOTS ON CAB-BAGE, CAULIFLOWER, AND BROCCOLI. GOOD TO HAVE ON HAND. 'Lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.50.

CABBAGE, continued

Perfection Drumhead Savoy.

Differs from others in the peculiarly crumpled character of the leaves, which are very tender. Our Perfection Drumhead combines all the best points of the older varieties, and surpasses them all in excellence. The heads are very large and solid, and the leaves are so deeply embossed that the plants are distinctly ornamental as well as useful. Pkt. 20 cts., ½2oz. 55 cts., oz. \$1.

Mammoth Rock Red Cabbage.

Heads of tremendous size, weighing from ten to twelve pounds each, dark red in color, very solid. An excellent keeper. Pkt. 20c., ½0z. 50c., oz. 95c.

Red Dutch. A very fine solid head of deep, red color, not quite so large as Mammoth Rock, suitable for either summer use or winter. Of excellent quality and much used for pickling. Pkt. 20c., ½0z. 50c., oz. 95c.

Chinese, or Celery Cabbage



Perfection Drumhead Savoy Cabbage

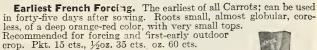
CHINESE, or CELERY CABBAGE

For early use, sow seeds in hotbed in March, and transplant outdoors April 15, in rows 24 inches apart, setting plants 15 inches apart in the row; for fall use, sow end of May in drills, and either transplant or thin out to 15 inches apart when plants are large enough. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 40 cts., oz. 75 cts., ½1b. \$2.50.

CARROTS

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill

Carrots contain a large amount of sugar, and have a high food-value. They are easily stored for winter use. For a succession during the summer, sow seed in drills at intervals from April 15 to July, covering the seed with about ½inch of soil and having the drills 12 to 18 inches apart so as to permit cultivating.



crop. Pkt. 19 cts., ½02. 35 cts. 02. 60 cts.

Early Scarlet Horn. The popular early Carrot for the home-garden. Review about 3 inches long, deep orange-red, quite thick at the neck, and rather blunt-rooted, and or sweet flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 75 cts.

CARENTAN, or CORELESS. An excellent Carrot, of medium size, slender, almost cylindrical, with very small top, and entirely coreless. Deep orange-red flesh of finest quality. Matures quickly in the garden and is well adapted for forcing in frames. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 30 cts., oz. 50 cts., ½150.

Chantenay Half-Long, or Perfect Model. We recommend this variety as the best of the larger Carrots for summer and winter use. It is finely shaped, half-long, blunt-pointed, with a small top, and the roots run very even in shape and size—about 6 to 7 inches long by 1½ inches across. The skin is clean, smooth, and of a deep orange color. The flesh is fine-grained and free from core, excellent in flavor and quality. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 20 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½1b. \$1.

Danvers Improved Half-Long. A very popular Carrot for midsummer and winter use. The roots are smooth, half-long, with a blunt point. Flesh deep orange, tender and of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼1b. 85 cts.

Improved Long Orange. The largest and longest of all table Carrots, excellent for fall and winter. Roots uniform in size and form. From 12 to 14 inches long, penetrating into the soil. About 3 inches in diameter at the top and tapering gradually to a point; of deep orange color. A good keeper and of finest quality. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼1b. 75 cts., lb. \$2.

Intermediate, or St. Valery. Roots about 10 inches long, very smooth, bright red, broad at the neck and tapering to a point. Flesh thick, sweet, and tender. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 20 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½1b. \$1, lb. \$3.



Chantenay Half-Long Carrot

DO YOU KNOW THE SECRET? HOW TO HAVE DELICIOUS GREEN PEAS IN YOUR GARDEN FROM JUNE TO AUGUST? SEE PAGE 78

CAULIFLOWER

Cauliflower succeeds best on new soil. For early summer use, sow seed in hotbed in February and March, and transplant outdoors about April 15. For late fall crop. sow outdoors the latter part of May, and transplant when plants are large enough to handle. Plants should be set at least 2 feet apart in the row, with the rows from 2 to 3 feet apart. Cultivate frequently, and stimulate occasionally with fertilizer or nitrate of soda. Look out for the green worms that attack the leaves of Cauliflower. Dust plants frequently with Slug-Shot to kill the worms. As soon as the "flower" has attained a diameter of 3 to 4 inches, tie the outer leaves together over the head in order to protect it from the sun, wind and rain; this will keep it snowy white, firm, and tender. It is not advisable to attempt to grow Cauliflower during midsummer, as heads will not develop well in hot weather.

One package of seed will produce about 200 plants; one ounce, 3,000

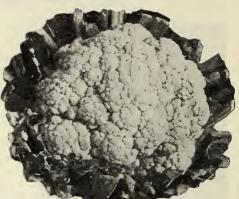
Schling's Extra-Selected Earliest Dwarf Erfurt. Recommended as the finest, most solid and tenderest of all

Cauliflowers. Remarkable for its extreme earliness and the certainty with which the plants produce fine heads. Pure snowy white in color, measuring, when matured, 8 to 10 inches across. The plants are of compact habit, with very few leaves. It is the ideal Cauliflower for all purposesfor forcing in frames and greenhouses as well as for an early or for a late crop outdoors. Pkt. 50c., 1/80z. \$1.75, 1/40z. \$3.

EARLY SNOWBALL. Also a very fine Cauliflower of dwarf habit, very early, uniform in shape, white, and solid surrounded by a very few short upright leaves. Under favor able conditions, nearly every plant will make a fine solid head of good size. Pkt. 35 cts., ½0z. \$1, ½0z. \$1.75, ½0z. \$3.

Dry Weather, or Danish Giant. This Cauliflower is especially recommended for growing in dry locations. The heads are large, pure snowy white, solid, and of fine quality. It is hardy, forms very quickly, and is recommended especially as a succession to our Extra-Selected Earliest Dwarf Erfurt. Pkt. 35 cts., ½0z. \$1.25, ¼0z. \$2, ½0z. \$3.75.

Autumn Giant. Very large and solid; a fine Cauliflower for late crop. Pkt. 20 cts., ½02. \$1.50, oz. \$2.50.



Schling's Extra-Selected Earliest Dwarf Erfurt

CHERVIL

Extra-Curled. Beautifully curled leaves, resembling parsley, but larger. It constitutes the basis of the French mixture known as "finest herbs," the accompaniment to a great number of dishes and salads. Leaves are also employed for garnishing. Pkt. 25c., oz. \$1.

CHIVES

An onion-like plant usually grown for the leaves, which are used for seasoning and flavoring. Seeds, pkt. 25 cts., ½02. \$1; plants, bunch 50 cts., \$5 per doz. bunches.

CHICORY

Witloof, or French Endive. This is the delicious salad served in first-class restaurants under the name of "French Endive," quantities of which are imported every year from Europe. Perhaps very few know how easily this vegetable can be grown in a home-garden. Sow the seed during May, in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, and cover with about 4 inch of soils when large covers with about 4 inch of soils when large covers the second of the second covers. home-garden. Sow the seed during May, in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, and cover with about \(\frac{1}{2}\) inch of soil; when large enough, thin out to 6 inches apart in the row. In late autumn, lift the roots carefully, cut off the leaves about \(\frac{1}{2}\) inch from the crown, and store in the cellar in sand or dry soil. After one month's rest, they are ready for forcing. Plant thickly in a deep box in the cellar or in a dark place where it is warm. They will soon begin to send forth new leaves which, grown in the dark, are snowy white, crisp, and of finest flavor—a great treat for the winter months. A continuous supply can be had by planting a dozen or more roots at a time. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.



Witloof Chicory

CORN SALAD

One ounce will plant 40 feet of drill

Large-Seeded, Round-Leaved. A delicious salad for late fall, winter, and early spring use. The leaves are also used for garnishing meat dishes. Sow the seed, during July, August, and September, in rich soil in shallow drills, and cover with ¼inch of soil. Matures in sixty to sixty-five days. The frost makes the leaves tender; they can be cut and used any time during the winter and early spring. Serve with a French dressing. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

CRESS

One ounce will plant 60 feet of drill

Extra-Curled, or Pepper Grass. Sow in shallow drills 1 foot apart or broadcast. The leaves make a delicious salad when young, and frequent plantings should be made. A mixture of Cress and mustard is a favorite salad in England. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼lb. 50 cts.

Sweet Water-Cress. Does best in moist positions or in brooks and ditches where its roots and stems are submerged. It is too well known to need description. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.50.

CELERY

Seeds may be sown in the greenhouse, hotbed, or cold-frame in February or March, and the seedlings transplanted as soon as large enough to handle. Outdoors, the seed should be sown in well-prepared soil as soon as the ground can be worked, later transplanting to a prepared bed, setting the plants 3 to 4 inches apart so as to make them stocky. When about 6 inches high, transfer to richly manured trenches 3 to 4 feet apart, setting the plants in double rows, 6 inches apart each way. When fully grown, bank up with soil in order to blanch the stalks. Be sure to keep the seed-bed free of weeds, and water well in dry weather. Send for our free leaflet, which tells in detail how to grow, blanch, and keep Celery.

Wonderful, or Golden Plume. The finest self-blanch in g yellow Celery we have today. It resists blight and rust, blanches easily, and keeps splendidly. For the home-garden or for market purposes it has no equal. It is never pithy and has a remarkably fine flavor. Pkt. 35 cts., ½0z. \$2.50, ½0z. \$4, oz. \$7.50.

Improved Golden Self-Blanching. The most popular and a fine Celery for early use. Short and stocky, with broad, thick, perfectly solid, handsome, golden yellow stalks of fine nutty flavor. Attains a good size and is easily blanched. It is fit for use early in September, and can be kept in perfect condition until January. The seed we offer is the genuine French stock, grown for us by the originator of this variety. Pkt. 25 cts., ½oz. \$1, oz. \$1.75.

IMPROVED WHITE PLUME. Extra-choice variety, maturing quickly. The stalks are of good size, solid, crisp, and have a delicious, nutty flavor. Ready to blanch in September and fit for use shortly afterward, as it bleaches quickly. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 40 cts., oz. 75 cts., ½1b. \$2.50.

EASY BLANCHING (SPECIAL). Heavy-hearted, quick-growing, crisp and very solid; will bleach to a light golden yellow color, almost as quickly as Golden Self-Blanching and is a much better keeper. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.50, oz. \$2.75.

Winter King. The best Celery for late use; very hardy and unusually reliable. Stalks are large, meaty, brittle, and of choice flavor. With proper treatment, will keep in perfect condition until late spring. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 45 cts., oz. 80 cts.



Wonderful, or Golden Plume Celery

Celeriac

WINTER QUEEN. Another very fine variety for winter use. Of medium height, broad, meaty, very solid, and crisp. An excellent keeper. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 35 cts., oz. 60 cts., ½1b. \$2.

Pink Plume. Identical in every way with White Plume, except that the stalks are richly tinged with pink. Especially recommended for early fall use. Pkt. 20 cts., ½0z. 60 ets., oz. \$1.

LONDON RED. A very superior large Celery, with excellent keeping qualities. Stalks are thick, of deep red color, very solid, crisp, juicy, and have a fine walnut flavor. Pkt. 25 cts., ½oz. 75 cts., oz. \$1.25.

CELERIAC, KNOB or TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY

Celeriac is principally grown for its delicious turnip-shaped roots, which attain the size of a globe beet. They can be stored for winter use, and have a rich celery flavor. Boiled and sliced, they make a delicious salad. The leaves, during the summer, are splendid for flavoring soup. This delicious vegetable is not nearly so well known as it should be. Sow seeds in the same manner as for table celery and transplant as soon as large enough, in the open, in rows 1 foot apart, and 6 inches apart in the row. The soil should be rich to obtain large roots.

Giant Smooth Prague. Very large and round; smooth-skinned. Very few fibrous roots. Of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 30 cts., oz. 50 cts., ¼lb. \$1.75.



Golden Bantam Sweet Corn

SWEET CORN

Plant about May 5 in hills thoroughly manured, and allow three plants to grow in each hill. Sweet corn requires rich soil. A tablespoonful of good fertilizer, such as our General-

Crop Manure, in each hill at planting-time is beneficial. To have a continuous supply of Sweet Corn throughout the season, plant every two weeks until July.

One pound will plant 125 hills

Corn for the home-garden. Extremely early and very productive. The stalks grow only 5 feet in height and, where space is limited, the hills can be as close as 2½ feet apart. Each stalk bears two or three well-filled ears, 6 to 7 inches in length. The kernels are of a beautiful creamy yellow color, very milky, tender, and sweet. Golden Bantam combines all the best qualities desired in Sweet Corn. We recommend it most highly for every garden, especially the small ones where space is limited. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Mammoth White Cory. A popular extra-early variety. Ears 12 to 14-rowed, 6 to 7 inches long, pearly white, very sweet, tender, and white. ½lb. 25 cts., 1b. 40 cts., 2 lbs. 75 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.75.

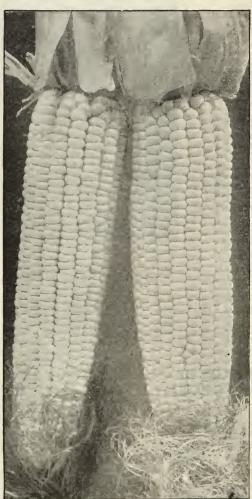
Golden Sunshine. (New.) Fully ten days earlier than Golden Bantam, with ears of the same size and high quality. A boon for the home-garden. ½lb. 60c., lb. \$1, 2 lbs. \$1.75.

HOWLING MOB. A very fine second-early Sweet Corn, maturing about a week to ten days later than the extra-early varieties. Ears 9 to 10 inches long and 16-rowed. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 2lbs. 95 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.25.

whipple's Early Yellow. A practically new yellow Sweet Corn that is growing in favor wherever known. The plants grow 5 to 6 feet high and produce ears 7 to 8 inches long, filled to the tip with 12 to 16 rows of deep, narrow grains of exceptional quality and sweetness. ½1b. 60 cts., lb. 81, 2 lbs. \$1.75.

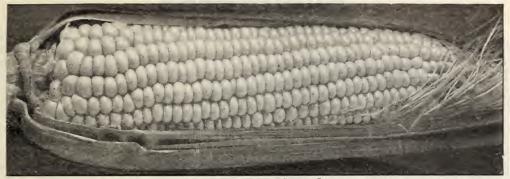
Bantam Evergreen. This fills the gap between Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen. It is an excellent sort of very superior quality. The ears are nearly the size of the Evergreen and are just as sweet as the Golden Bantam. Grains rather broad and of a deep rich golden color. Very desirable Sweet Corn for second-early crop. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Crow Repellent protects the seed from crows. \$1 per can. Enough for ½ bus. seed



Bantam Evergreen Corn

SWEET CORN FROM YOUR OWN GARDEN HAS A FLAVOR THAT IS UNKNOWN IN MARKET SORTS
PACKETS OF ALL VARIETIES OF SWEET CORN, 15 CTS. EACH



Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn

SWEET CORN, continued

Black Mexican. A fine second-early variety, largely planted on account of its great sweetness. Ears 8 inches long, eight-rowed, well filled. The grain is of a bluish black color when ripe. 1/2lb. 25 cts., lb. 40 cts., 2 lbs. 70 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.50.

Squantum, or Potter's Excelsior. A few days earlier than Stowell's Evergreen; ears nearly as large, usually two to the stalk. 1/1b. 25 cts., 1b. 40 cts., 2 lbs. 75 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.75.

Stowell's Evergreen. Extensively planted by market-gardeners for a main crop. The ears are long and thick, sixteen- to twenty-rowed; the grain is pure white, very deep and sweet, remaining a long time "in the milk." Fine for the home table. 1/21b. 30c., 1b. 50c., 2 lbs. 90c., 5 lbs. \$2.

Golden Cream. Excels even the famous Golden Bantam in sweetness. The ears are larger and the grain somewhat smaller, but very deep, arranged in zigzag formation as in Country Gentleman, and of a rich golden yellow color. 1/10b. 35 cts., lb. 60 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Country Gentleman. A well-known late variety of fine quality. Ears 7 to 9 inches long; cob small and densely covered with irregular rows of very sweet, long, slender white grains. 1/2lb. 35 cts., lb. 60 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.10, 5 lbs. \$2.50.

SCHLING'S HARBINGER SWEET CORN THE EARLIEST OF ALL THE EARLIES

To be able to pick Sweet Corn from your own garden at least 10 days ahead of your neighbor is something to be proud of. Schling's Harbinger matures fully 10 days earlier than Golden Bantam or Cory. The ears average 7 inches long, are uniformly 8-rowed, and the flavor is excellent. The stalks grow only 4 feet tell and the care are set leave and also to the stalk. tall and the ears are set low and close to the stalk. A great aquisition—you must have it. ½lb. 60 cts., lb. \$1, 2 lbs. \$1.75.

POP CORN

White Rice. Matures early. Ears 8 to 10 inches long; kernel snowy white and pointed. ½1b. 20c., lb. 30c., 2 lbs. 55c., 5 lbs. \$1.25.

THE BEST FOUR VARIETIES OF FIELD CORN

Improved Early Yellow Canada. Matures in ninety days, and produces a good crop. 5 lbs. \$1, 10 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$10. Longfellow. The popular yellow Flint Corn, where large ears are desired. Matures in 110 days; ears average 10 to 15 inches in length; 5 lbs. \$1, 10 lbs. \$1.75, 25 lbs. \$4, 100 lbs. \$10.

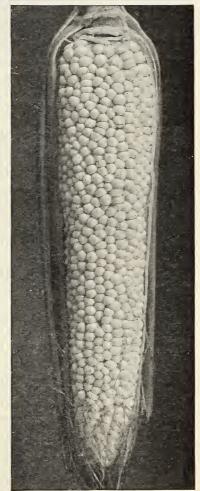
Improved Leaming. Finest, largest, and most productive yellow Dent Corn on the market. Maturing in 110 days and outyielding almost every other Dent variety. 5 lbs. \$1, 10 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$9.

Golden Dent. Immensely productive. Matures in 110 days. The stalks grow tall, with a large amount of foliage; a good ensilage Corn. 5 lbs. \$1, 10 lbs. \$1.75, 25 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$12.

Sweet Fodder Corn. 10 lbs. \$2, 100 lbs. \$15.

DANDELION

Improved Thick-Leaf. Cultivated Dandelion leaves make a delicious salad; they are not nearly so bitter as the wild Dandelion, and are very healthful, as they contain a quantity of iron which the human system requires. Sow and cultivate same as lettuce. To make the leaves more tender, they may be tied together when fully grown, which will blanch them. The variety we offer has very tender leaves which blanch almost naturally. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. \$1.



Country Gentleman Sweet Corn

Use AGRICO CORN FERTILIZER 3-10-6 in your Corn Hills. Tablespoonful to a hill. 100-lb. bag \$5

CUCUMBERS

For very early Cucumbers, start seeds in pots in the frame or greenhouse, and set plants out when all danger of frost is past—about the latter part of May. For main crop, plant



Schling's Perfected White Spine Cucumbers

in hills outdoors, 3 feet apart, the beginning of May. Leave four strong plants to each hill. Cucumbers should be gathered as quickly as they are ready for use, for, if left to ripen, they destroy the productiveness of the vine. For pickling, plant during June and July.

One ounce is sufficient for 40 hills

Davis Perfect. A very fine Cucumber; slender, often 14 inches long, dark green, and of high quality. Productive. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., ½1b. 75 cts.

Schling's Perfected White Spine. Perfect in shape, rich dark green in color, extra early, and of finest quality. The ideal Cucumber for the home-garden; retains its color and good qualities long after being picked. The fruit is exceptionally long, smooth, and tapers at both ends; the flesh is crisp, solid, with but very few seeds. It bears abundantly from the earliest to the latest season. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN. Where a very long, slim Cucumber is desired, this variety is ideal. It is the standard late sort with market-gardeners, and bears its long, slender Cucumbers in great abundance. Dark green in color; flesh white, firm, with very few seeds. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., 1/4lb. 75 cts.

Snow's Perfected Pickling. The most symmetrical, and most productive pickling sort. Early, short-vined, producing fruit suitable for pickling in fifty days from planting. Fruit is even in diameter from end to end, small, early, dark green, and blunt-ended. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 1/4 lb. \$1.

Green Prolific Pickling. Another good and very productive variety for pickling; fruit short, smooth, symmetrical and bright green. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., ½1b, 60 cts.

FORCING or ENGLISH FRAME CUCUMBERS

Suitable only for greenhouse or frame culture. All of them are first-class exhibition varieties and excellent for the table.

Sutton's Delicacy. As an exhibition Cucumber, Sutton's Delicacy commands first attention for its ideal form, attractive appearance, and superior flavor. Usual length about 18 inches. Pkt. 50 cts.

Improved Telegraph. A very fine Frame Cucumber, quick in growth, handsome in appearance, and unusually prolific. Splendid for the table; has taken numerous first prizes. Pkt. 50 cts.

Tender and True. Fruit very long, smooth, dark in color, admirable in form, and of the highest quality. Pkt. 50 cts.

ECCPLANT

Sow seeds in a box or pot in greenhouse or hotbed, in February and March. When about 3 inches high, plant singly into small pots and set plants out in the garden as soon as all danger from frost is past (about May 20) placing them $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart each way.

One packet will furnish 100 plants; one ounce, about 1,000

New York Improved Purple. Large, round, deep purple fruit, often weighing from ten to twelve pounds, of excellent quality, and free from spines. The plants grow vigorously, and produce from four to five well-developed fruits. Will bear well until frost. Pkt. 20 cts., ½0z. 60 cts., oz. \$1, ½lb. \$3.50.

Improved Black Beauty. Fully as large as New York Improved. Purple, and about a week earlier. Fruit is of deep black-purple color of finest quality. Pkt. 20 cts., ½oz. 60 cts., oz. \$1, ¼lb. \$3.50.

Fertilize your Eggplants with STIM-U-PLANT tablets, three to a plant once every month. 100 tablets 75 cts.



New York Improved Eggplant

SOME SEEDS ARE GOOD, OTHERS BETTER; SCHLING'S ARE THE BEST. POOR SEEDS ARE CHEAP IN THE BEGINNING, BUT WHEN THE LABOR AND TIME WASTED IN CARING FOR THEM ARE CONSIDERED, THEY ARE EXPENSIVE IN THE END.

One ounce of seed will plant 100 feet of drill ENDIVE

An excellent and very palatable salad, especially valuable for late fall and early winter use. For first crop, sow seeds outdoors the middle of April and, for successions, small sowings can be made every three weeks. The main sowing for fall and winter crop should

be made in July. As soon as plants are large enough to handle, thin out, or transplant to 1 foot apart in the row. When fully grown or nearly so, tie the leaves together at the top to bleach them. They whiten in about a week's time. The leaves can be cooked the same as spinach. The French are very fond of Endive as a boiled vegetable.

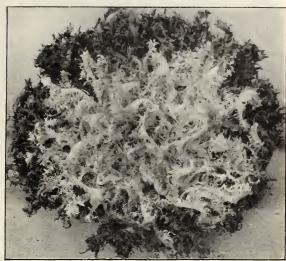
Schling's Extra-Fine Green

Curled. For winter salads, this valuable and very ornamental Endive deserves the widest cultivation. The leaves are finely laciniated, and the whole plant presents a very attractive appearance. Blanches rapidly, and is very tender. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 30 cts., oz. 50 cts., ½1b. \$1.75. Blanches

White Curled. Is identical with our Green Curled in appearance except that the leaves are paler in color. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 20 cts., oz. 35 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.25.

Broad - Leaved Batavian or

Escarolle. This is an especially fine salad Endive. The leaves are large



Schling's Extra-Fine Green Curled Endive

and broad, and furnish more greens than the curly varieties. The midribs are thick, fleshy, crisp, and very tender. Not so large, but as delicious as French Endive or Witloof Chicory, and much more easily grown. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.75.

FENNEL

Florence. A delicious vegetable. The bases of the leaf-stalks are thick and bulb-like, and can be eaten raw like celery, or boiled. They have a mild, aromatic, sweet flavor. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

GARLIC SETS

The Garlic hardly ever flowers in our climate; therefore we can offer only sets or bulbs. The variety we offer is mild and excellent for flavoring. Lb. \$1.

HORSE-RADISH

Small roots planted in early spring will be of size for use by midsummer. Plant in rows 1 foot apart, and 3 inches deep. To save space they may be planted in be-tween cabbages or other growing crops. Horse-radish does best in highly fertilized ground, and should be planted anew each year. 25 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100, \$15 per 1,000.

HERB SEEDS

All the popular kitchen Herbs, the leaves of which are used for flavoring. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are permanent and, once established, will remain for years. The others are annuals and must be resown each spring. The leaves of nearly all of them retain their flavor when dried and can be preserved for winter in jars or bottles.

Basil, Sweet (Ocimum Basilicum). Largely employed in French cookery for flavoring. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

Borage (Borago officinalis). The leaves have the flavor of cucumbers and are used in salads or boiled as spinach. The whole plant is very stately, with beautiful forget-me-not-blue flowers. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 60 cts.

Chervil, Curled. The leaves are used in salads, for garnishing, and for flavoring. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.

*Chives. Onion-like plant, the leaves of which are used in salads for seasoning and flavoring. Seeds, pkt. 25 cts., ¼oz. \$1; plants, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz. Dill (Anethum graveolens). Both the foliage and seeds are used in flavoring. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts.

*Fennel, Sweet (Anethum Fæniculum). The leaves are rather sweet to the taste, used for garnishing and in making of fish sauces. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 60 cts.

*Lavender, Common (Lavandula spica). A popular aromatic herb, emitting a delightful fragrance. Also used for flavoring. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.

Lavender, True (Lavandula vera). Both leaves and flowers emit a delightful fragrance, either green or when dried. The oil of lavender used in lavender-water is distilled from the flowers. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.25.

Marjoram, Sweet (Origanum Majorana). A popular Herb for seasoning. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts.

*Mint. (Plants only.) 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

*Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinalis). A decorative, hardy, vigorous shrub. A tea made from the leaves will relieve headache. Also distilled to obtain an essential oil valuable as a hair-wash. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.50.

*Sage, Broad-leaved (Salvia officinalis). A favorite kitchen Herb; the leaves are used for flavoring dressings and sauces. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Savory, Summer (Satureia hortensis). Aromatic flavoring and seasoning Herb; gives a delicious flavor to beans pickled for winter. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.25.

Tarragon (Artemisia Dracunculus; Estragon). We have the genuine French Tarragon, the leaves of which give a delicious flavoring to salads. Also used in Tarragon vinegar. Plants, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

*Thyme, Broad-leaved English (Thymus vulgaris). Leaves are used for flavoring dressings and in sauces. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.25.

PLAN TO HAVE A SMALL BORDER OF KITCHEN HERBS IN YOUR GARDEN

KOHLRABI

The Kohlrabi is not sufficiently known or valued in America. It is really a delicious and excellent vegetable and should be grown in every garden. The edible portion is the large bulb which forms on a stem above the soil. Boiled, sliced, and served with a cream sauce, it makes a delicious dish. The bulbs should be used when the size of a small apple, as they become woody



when very old (except our Silver-Flesh Giant). For this reason, successive sowings should be made until the middle of August. For very early crop, sow in hotbed and transplant outdoors the latter part of April. For regular crop, sow outdoors about April 15, in drills 2 feet apart, and cover seed with ½ inch of soil. When well up, thin out to 8 inches apart in a row.

One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill

Schling's Silver-Flesh Giant The only Kohlrabi without the slightest trace of woody fiber. See illustration, page 61

A beautiful blue-skinned Kohlrabi of enormous size. A beautiful blue-skinned Komrabi of enormous size, often as large as a baby's head, with fine-grained, silvery white flesh that remains just as tender and juicy very white flesh that remains just as tender and juicy in full-grown bulbs as it is in the small young bulbs. It excels all other Kohlrabi in tenderness and delicacy of flavor and is, at all times, no matter how large or old the bulbs are, absolutely free of woody fiber. In spite of its size and tenderness, the bulbs are solid and keep for several months when stored for the winter. Ready for the table in eight weeks from sowings. Pkt. 50 cts., ½0z. \$2, ½0z. \$3.50, oz. \$6.

Early White Short-leaved Vienna Kohlrabi Early White Short-leaved Vienna. Handsome, very finest quality. Large enough to be eaten in six weeks from time of sowing. Good for forcing or outdoors. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. 65 cts., 14lb. \$2.

Early Purple Short-leaved Vienna. Purple skin; white flesh; equally tender and fine as the white variety.

Pkt. 20 cts., oz. 65 cts., 1/4lb. \$2.

KALE or BORECOLE

Splendid greens for fall, winter and early spring use, boiled and served like spinach. The sweet and delicate flavor of the leaves is considerably improved by freezing. The plant is entirely hardy, and leaves can be cut all through the winter.

One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill

EXTRA-DOUBLE DWARF GREEN SCOTCH CURLED. Densely crisped and curled leaves of a deep

green color and delicate flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., ½lb. \$1.50.

Dwarf Brown Curled. In every respect the same as the above except that the leaves are of a rich purplish brown color, and are considered by many to be more tender. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., ½lb. \$1.75.

LEEK

A splendid vegetable for flavoring soups and stews; used in the same manner as onions, but of a milder and more agreeable flavor. Sow in drills a foot apart as soon as the ground opens, and thin out, when plants are large enough, to 6 inches. One ounce will plant 125 feet of drill.

DOBBIE'S INTERNATIONAL PRIZE. A Leek of great length and thickness. Pure white, attractive stems. Many first prizes have been awarded to this variety. Pkt. 20 cts., ½ oz. 30 cts., oz. \$1.

SUTTON'S PRIZETAKER. (Imported seed.) A favorite variety in England; of immense size, thick, pure white stems, and green, narrow, creet leaves; mild and very tender. This variety also has received numerous prize medals at exhibitions. Pkt. 20 cts., 1/4 oz. 30 cts., oz. \$1.

Large Broad American Flag.

The popular American variety. Of very fine quality, early, and productive. Pkt. 15 ets., ½oz. 25 cts., oz. 40 cts.

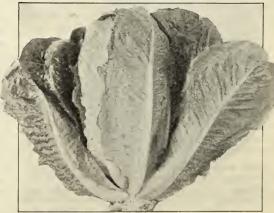
ROMAINE or COS LETTUCE

Plant the same as Lettuce, in very rich soil.

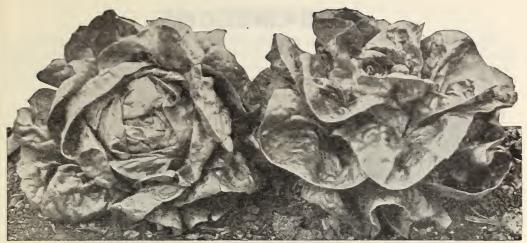
Schling's Improved Silver Cos.

We recommend this variety as the finest and most highly selected strain of white Cos Lettuce in cultivation. Heads of the largest size, perfect in form, self-folding, and very crisp. Does not easily run to seed, and is of superior quality in every way. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. 60 cts., ¼lb. \$2.25.

Paris White Cos. Grows to a large size, self-folding and erisp. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 40 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.



Schling's Improved Silver Cos Lettuce



Big Boston Lettuce

LETTUCE

With the proper selection of varieties, a continuous supply of Lettuce can be had throughout the season by sowing seed outside at intervals of two weeks, from April 15 to August 15. Use the head Lettuce for early and late sowing, and the leaf Lettuce during the summer months. To produce solid heads, plant in very rich soil. For first-early crop, sow in hotbed in March, and transplant outside the middle of April. Sow outdoors as soon as the ground opens, in drills from 1 to 2 feet apart, covering the seed with ¼inch of soil. Thin out to 10 inches apart. Lettuce should not be transplanted after May 15, or you will not get heads. Drop two or three seeds every 10 inches and leave the strongest plant to grow.

One ounce is sufficient for 100 feet of drill

Early May King. Heads 6 to 7 inches across, with broad, light green outer leaves, slightly tinged with brown at top. Hearts crisp, tender, and highly attractive in appearance. Although ready for use almost as soon as the earliest varieties, it is among the last to run to seed. One of the best for spring sowing. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. 50 cts., ½lb. \$1.75.

BIG BOSTON. A solid head Lettuce of great size. Has very few waste leaves; indeed, the plant is nearly all heart, exceedingly crisp and sweet. Well adapted for spring and fall culture and for forcing in coldframes. Pkt. 15 ets., oz. 50 ets., 1/41b. \$1.75.

California Cream Butter. The hearts blanch to a beautiful creamy yellow color; tender and of a buttery flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 141b. \$1.

Mignonette. Small, but a most dependable tightleading Lettuce of russet color and so firm that there are scarcely any waste leaves. The heart is yellow, tender, and crisp. An excellent variety for the home garden. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.75.

MAMMOTH BLACK-SEEDED BUTTER. An immense, very solid head Lettuce, recommended especially for second-early and late planting. Heads fully 8 inches in diameter, with a large, solid heart and few outside leaves. Stands the heat well, and remains solid for a long time. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

Wonderful. A cabbage Lettuce of great size and one of the most reliable, sure-heading sorts for all the year round. Heads solid, crisp, and tender; stands the heat well. Try it in your garden. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. 60 cts., 1/4lb. \$2.25.

lceberg. A very fine variety for summer use; large, solid heads, crisp and tender. Heads very firm, hard, and well blanched; stands the heat well. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., ½1b. \$1.75.

Early Curled Simpson. The best and most popular of the early loose-heading varieties, succeeding everywhere right through the season, and always reliable. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½1b. \$1.

Schling's Ideal Earliest Forcing.

Matures in thirty-five days; small, but very choice, solid heads about 3 inches in diameter with scarcely any outside leaves; hearts beautifully blanched and very tender. On account of its small size, it may be planted close together, and is especially valuable for forcing in the greenhouse, hotbed, or coldframe. Does not stand the heat, and should be used for forcing and first-early crop only. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. 60 cts., ½lb. \$2.25.



May King Lettuce

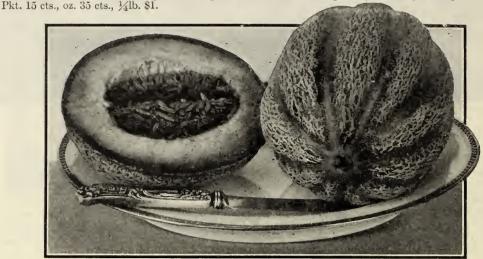
To grow fine crisp and hard heads of Lettuce you must fertilize. Use WHITE ROSE PLANT FOOD in drills, one pound to 50 feet. Lb. 25 cts., 5 lbs. 75 cts., 10 lbs. \$1.25, 25 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$6.50

MUSKMELONS

Muskmelons succeed best in light, rich soil, preferably sod-soil. They should be planted in well-enriched hills from 4 to 6 feet apart. For very early Melons, start seed in pots and plant outdoors when the weather is settled, about May 20. For main crop, plant outside the middle of May, six to eight seeds in each hill. Leave four of the strongest plants to grow.

One ounce is sufficient for 50 hills

Emerald Gem. A splendid extra-early variety; fruits emerald-green in color, globular, slightly flattened, irregularly ribbed, and beautifully netted. Flesh very thick, of a deep rich salmon color, and deliciously sweet. A good Melon for the home-garden; can always be depended upon.



Emerald Gem Muskmelons

HONEYDEW. A Melon of great size and delicious flavor. Flesh thick, sweet, keeps excellently after it is picked. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

Rocky Ford. Flesh thick and deep green, showing a fine lining of gold at the center. A Melon of highest quality. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.

Montreal Market (Green Nutmeg). An excellent and very large Melon, often weighing eighteen to twenty pounds. Fruit round, flattened at both ends, light green, deeply ribbed, and well netted. Flesh green, re-

markably thick, and of richest flavor. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 35 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.

Hackensack. A large, round Muskmelon of fine quality, deeply and irregularly ribbed, and heavily netted; the flesh is green. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½lb. \$1.

Paul Rose. An oblong Melon of medium size; deep green, slightly ribbed, and prettily netted. Flesh very thick, deep salmon color, and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

ENGLISH MELONS FOR FORCING

Sutton's Emerald Gem. A superb Melon of large size, finely netted, and of delicious flavor. Flesh unusually thick, of a rich green color. On the table this Melon needs no recommendation and has proved a formidable competitor on the exhibition stage. Pkt. 50 cts.

Sutton's Superlative. A fruit of medium size, almost round, and handsomely netted. Flesh scarlet and very thick, of an exceptionally rich flavor. Pkt. 50 cts.

Blenheim Orange. Beautifully netted. Sets well and is very delicious. Pkt. 50 cts.

WATERMELONS

Plant the same as muskmelon, except that the hills should be at least 8 feet apart.

One ounce will plant 30 hills

Hungarian Honey. An extremely early and very luscious Melon. It is the easiest to grow of all Watermelons, matures early, and will ripen as far north as Canada. The fruits are uniformly globe-shaped, of a solid dark green color; flesh brilliant red, ripening clear ro the rind. Its color and luscious flavor are tempting to the most exacting and critical taste. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½lb. \$1.

Cole's Early. A very early sort of fine quality; fruit medium size, nearly round; flesh red, luscious and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., 141b. 75 cts.

KLECKLEY SWEETS. Fruit oblong, about 20 inches in length, with thin rind; sugary and crisp; ripens early. An excellent and sure variety for the home garden. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ½1b. 50 cts.

Tom Watson. Probably the best-shaped Melon, and one of the finest for main crop. Fruit very large, oblong; flesh rich red, juicy, and of finest quality. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½1b. \$1.

Citron. A round, light- and dark-striped Melon; meat greenish white. Used for preserving only. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/4lb. 75 cts.

ONIONS

Onions require rich, mellow soil to develop into large bulbs. They are among the few vegetables which will grow in the same land for a number of years. Sow thinly in shallow drills, 1 foot or more apart, as soon as the ground opens, and cover seed lightly.

Thin out to 4 inches apart. To obtain very large specimens, follow the new Onion-culture, which is to sow the seed in the hotbed or greenhouse in February and March, and transplant outdoors the middle of April in well-fertilized ground. It is much cheaper to raise a crop of Onions from seed than from sets; not only larger bulbs are obtained, but they will keep better. Successive plantings can be made until July.

There is a good profit possible in growing Onions for market, and the varieties that we list below are the cream of present-day sorts for that purpose. Fine for exhibition, too.

Ailsa Craiq. Selected Stock. The largest and heaviest cropping Onion, and a splendid keeper. Unrivaled in perfection of form, size, and weight; mild in flavor; outside skin of light straw color. It is a favorite variety for exhibition purposes. Bulbs weighing three and one-half to four pounds are not infrequent. Pkt. 25 cts., ½oz. \$1, oz. \$1.75.

CRANSTON'S EXCELSIOR. Imported Seed. A very fine straw-colored Onion of great size and perfect form. A variety of English origin, grown very largely for exhibition. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.25, oz. \$2.



Southport Yellow Globe Onion

Prizetaker. One of our finest and best-keeping American Onions. Of mild flavor, very productive and a sure cropper. Bulbs are globe-shaped and of a light straw color. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 40 cts., oz. 75 cts., ¼lb. \$2.75.

Large White Globe. The True Southport Strain. Of true globe form, 2 to 2½ inches in diameter, with a thin delicate skin of purest paper whiteness. Flesh is very crisp, fine-garden and usually commands the highest price in market. Pkt. 20 cts., ½oz. 60 cts., oz. \$1, ¼lb. \$3.50.

YELLOW GLOBE SOUTHPORT. A fine yellow Onion for the home-garden or for market; of mild flavor. The bulbs are all true globe-shaped, with a small neck and a heavy, thick skin which makes it an excellent-keeping sort. The color is deep yellow, and the flesh, white, crisp, and mild. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 40 cts., oz. 75 cts., ½1b. \$2.75.

RED GLOBE SOUTHPORT. The finest type, and the most popular of the red Onions. The bulbs are large, distinctly globe-shaped, with a small neck, and are excellent keepers; color deep purplish red. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 40 cts., oz. 75 cts., ¼1b. \$2.75.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. A fine, large, rather flat Onion of a deep purplish red color. Noted for its productiveness and for its keeping qualities. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 35 cts., oz. 60 cts., ¼1b. \$2.

ONION SETS

Onions of size for boiling may be had as early as June, by planting these Sets in spring as soon as the ground opens. They can be pulled when young and eaten green as scallions. Set out in rows 1 foot apart, and 4 inches apart in the row.

et out in rows 1 100t apart, and 4 inches apart in the row.	Ot.	4 ats.
White Globe Southport	\$0 50	\$1 85
Yellow Globe Southport	50	1 85
Red Globe Southport 30	. 50	1 85
Ebenezer (Japanese Yellow). Very fine	65	2 50
Egyptian, or Top Onions. Fall delivery only. Lb. 40 cts., 10 lbs. \$3.		
SHALLOTS. Grown for scallions, and fine for flavoring salads. Lb. 75 cts.		

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE

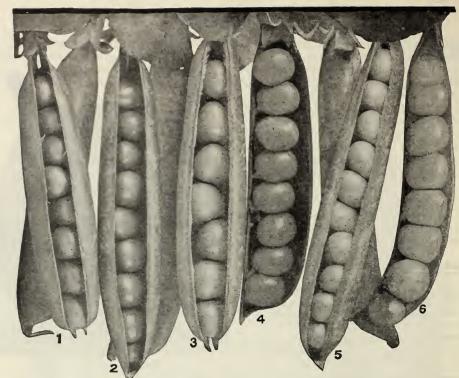
OKRA, or GUMBO

White Velvet. A row of Okra should be in every garden. The young and tender seed-vessels, which should be cut when 3 to 4 inches long, make a delicious vegetable; a favorite dish in the South. Okra is also much used in soups and sauces. Sow outdoors in drills, beginning of May, and cover with about 1 inch of soil. When well up, thin out to 10 inches apart. Never allow the seed to ripen on the stalks, as that will check the growth of the plants and curb productiveness. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., ½4lb. 75 cts.

MUSTARD

White London. The young leaves are splendid for salads and garnishing. A mixture of Mustard and cress is a favorite salad in England. To have a continual supply of tender leaves, frequent sowings should be made. One ounce will plant 40 feet of drill. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 75 cts.

HYPER HUMUS. Onions thrive in it; use it liberally in the rows. 100 lbs. \$3, ton \$40, F. O. B. New York. 100 lbs. \$2.50, ton \$22, F. O. B. Warbasse, N. J.



Would like to say your Peas are wonderful. We planted April 4, and had our first mess June 12.—Mr. J. L. PATTERSON, Cedaredge, Colo.

Delicious Green Peas from June to August

Do You Know This Secret? Do you know how to avoid the usual disappointment of a poor Pea crop after mid-July? It is easy to get big crops of luscious juicy Peas "falling right over one another," in steady succession even up to late August—if you learn this secret:

Instead of planting at 2-or-3-week intervals, get the following picked varieties and plant all at once in early spring, the moment the ground can be worked. This will allow a good root system to develop before hot weather comes. The varieties will bear in the order shown below (and pictured above), beginning about June 20 and keeping up a steady succession of big mouth-watering crops until late August.

1. Schling's Pedigree Extra-Early.

Height, $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet. The earliest Pea grown; large, well-filled pods, borne in great quantities. Pkt. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 40 cts., 2 lbs. 75 cts., 8 lbs. \$2.75.

- 2. Gradus, or Prosperity. Height, 3 feet. Pods as large as Telephone; follows our Pedigree Extra-Early. Pods well filled with Peas of delicious flavor. Very sweet. Pkt. 15c., ½lb. 30c., lb. 55c., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.25.
- 3. Sutton's Excelsior. Height, 1½ feet. Pods fully as large as those of Gradus. Very sweet. Pkt. 15 cts., ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.25.
- 4. Dwarf Champion.

 Broad pods, well filled with very sweet Peas of even size. Pkt. 15 cts., ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 45 cts., 2 lbs. 85 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.
- 5. Improved Telephone. Height, 5 feet. Enormous pods, well filled with Peas of the finest quality. Pkt. 15 cts., ½1b. 30 cts., 1b. 45 cts., 2 lbs. 85 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.
- G. Heroine. Height, 4 feet. Follows Telephone, and is the latest to mature of all curved, well filled with tender Peas of finest quality. Pkt. 15c., ½1b. 30c., lb. 55c., 2 lbs. \$1, 8 lbs. \$3.60.

Special Collection	
	If wanted by parcel post, add postage at your zone rate

Give yourself a real treat!

Never mind how small your garden is—you have pienty of room for Peas. Send in your order to-day!

You may even prolong the season for another week or two by making a second planting of No. 6 (Heroine) about two or three weeks later, but not after May 10. All varieties except No. 3 grow fairly tall and require support. We advise planting in double rows with a center support to which the vines of both rows can cling. Cover seed from 3 to 4 inches and allow a space of 3 feet between double rows of each variety.

IMPORTANT. All varieties in this collection must be planted at one time as early in the spring as the ground can be worked

OTHER GOOD CARDEN PEAS

American Wonder. Height, 1 foot. Dwarf, but very productive. One of the best varieties for the small garden in towns or cities, where space is limited. ½lb. 25 cts., lb. 40 cts., 2 lbs. 75c., 8 lbs. \$2.75.

Nott's Excelsior. Height, 1½ feet. Dwarf, extra early; very large pods, with Peas of delicious flavor. One of the most prolific of the early sorts; can be planted right through the season for a succession. Pkt. 10 cts., ½lb. 25 cts., lb. 40 cts., 2 lbs. 75 cts.,

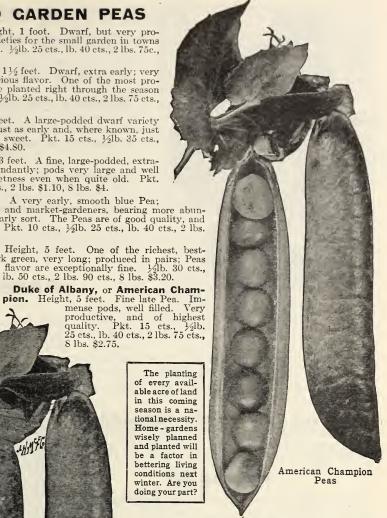
Laxtonian. Height, 1½ feet. A large-podded dwarf variety on the order of Gradus, and just as early and, where known, just as popular. Prolific and very sweet. Pkt. 15 cts., ½lb. 35 cts., lb. 65 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.25, 8 lbs. \$4.80.

Improved Pilot. Height, 3 feet. A fine, large-podded, extra-early, smooth Pea; bears abundantly; pods very large and well filled. Peas retain their sweetness even when quite old. Pkt. 15 cts., ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 60 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.10, 8 lbs. \$4.

Alaska. Height, 2½ feet. A very early, smooth blue Pea; popular variety with canners and market gardeners, bearing more abundantly than any other extra-early sort. The Peas are of good quality, and sweet if picked when young. Pkt. 10 cts., ½ lb. 25 cts., lb. 40 cts., 2 lbs. 75 ets., 8 lbs. \$2.75.

Champion of England. Height, 5 feet. One of the richest, best-flavored late Peas. Pods dark green, very long; produced in pairs; Peas wrinkled and the quality and flavor are exceptionally fine. 1/21b. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 90 cts., 8 lbs. \$3.20.





EDIBLE-PODDED or SUGAR

The edible part is the pod—not the Peas. The pods are fleshy, tender, juicy, very sweet, stringless, and are cooked and served like string beans. In Europe, Sugar Peas are grown in great quantities, and we feel confident that they will become equally popular here when better known. Try them!

Mammoth Melting Sugar. Height, 4½ ft. Very tender, broad pods, from 3 to 4 inches long, fleshy and free from membrane. Remarkable for its abundant and prolonged production. Pkt. 15 cts., ½lb. 40 cts., lb. 75 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.25, 8 lbs. \$4.80.

Dwarf Gray-seeded Sugar. Height, 21/2 feet. A dwarf but very productive variety, with tender pods equally good but not so large as the Mammoth Melting Sugar. For small gardens or where brush is not obtainable, this variety is recommended. Pkt. 15 cts., ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1, & lbs. \$3.50.

Plant Peas early. Fertilize with NITROPHOSKA. One pound to 50 feet of drill at planting. Top dress once a month. The crop will surprise you. Lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2, 10 lbs. \$3, 25 lbs. \$5, 100 lbs. \$3

Laxtonian Peas



Parslev

PARSLEY

Sow seed as early in spring as possible, in shallow drills, covering with about 1/2 inch of soil. Three to four weeks are required for germination.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill

Schling's Triple Curled. The finest Parsing. Leaves deep green, exquisitely curled, and highly ornamental. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 25 cts., oz. 40 cts., ¼lb. \$1.25.

Champion Moss Curled. The leaves are not so heavy in appearance as our Triple Curled, but are also very finely curled, and excellent for garnishing. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., 1/41b. 75c.

Plain-leaved. The leaves are flat, deeply cut but not curled, and have a very strong Parsley flavor; especially recommended for soups and sauces. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., ½1b. 75c.

ARGE-ROOTED HAMBURG or TURNIP-ROOTED. In this kind it is not the leaves, but the thick fleshy roots which form the edible part of the plant. These roots are long, of a white color, and almost like a parsnip in shape. The flesh is white and imparts a delicate Parsley flavor when used in soups and stews. Pkt. 10 ctc., oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 75 cts.

PARSNIPS

Parsnips are rich in saccharine and of great food-value. A few frosts make the roots sweeter, and it is best not to dig them up for storing until November. Sow outdoors about April 15, in

drills 2 feet apart; cover seed with ½ inch of soil; thin out to 4 inches apart. To aid quick and proper development, plow or spade the soil deeply before planting.

Improved Long Smooth Hollow-Crown.

Roots about 15 inches long, with a diameter at the top of $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches; handsome form; skin white and smooth. Far superior to all other varieties. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., 1/4lb. 75 cts.

PEPPERS

Sow seed in the hotbed, coldframe, or greenhouse in March, and transplant in the open when all danger of frost is past, about May 20. Large-fruited Peppers are fine for stuffing and pickling; the small, pointed sorts are used in sauces and pickles.

Chinese Giant. One of the largest of the mild Peppers. Fruits thick, blocky, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, and of equal length. They remain green for a long time when fully grown and are excellent for stuffing. Pkt. 20 cts., stuffing. I

Large Bell or Bull Nose. A very produc-tive Pepper; fruits measure 3 inches across each way, and contain few seeds; flesh thick and mild. Excellent for Excellent stuffing and pickling. Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. 30 cts., oz. \$1.



Improved Long Smooth Hollow-Crown

Long Narrow Cayenne or Lady Finger. The seed-vessels are pendent, slender, long, and conical in shape. They are always very pungent and excellent in pickles and sauces. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts.

Harris Early Giant Pepper. Matures fully two weeks ahead of all others and is immensely productive. The large, meaty fruits of very mild, fine flavor are excellent for salads as well as for stuffing, and the best for the home-garden. Pkt. 25 cts., \(\frac{1}{4}\omegaz.\) 75 cts.



Chinese Giant Pepper

POTATOES

Potatoes do particularly well on sod-ground or pasture-land, where the turf has been freshly turned. Tubers are usually cut into two-eyed pieces; plant in April in furrows of good depth about 3 feet apart. Scatter a liberal quantity of manure or fertilizer along the drill, and set the seed from 10 inches to a foot apart in the row. Cover with 4 inches of soil, and cultivate frequently after the plants are up. Our Potatoes are northern-grown, from selected stock seed, in soils especially adapted to each variety, and excel in quality, vigor, purity, and productiveness. At the time of going to press, actual prices cannot be determined, and those quoted are only approximate. We ask all interested to write for prices; our stock is very select and we meet all reliable competition. Other varieties not listed here can be supplied.

EARLY POTATOES

The popular standard early Potato; red skin, mealy, and of fine quality. Our stock Early Rose. The popular standard early rotato, led skin, meary, and of the quantum is genuine, and grown on virgin soil. If planted in April, Potatoes may be dug as early as July 1.

IRISH COBBLER, PEDIGREE STOCK. The finest and most productive extra-early white Potato grown. Tubers are uniform, round, plump, and handsome; the flesh is white, and of splendid quality. Cobblers do well anywhere. They can be dug early, and are also excellent keepers.

Early Bovee. A very good, prolific, early Potato, red skin, white flesh, mealy, and of fine quality.

New Queen. Probably the largest of all early Potatoes. Of excellent quality; flesh white and dry.

Beauty of Hebron. A medium-early Potato of good quality. Tubers smooth, white, skin slightly tinged with pink, of superb flavor. They keep well and are extensively grown for winter use.

LATE POTATOES

Improved Green Mountain. A large, white-skinned Potato of finest quality, and an excellent keeper. We recommend this variety especially for main crop. The tubers are oblong, the flesh dry and mealy. A Potato especially desirable for baking.

Carman No. 1. Another very fine Potato for main crop. The tubers are round, white, and of finest quality. An immense yielder and good keeper.

Rural New Yorker. A very popular standard, late, round, white Potato; a good keeper.

Uncle Sam. Somewhat larger, but otherwise similar to Green Mountain in type and habit of growth.

State of Maine. A very profitable late Potato; tubers large and white; a good keeper.

The prices for CERTIFIED MAINE SEED POTATOES in all varieties as above, 15 lbs. (peck) \$1.75, 60 lbs. (bushel) \$6, 150-lb. sack \$14

UNCERTIFIED MAINE SEED POTATOES in all varieties above at \$12 per sack, \$5.50 per bushel

A GOOD SPRAY WILL GREATLY INCREASE THE VALUE OF YOUR POTATO CROP. PYROX KILLS POTATO BUGS AND PREVENTS BLIGHT. TWO SPRAYS IN ONE, See page 118

PUMPKIN

Plant in hills 6 feet apart in May. Allow three plants to grow in each hill. The ground for Pumpkins should be rich. They may also be planted in corn hills.

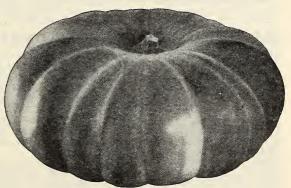
An ounce will sow 40 hills

Large Cheese. An excellent Pumpkin for pies; shape flat. Pumpkins often 15 inches across the top; a good keeper. Pkt. 10c., oz. 30c., ¼lb. 75c., lb. \$2.50.

Small Early Sugar or New England Pie. Unexcelled for canning and pies. Fruit small and round, without ribs; skin light yellow covered with a fine gray netting; flesh yellow and very thick. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ½lb. 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

KING OF THE MAMMOTHS. Specimens have been known to weigh 250 pounds. Fruit round and slightly flattened; skin salmon-orange; flesh bright yellow and very thick. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., ¼lb. \$1.50.

WINTER LUXURY. Round, medium in size, with a golden yellow skin which is closely netted like that of muskmelon. Fine for every purpose and an exceptionally good keeper. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.



Large Cheese Pumpkin

RHUBARB or PIE-PLANT

It takes too long to raise Rhubarb from seed, so we are offering extra-strong clumps which will produce thick, succulent stems the first season.

Victoria and Strawberry. Either, strong clumps, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

RADISHES

Our Radishes are unsurpassed in quality, earliness, and purity. Seed can be sown in a hotbed any time during the winter, and outdoors as soon as the ground opens, and for succession every two weeks. Maturing quickly, they may be planted in between other crops. One ounce will plant a row 75 feet long

EARLY RADISHES

Schling's Earliest Forcing. The earliest Radish for forcing or outdoor culture. The roots are round, bright scarlet, with the smallest possible top, and of the very best quality. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 20 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

Non Plus Ultra. Round, dark red, small top; matures quickly. Excellent for forcing. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 20 cts., ½1b. 60 cts.

Schling's Earliest Forcing Radishes

Extra-Early Scarlet Turnip, White-Tipped Forcing. A rapid-forcing, round variety; scarlet, tipped white at bottom. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 15 cts., oz. 30 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.

EARLY TRIUMPH or SPECKLED BEAUTY. Globe-shaped, with very small top, ready to pull in twenty-one days. In color, it is entirely distinct; very The roots are white, handsomely speckled and splashed with red. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 20 cts., oz. 35 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.25.

French Breakfast. A tender and delicious Radish, ready for use in twenty-one days. Roots olive-shaped, scarlet, tipped with white at bottom. The seed we offer is a true Parisian strain. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼lb. 60 cts.

Forcing Scarlet Globe or Rocket Radish. The Globe or Rocket Radishes are larger in size than the early round varieties, equally fine in flavor, and mature just as quickly. The roots are true globe-shape, with a small top; always crisp and tender, and do not become pithy in hot weather.

RED ROCKET (Scarlet Globe). Pkt. 10 cts., oz.

25 cts., 11b. 75 cts.
WHITE ROCKET (Pure White). Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., 14lb. 75 cts.
WHITE-TIPPED RED ROCKET. Pkt. 10 cts.,

oz. 25 cts., 1/4lb. 75 cts.

SUMMER, FALL, AND WINTER RADISHES

Sow seed of the winter varieties in June and July, and in November pull the full-grown Radishes and store in the cellar for use during the winter. They attain a very large size and the flesh is deliciously crisp and pungent. Peeled and served in thin slices, they make a fine relish and are a welcome addition to the winter menu.

ICICLE. Roots 6 inches long, and from ¾ to 1 inch broad at top. Ready for use in thirty to thirty-five days from planting. Very tender, crisp, and juicy. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 20 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

Long White Vienna or Lady Finger. Larger than Icicle, and more or less tinged with green at the top of the root. Always good. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 15 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼lb. 60 cts.

LONG BLACK SPANISH. Roots 8 to 9 inches long, 2 to 3 inches in diameter, and nearly black; flesh white and firm. A splendid keeper. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 20 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

Round Black Spanish. Roots are round, inclined to top-shape, 3 to 4 inches in diameter, almost black; flesh white, crisp, and pungent. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼1b. 60 cts.

SALSIFY or VEGETABLE OYSTER

Sow, in early spring, in drills 18 inches apart; cover the seed with ½ inch of soil. Seedlings should be thinned out to 4 inches apart in the drills. Ready for use in October; can be stored in the cellar over winter or left outside. A few frosts improve the flavor. The roots, when boiled, make a delicious vegetable, and the tenderest leaves form a very good salad.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. One of the finest varieties grown. Roots short, thick, very uniform in size, tender, and delicious. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.50.

Black Vegetable Oyster or Scorzonera. Generally conceded to be the equal of the white variety in quality, with the additional advantage that, once planted, the roots will keep over and again be fit for use the second year, even though the plants have produced stems and flowers in the course of the summer. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts.

SORREL

Sorrel is used as greens like spinach. Mixed with spinach, it adds a delicious flavor to it. Also extensively used in French cookery. Sow in shallow drills in April. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. 65 cts., ¼lb. \$2.

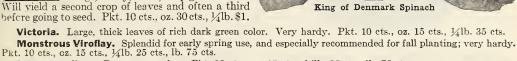


Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify

SPINACH With the exception of our Perpetual and New Zealand, Spinach can be successfully grown only during cool weather in early spring or late fall. Sow in drills 1 foot or more apart as early as the ground can be worked, and, for succession, until May 1, and again the latter part of August until September 15. To produce large leaves and luxuriant growth, good soil is necessary. The best Spirach seed is grown in France and Holland. The seed production last year in these countries was far below normal, and while we have a good supply of seed, we advise placing orders for Spinach early.

Schling's Perfected Long-

Season. Large, heavy, thick, deep green leaves. Will yield a second crop of leaves and often a third before going to seed. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb.\$1.



Long-standing. Deep green color. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

King of Denmark. A new spring Spinach from the cold climes of Denmark. Remarkable for its long-standing qualities and immense leaves of deepest green. In our tests it has stood fully two weeks longer than any other variety before going to seed. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts.. 1/4lb. \$1.

TWO FINE SPINACHES FOR USE DURING SUMMER

Schling's Perpetual Summer. Here is a real Spinach that will grow well and furnish an abundant supply of Spinach all through the summer. It is not a Swiss chard or anything like it; it grows close to the ground and produces an abundance of dark green leaves. Immediately after one gathering has been made, fresh leaves appear and a constant supply of Spinach is kept up throughout the summer and autumn months. Do not fail to plant a row of it in your garden. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.50.

NEW ZEALAND. Forms vines 2 to 3 feet long from which the thick, fleshy, dark green leaves can be picked continuously throughout the summer; grows well in the hottest weather. Plant in hills a foot apart; seeds should be soaked in hot water over night before planting, as the shell is very hard. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 141b. 70 cts.

SQUASHES

Plant in hills about May 10 in well-manured ground, the early bush varieties 3 feet apart, and the running sorts from 6 to 8 feet apart. They may also be planted in corn-hills.

Mammoth White Bush Scalloped. A very early summer Squash. Upper part of fruit flattened and scalloped, under part smooth, creamy white in color. Also known as Pattypan. Pkt. 10 ets., oz. 30 ets., 1/4lb. \$1.

Golden Custard (Mammoth Yellow Bush). See illustration. Color deep orange. A very delicious Squash. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.25.

GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK. Fruits often 2 feet long, very warty, deep orange in color, with a crooked neck; very early. Fruits should be picked when half-grown. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., ¼lb. \$1.50.

IMPROVED HUBBARD, RUNNING. A winter Squash, large, heavy, and moderately warted; shell dark green; flesh bright orange-yellow, fine-grained, thick, and dry. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.50.

Delicious. A fall and winter Squash of medium size, top-shape in form, and dark green; flesh orange, very dry, and delicious. Usually weighs between five and ten pounds. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 20 cts., oz. 35 cts., ¼lb. \$1.25.

English Vegetable Marrow. For summer and fall use, about 9 inches long, oblong form; shell pale yellow; flesh white, of fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 20 cts., oz. 35 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.25.

SWISS CHARD, or SPINACH BEET. See Beets, page 65



Golden Custard Squash



Livingston's Globe Tomato

KELWAY'S KITCHENER. A Wonderful New English Tomato. Enormous trusses of medium-sized, scarlet fruit, from thirty to thirty-five well-developed Tomatoes on each truss. A vigorous grower. The first bunch produces six pounds of fruit, and the stem up to twenty pounds. Pkt. 50 cts., 5 pkts. \$2.

PONDEROSA. An exceptionally large, purple-fruited Tomato and, for home use, one of the best. Fruit very solid, with few seeds. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 60 cts., oz. \$1, ¼lb. \$3.50.

60 cts., oz. \$1, ½1b. \$3.50.

Stone. Round, large, solid, smooth, and of a deep red color. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 35 cts., oz. 60 cts., ½1b. \$2.

Dwarf Champion or Tree Tomato. The vines grow very stocky and upright, and do not require staking. Smooth, solid, and of medium size; color pink; ripens very early. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 50 cts., ½1b. \$1.75.

Earliana. Round, smooth, and solid; bright searlet.

Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 40 cts., oz. 75 cts., ¼lb. \$2.50.

TOMATOES

Our Tomato seeds are grown from very choice and most carefully selected stock. and are of superior quality. Sow seed in the house, coldframe or hotbed in March. When 2 inches high, transplant into boxes or pots about 4 inches apart, or plant singly into small pots. About May 15. just as soon as all danger of frost is past, set the plants out in the open from 3 to 4 feet apart each way, in well-manured soil. The vines may be trained on trellis. or tied to poles. This will keep the fruit clean and allow it to ripen more evenly.

One packet will produce 100 plants

Livingston's Globe. A perfect globe-shaped, deep scarlet fruit of the finest quality; large, very meaty, free from cracks or core, and with very few seeds. The vine grows vigorously, and is very productive. We recommend this variety especially for the home-garden. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 60 cts., oz. \$1, ¼lb. \$3.50.

BONNY BEST. Very early. Smooth, solid, and uniform. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 40 cts., oz. 75 cts., ¼lb. \$2.50.

Sterling Castle. An English variety, excellent for forcing as well as for outdoor culture. Medium-sized scarlet fruit of fine flavor. Sets freely; ten to fifteen Tomatoes in a truss. Pkt. 25 cts., ½oz. \$1, oz. \$3.

Sutton's Winter Beauty. Especially recommended for forcing under glass. Fruit of good size, smooth, deep red in color, and of superb quality. Pkt. 25 cts., ½oz. \$1.50

Large Yellow or Golden Queen. Large, golden yellow fruit. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1, 1/4 lb. \$3.

John Baer. The best early, bright red, solid, smooth Tomato. Pkt. 20 cts., ½oz. 85 cts., oz. \$1.50.

Dwarf Stone. Best dwarf Tomato. Fruits large, smooth, round, very solid and deep scarlet. Does not need staking. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 60 cts., oz. \$1.

SMALL-FRUITING TOMATOES

These varieties produce very small Tomatoes in long clusters resembling the fruits named and are very ornamental as well as being useful for preserves, marmalades, etc.

Price, pkt. 15 cts., 1/20z. 60 cts., oz. \$1

Red Plum, Yellow Plum. Shaped like a plum. Red Pear, Yellow Pear. Shaped like a pear. Red Currant.

Red Peach, Yellow Peach. Very attractive; looks just like a peach.
Red Cherry, Yellow Cherry.

STRAWBERRY, WINTER CHERRY, or HUSK TOMATO. Small, yellow fruits, produced in husks; very ornamental, and excellent for preserves. Pkt. 15 cts., ½0z. 60 cts., oz. \$1.

MUSHROOM SPAWN

Mushrooms are easily grown in the cellar or in dark rooms where a temperature of from 50 to 65 degrees can be maintained. In making the bed, use fresh, clean, stable manure, without much straw. Before placing it in the bed, the manure-pile should be turned over a few times. The bed should have at least 10 inches of

solid manure. Put this in, in two layers, and tramp each one down well. Test the heat of the manure with the thermometer and when the temperature is on the decline and between 90 and 100 degrees, insert pieces of Spawn, each about the size of an egg, 10 inches apart, and 2 inches deep. After ten days, spread on a layer of fresh, well-manured loam. If the temperature is right, Mushrooms should come up freely six weeks after spawning.

American Pure-Culture. Produces Mushrooms of excellent quality and large size; very reliable. 35 cts. per brick, \$3 for 10 bricks.

American Spore Culture Spawn. Produced from original spore cultures under the new French process which permits the indefinite reproduction of selected varieties without dilution of the strain. 1 brick 40 cts., 5 bricks \$1.80, 10 bricks



American Pure-Culture Mushroom Spawn

TURNIPS

For early Turnips, sow as soon as the ground opens in spring, in drills a foot or more apart; thin out to 4 inches apart in the row. For fall crop, sow in June and July. Sow Rutabagas the end of May or early in June, as they require longer to develop.

One ounce is sufficient for 150 feet of drill

Extra-Early Snowball.

A very tender, white-fleshed, round Turnip of excellent quality and quick growth. Particularly fine for an early cropper. Roots should be early cropper. pulled when they are young, at which

Extra-Early Snowball Turnip

stage they are very tender. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 15 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

Extra-Early White Milan, Purple-Top. One of the earliest to mature. The roots are smooth, somewhat flat, with very small tops; flesh tender and sweet. Pkt. 15 cts., ½oz. 20 cts., oz. 35 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE. Tender and sweet. An excellent sort to plant right through the season. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 25 cts., ½1b. 60 cts.

IMPROVED GOLDEN BALL. Globe-shaped, golden yellow in color, tender, and delicious in flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼1b. 60 cts.

Yellow Stone (Yellow Globe). Roots globe-shaped, of medium size and pale yellow color; flesh yellow and of

fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 25 cts., oz. 40 cts., ¼1b. \$1.25.

Teltow-Delicatess. (Teltower Rübchen). Small, but very delicious; in fact, the finest flavored of all Turnips. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 35 cts., oz. 60 cts.

RUTABAGA or SWEDISH TURNIP

Rutabagas are principally grown for winter crop. The roots grow to an enormous size; flesh tender and sweet. They are excellent for the table, and greatly relished by stock.

IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE-TOP. The best of the yellow-fleshed Rutabagas no matter under what name. The roots develop to an enormous size, deep purple on upper half, deep yellow on lower half. Flesh golden yellow, tender and sweet. Keeps well all winter. Pkt. 10 cts., ½0z. 15 cts., oz. 25 cts., ½1b. 75 cts.

White French. This variety is the sweetest of all Rutabagas. The flesh is white and very tender, and the roots keep excellently. Pkt. 10 cts., ½oz. 15 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. \$1.

Kitchen Herbs. See page 73.

VEGETABLE GARDEN COLLECTIONS

For the benefit of our customers who care to take advantage of these time-and-worry savers, we offer below two Collections of Vegetables, one that will furnish enough vegetables for a family of five, and the other proportioned to a smaller yard and family. In addition to saving time and eliminating worry, you actually save considerable money—a matter of \$2.40 on the Family Collection alone.

FAMILY CARDEN COLLECTION FOR \$5

Delivered free east of the Mississippi River

| Delivered free east of the Mississippi River | 1 lb. Bush Beans, Bountiful. | 1/2 lb. Bush Beans, Improved Golden Wax Rustproof. | 1 lb. Bush Lima Beans, Fordhook. | 1 lb. Bush Lima Beans, Fordhook. | 1 pkt. Endive, Broad-leaved Batavian. | 1 p

1 pkt. Salsify, Mammoth Sandwich Island.

Island.

½ oz. Spinach, Long-Season.

1 pkt. Spinach, Perpetual Summer.

1 pkt. Swiss Chard, Large-ribbed.

1 pkt. Squash, Golden Custard.

1 pkt. Tomato, Livingston's Globe.

1 pkt. Turnip, Early White Snowball.

1 pkt. Rutabaga, Improved American.

1 pkt. Sare.

SMALL CARDEN COLLECTION FOR \$1

Delivered free east of the Mississippi River

½ lb. Bush Beans, Stringless. I pkt. Beets, Early Round. 1 pkt. Carrots, Early Horn. 1 pkt. Sweet Corn, Golden

1 pkt. Kohlrabi, White Vienna. 1 pkt. Lettuce, Wonderful. 1 pkt. Beets, Early Round.
1 pkt. Carrots, Early Horn.
1 pkt. Sweet Corn, Golden Bantam.
1 pkt. Cucumbers, to plant in corn hills. ½ lb. Peas, Early Dwarf.

1 pkt. Radish, Early Round. 1 pkt. Spinach, Long-Season. 1 pkt. Swiss Chard. 1 pkt. Tomato, Globe.



"As You Sow, So Shall You Reap." This is particularly true when it comes to grass seeds. You can buy "As You Sow, So Shall You Reap." This is particularly true when it comes to grass seeds. You can buy mixtures at almost any price and the less you pay the more expensive you will find it in the end; you are wasting both valuable time and money, for in cheap mixtures you will find but very few good grasses, usually a good proportion of chaff, and the actual grasses they do contain are of the cheaper kinds, like rye grass and timothy which are not permanent. Even in the better grasses there is a vast difference in quality. For instance, Kentucky Blue Grass in the rough weighs 14 pounds per measured bushel, whereas, after a thorough cleaning, that is, when all the chaff has been taken out, the measured bushel will weigh 30 pounds. In seeding down meadows, whether it be for hay or pasture, it is better to use a mixture, for the combination of different grasses furnishes a more nourishing and flourishing crop. Our mixtures are very carefully prepared and contain only the choicest quality, heavy, recleaned, strictly fresh seeds, all of the highest germination. We recommend 100 pounds of seed per acre.

		100 lbs.
Hay and Permanent Pasture Mixture.	No. 1, for light soil\$4 50	\$40 00
Hay and Permanent Pasture Mixture.	No. 2, for medium soil 4 50	40 00
	No. 3, for heavy soil 5 00	

These mixtures do not contain clover, as clover seed, being very heavy, does not stay mixed, and for that reason should always be sown separately and only in the spring. We recommend 10 pounds per acre.

We shall always be glad to make special mixtures to suit particular soil and climatic conditions. We will be

glad to answer all questions and give you the benefit of our experience.

Grass, Farm, and Field Seeds

CHOICEST QUALITY AND HIGHEST GERMINATION

There is a vast difference in the quality of grass seeds, and each particular variety can be bought in at least five or six different grades, according to purity, germination, and weight. The price of the best grade is often more than double that of the ordinary sorts, but, when you consider the results, it is the cheapest in the end. Before comparing prices, samples should always be secured. Our seeds are in every case of the very highest quality. Samples mailed free on request.

FANCY RECLEANED CRASS SEEDS

Prices F.O.B. New York and subject to change without notice, owing to market fluctuations

Canada Blue Grass. Excellent for hard clay and poor soils. Lb. 50 cts., 10 lbs. \$4, 100 lbs. \$35.
Chewing's New Zealand Fescue (Festuca, Chew-

ing's). Especially recommended for golf putting greens and lawns; succeeds on all soils. Lb. 70 cts., 10 lbs. 100 lbs, \$55.

Crested Dog's-Tail (Cynosurus cristatus). A hardy

permanent grass for lawn and permanent pasture. Lb. 80 cts., 10 lbs. \$7.50, 100 lbs. \$70. Fine-leaved Fescue. Excellent for lawns, putting-greens, and tees. Lb. 80 cts., 10 lbs. \$7.50, 100 lbs. \$70.

greens, and tees. Lb. 80 cts., 10 lbs. \$1.01, 100 lbs. \$1.0.

German Creeping Bent. Indispensable for lawns and putting-greens. Lb. \$1.25, 100 lbs. \$100.

Hard Fescue (Festuca Duriuscula). Succeeds well in dry places. Lb. 60 cts., 10 lbs. \$5, 100 lbs. \$45.

Pacy's Perennial Rye Grass. A splendid grass for lawns; grows quickly. Lb. 40 cts., 10 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$25. English Rye Grass. Excellent for lawns and pas-

tures. Lb. 30 cts., 10 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$20.

Italian Rye Grass (*Lolium italicum*). Valuable for lawns and pastures. Lb. 30 cts., 10 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs.

Kentucky Blue Grass (Poa pratensis). Extra fancy. The finest and most permanent of all grasses for lawns. Lb. 75 cts., 10 lbs. \$6, 100 lbs. \$55. Meadow Fescue (Festuca pratensis). Splendid for permanent pasture. Lb. 50c., 10 lbs. \$4, 100 lbs. \$35.
Orchard Grass (Dactylis glomerata). Loes well in

shady places; of great value for hay and permanent pasture. Lb. 50 cts., 10 lbs. \$4, 100 lbs. \$35.

Red or Creeping Fescue (Festuca rubra). Fine for

lawns, embankments and exposed locations. Lb. 60 cts.,

10 lbs. \$5.50, 100 lbs. \$50.

Red-Top, Fancy Recleaned (Agrostis rulgaris). Excellent for lawns and pastures. Fancy, recleaned seed, entirely free from chaff. Lb. 50 cts., 10 lbs. \$4.50, 100 lbs. \$40.

Red-Top, Unhulled. Best grade. Lb. 35 cts., 10 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$25.

Sheep's Fescue (Festuca ovina). Short and dense in growth; excellent for lawns. Lb. 60 cts., 10 lbs. \$5.50, 100 lbs. \$50.

Tall Fescue (Festuca elatior). Does well on wet soils; very nutritive. Lb. \$1.25, 10 lbs. \$10, 100 lbs. \$90.

Timothy (Phleum pratense) XXX fancy, recleaned. Either alone or with red-top and clover, it furnishes the best and most nutritive hay. Lb. 25 cts., 10 lbs.

\$2, 100 lbs. \$15. **Wood Meadow Grass** (*Poa nemoralis*). Grows well in shade. Lb. \$1, 10 lbs. \$9, 100 lbs. \$80.

FOR OUR SPECIAL LAWN GRASSES, SEE SECOND COVER AND PAGE 1

GRASS, FARM, AND FIELD SEEDS, continued

CLOVER SEEDS

Purchaser pays transportation on all Farm Seeds

Alfalfa, Northern-Grown (Medicago sativa). Yields enormous crops of hay for many years. On good soils, three to four cuttings per season can be made. Sow thirty to forty pounds per acre. Lb. 50 cts., 10 lbs. \$4.50, 100 lbs. \$40.

Grimm Alfalfa. Greatly impand the hardiest Alfalfa known. Greatly improved; very vigorous, alfa known. Yields heavy crops. Lb. 80 ets., 10 lbs. \$7, 100 lbs. \$65.

Alsike. A very hardy Clover; on rich, moist soils it yields enormous crops. Lb. 75c., 10 lbs. \$7, 100 lbs. \$60.

Medium Red (Domestic) (Trifolium pratense). The common red Clover, largely grown throughout the country. Pure clean seed of highest quality and germination. Lb. 60 cts., 10 lbs. \$5, 100 lbs. \$45.

Crimson or Scarlet (Trifolium incarnatum). annual Clover of quick growth; very nutritious and rich in protein. Splendid as a cover-crop and for greenmanuring, adding humus and nitrogen to the soil. Lb. 35 cts., 10 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$24.

White (Trifolium repens). A low-growing Clover used in mixtures for permanent pasture and for lawns, Lb. 75 ets., 10 lbs. \$6.50, 100 lbs. \$60.

Sweet Clover. White blossom. Splendid cover crop for green-manuring and for forage. Succeeds well in the poorest of soils. Lb. 35 cts., 10 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$22.

Soiltex will tell you in a moment whether your soil is acid, neutral or alkaline. Full directions with each outfit; simple to handle and invaluable to all planters. \$1 per tube, enough for 100 accurate tests.

MILLETS

For quick pasture on almost any soil; very nutritious, both in the green state and as hay.

Hungarian. Sow fifty pounds to the acre; may be sown as late as August. 10 lbs. \$1.25, 100 lbs. \$10.

Japanese. Quick growing, and one of the best crops for fodder and ensilage. 25 lbs. \$3.50, 100 lbs. \$12.

GRAIN SEEDS

Bags will be charged extra at cost

Oats, Selected Heavyweight. Imported from Sweden this new Oats has been bred to a high state of perfection under Swedish government control and is the heaviest Oats grown and enormously productive. 100 pounds will sow an acre. 40 lbs. (about 1 bus.) \$6.50, 100 lbs. \$15.

Oats, Clydesdale. A very popular high-grade white Oat; early and productive, 32 lbs. (about 1 bus.) \$2.40, 100 lbs. \$7.

Wheat, Spring. Beardless. 100 pounds will sow an acre. 60 lbs. (bus.) \$5.

Wheat, Winter. Extra fancy. 60 lbs. (bus.) \$4.

Rye, Spring. One hundred pounds to the acre. Excellent as a catch-crop for fodder or for grain. 56 lbs. (bus.) \$5.

Rye, Winter. Sow in August and September, 100 pounds to the acre. Also fine for a cover-crop and green-manuring. 56 lbs. (bus.) \$4.

Barley, Vermont Champion. Heavy sheaves of large grain; a big yielder. Sow 100 pounds to the acre. 48 lbs. (bus.) \$4.

Buckwheat. Japanese. Sow 75 lbs. per acre. 48 lbs. (bus.) \$4.

MISCELLANEOUS

Beans, Soja. Valuable for ensilage and for plowing under. 60 lbs. (bus.) \$6.

Beans, White Marrow. For baking. Lb. 35 cts., 2 lbs. 60 cts.



Selected Heavyweight Oats

Pea, Boston Small. For baking. Lb. 50 cts., 2 lbs. 90 cts.

Carrots, Long Orange. Fine large variety and the best for stock. Lb. \$2.

Corn, Field, Flint and Dent Varieties. See page 71. Peas, Canada Field. For fodder and green-manuring. Sow 150 pounds to the acre. 100 lbs. \$12.

Cowpeas. As a soil-renovator and enricher, Cowpeas are invaluable; they are also grown for forage. The seeds are tender, and should not be sown before May, and can be planted as late as the middle of July. 60 lbs. (bus.) \$6.

Rape, Dwarf Essex. A forage plant of great merit; easily grown. Succeeds everywhere; especially relished by sheep. Sow five pounds to the acre, broadcast. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$15.

Mangel-Wurzel, Long Red. The largest and best of all field beets for cattle-feeding. Roots of enormous size, often 20 inches long, with a diameter of 5 to 6 inches. Lb. 75 cts.

Potatoes. See page 81.

Vetches, Spring. Valuable for feeding, and sometimes sown with oats for soiling. Sow 100 pounds to the acre. 100 lbs. \$12.

Vetch, Sand or Winter. Can be planted either in spring or fall. Excellent for feeding green or soiling. In good ground, the vines grow 4 to 5 feet high, are very hardy, and remain green all winter. Seed should be sown in August and September, mixed with rye to support the vines, at the rate of sixty pounds to the acre. 10 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$25.

Rutabaga, Improved American Purple-Top. Lb. \$1.

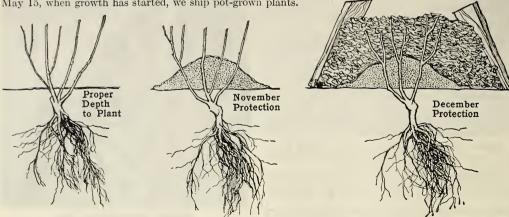
BIRD SEEDS

	Lb.	100 lbs.
Canary. Finest Sicily	.\$0 25	\$15 00
Rape	. 25	15 00
Hemp	. 15	10 00
Lettuce		
Millet, Golden	. 10	8 50
Sunflower, Mammoth Russian, Fo.		
parrots	. 20	12 00
Mixed Bird Seed	. 30	15 50

All prices on this page are subject to market changes INOCULATE YOUR CLOVER WITH TRUCKINE. SEE PAGE 119

ROSES FOR YOUR CARDEN

Few plants, indeed, give greater satisfaction and more joy to the garden-lover than the Rose, and few are more easily grown. The modern everblooming or Hybrid Tea Roses offer the widest range for selection. These Roses bloom continuously from June until frost and give the greatest satisfaction. Many recent developments have outclassed former favorites, and our list includes only the finest, sturdiest, and hardiest of the modern everblooming sorts. Dormant Roses are strongly recommended and they should be planted as soon as possible after the ground has opened, preferably during April and early May. After May 15, when growth has started, we ship pot-grown plants.



CULTURE.—Roses grow best in an open and sunny position, in a rich garden loam deeply dug and well enriched CULTURE.—Roses grow best in an open and sunny position, in a rich garden loam deeply dug and well enriched with well-rotted cow-manure or bone-meal. Work your soil as deeply as the spading fork will go, turn over three or four times so that the manure becomes thoroughly mixed with it, and your bed will be ready for planting. The roots of Roses should never be exposed to the air, and the old practice of laying out plants on the bed before planting has brought many disappointments. On receiving the plants, open the bundle, give them a thorough watering, and immerse the roots of the plants in a pail of water. Carry this with you to the bed and remove each plant from the pail only after the hole is dug and you are ready to plant. Dig a hole sufficiently large to accommodate the roots, and pour a half pail of water into the hole; in filling, shake the plant lightly so that the soil may fall evenly all around the roots; this avoids cavities. Firm the soil well around the plant in order that it may be solid. Bush Roses can be set 1½ feet apart, climbing varieties from 4 to 6 feet apart, and standard Roses 3 or more feet apart. Cultivate freely throughout the summer and apply a light top dressing of bone-meal or sheep-manure at least once a month throughout the growing season. Just before the ground freezes, in late November, draw the soil up against the plant in the same manner as you would bill up potatoes. freezes, in late November, draw the soil up against the plant in the same manner as you would hill up potatoes, and in December, when the ground is thoroughly frozen, cover with leaves, salt hay, or straw.

FIFTEEN NEW "THREE STAR" OUALITY EVERBLOOMING ROSES

A special pick of unusually fine, extra-strong plants which will bloom abundantly in your garden this summer. Should not be confused with the ordinary field-grown stock.

Briarcliff. HT. Brilliant rose-pink; fragrant and

Briarcliff. HT. Brilliant rose-pink; fragrant and long-lasting. \$1.50 each.

Etoile de Hollande. HT. Brilliant red blooms of magnificent size; very fragrant. \$1.50 each.

Gwynne Carr. HT. Shell-pink with yellow base; fragrant. A very free bloomer. \$2.50 each.

Henry Ford. HT. Golden yellow flowers, slightly tinged with salmon-orange; fragrant. Very beautiful. \$1.50 each.

Scientific Preparations Endorsed by Leading Rosarians and by Us Conquers Mildew. Controls Black-Spot. Assures luxuriant foliage and bloom.\$0 75 1 25 2 00 1/2gal\$3 50 Gal 6 00 | Destroys Aphis and all Plant| Lice. Feeds the plant through | Lice. Feeds through | Lice. Destroys Aphis and all Plant-ice. Feeds the plant through

Rosa Hugonis. A beautiful shrub Rose of branching growth, reaching 6 to 8 feet in height, with large, single, golden yellow flowers 1½ to 2½ inches across, borne profusely along slender branches, and making a striking display in spring. \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz. Jules Tabart. (Per.) Salmony silvery pink, with coral-pink center. \$2.50 each.

Julien Potin. HT. Pointed buds of deep yellow, and cupped flowers of primrose. \$1.50 each.

and cupped flowers of primrose. \$1.50 each.

Madette. (Per.) Orange coppery pink; very longpointed bud. \$2.50 each.

Margaret McGredy. HT. Large, ovoid buds and
double, cupped flowers of solid orange-vermilion. \$2 ea.

Mrs. C. W. Edwards. HT. Vivid, dark rose blooms
with a brilliant golden suffusion. \$2 each.

with a brilliant golden suffusion. \$2 each.

Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom. HT. Large, wellshaped blooms of bright canary-yellow. \$2 each.

Mrs. Henry Bowles. HT. Clear, piercing pink
with lighter shades; fine firm center; fragrant. \$2 each.

Mrs. Lovell Swisher. HT. Salmon-pink and gold,
passing to flesh-pink at the edges. \$2 each.

Richard E. West. HT. Large, ovoid buds and
cupped, symmetrical flowers of light yellow, paling to
lemon and lighter yellow; fragrant. \$2 each.

Rose Hill. HT. Pure rose-pink of charming brilliance; very highly perfumed. \$2 each.

Simone Labbe. HT. Long-pointed, apricot-yellow
bud, passing to clear saffron-yellow as flower expands;
very large, full; sweetly scented. \$2.50 each.

COLLECTION: One each of the above 15 varieties, \$28

The Lovely New Rose Talisman
Yellow, gold, burnt orange, and apricot, rose, pink, scarlet, and crimson—all these colors appear at times in variations of hues which this Rose assumes at different seasons. It has proved itself to be a vigorous and prolific Rose for the garden as well as the greenhouse. \$2.50 each, \$25 per doz.



Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria



Killarney



American Pillar



Dorothy Perkins

A Quality Selection of Schling's (3) "Three Star" **Everblooming Roses**

Betty. Buff-pink buds; coppery pink blooms of

Chateau de Clos Vougeot. Deep velvety scarlet-

darkest of all Roses.

Cheerful. Pink illuminated with orange and yellow.

Columbia. Lively, glowing pink.
Duchess of Wellington. Saf
golden orange blooms. Excellent. Saffron-yellow buds;

Edel. Large ivory-white blooms of lovely globular Etoile de France. Vivid crimson, very fragrant

blooms

Golden Ophelia. Lovely glowing yellow flowers, shading somewhat lighter at edges of petals.

H. V. Machin. Massive, deep red flowers of perfect

Independence Day. Old-gold, heavily shaded with

copper and brown. A perfect beauty.

Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. Creamy white, with slight lemon-tinted center; very fragrant.

Killarney Queen. Glowing pink, long-pointed buds. Lady Alice Stanley. Coral-rose, shaded with lighter flesh-pink; large and very sweetly scented.

Lady Ashtown. Deep pink, with a golden yellow at ase of petals; very fragrant.

La Tosca. Bright silvery pink; highly fragrant.

Los Angeles. Coral, shaded with gold.

Miss Lolita Armour. Coppery yellow, with reddish orange tinge; very fragrant.

Mme. Butterfly. Pink, soft apricot, and golden

yellow; richly perfumed.

Mme. Caroline Testout. Bright, satiny rose.

Mme. Edouard Herriot. Coral-red, suffused with salmon-pink and orange. Most attractive.

Mme. Jules Bouche. White with a slight tinge of

blush at center; very fragrant.

Mme. Leon Pain. Light silvery salmon, suffused

with silvery flesh-orange. Excellent.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell. Coppery bronze-pink and apricot; deliciously perfumed.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Tawny golden yellow; delight-

fully fragrant.

Mrs. Charles Bell. Shell-pink, with shadings of soft

salmon; sweetly perfumed.

Mrs. Henry Morse. Bright pink, with an underlying golden yellow; very double and fragrant.

Ophelia. Salmon, flushed pink; delightful fragrance.

Radiance. Brilliant rose-pink blooms of beautiful

globular shape; very fragrant.

Red Radiance. Deep rose-red. Excellent foliage.

Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. A beautiful sunflower-yellow on strong stems.

Gardenia. Yellow buds opening to creamy flowers

Hiawatha. Large clusters of brilliant carmine flowers with white eyes and shining yellow stamens.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Large, double, scarlet flowers in clusters. \$1.25 each.

Prices: 1 to 5, \$1.20 each; 6 to 11, \$1.10 each; 12 to 25, \$1 each; 26 to 49, 90 cts. each; 50 and up, 85 cts. each

with rich golden centers.

HARDY CLIMBING AND RAMBLER ROSES

Special "Three Star," very strong plants of any of the following:

American Pillar. Enormous clusters of brilliant crimson-pink blooms, with white center.

Aviateur Bleriot. Rich saffron-y

Aviateur Bleriot. Rich saffron-yellow flowers.

Aviateur Bleriot. Rich saffron-yellow flowers.

Bess Lovett. Large, shell-pink flowers in longstemmed clusters; sweetly fragrant.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Delicate shell-pink blooms in
clusters on long, individual stems.

Dorothy Perkins. Brilliant shell-pink.

Excelsa. Large clusters of double, brilliant scarletcrimson blooms. An improved Crimson Rambler.

Silver Moon. Pure white, single blooms with golden yellow anthers. Very vigorous. Star of Persia. Bright yellow blooms 3 inches across in deep, loose sprays. Unusually beautiful. \$1.50 each'

Prices of all Climbing Roses, except Paul's Scarlet Climber and Star of Persia, as follows: 1 to 5, \$1.20 each; 6 to 11, \$1.10 each; 12 to 25, \$1 each

STANDARD or TREE ROSES

We have a limited supply of well-grown Tree Roses, with strong, 4½-to 5-foot stems in the following varieties. (For descriptions, see Bush Roses.)

Betty Mme. Jules Bouche

Duchess of Wellington Radiance Edel Red Radiance Eldorado

Independence Day

Souv. de Claudius Pernet Souv. de Georges Pernet

Strong, 3-year-old "Three Star" Tree Roses, 2-year heads, \$5 each, by express only

Ladies' Nickel-Plated Pruning Flower Shears

Indispensable in the Rose-garden. No. 23. 51/2 in. long, \$2.50; 6½ in. long, \$3.

Men's Strong Solid Steel Pruning Shears

8½-inch, fully polished, brass lining, ratchet bolt, \$4; 9½-inch, coil spring, ratchet bolt, \$4.50.

Suburban Collection of 6 Everblooming, Fragrant Roses FOR \$5

Lovely, full, and delightfully fragrant Roses of finest form on long stems. Vigorous and hardy.

Duchess of Wellington. Saffron-yellow, suffused and stained crimson

Mme. Edouard Herriot. Coral-pink, suffused yellow and red.

Ophelia. Salmon-flesh.

Pink Radiance. Clear pink. Red Radiance. American Beauty red.

Edel. Large; ivory-white.

Separately at \$1.20 each

MELROSINE. Destroys Rose Bugs without injury to flower. Pt. \$1, qt. \$1.75, ½gal. \$3.25, gal. \$6.

SCHLING'S MODERN GLADIOLUS

This group contains the most notable hybrids as well as all standard and new introductions of American origin of proved merit. Our bulbs are guaranteed first-class and true to name. We recommend large planting of Gladiolus in the garden; there is scarcely another flower more easily grown. No other attention is required of Gladiolus in the garden, there is scarcery another hower more easily grown. No other attention is required after planting, except to keep the beds clear of weeds and to give support to some of the heavier spikes. Even this is not necessary if the bulbs are planted deep enough. Almost every color and shade can be found among Gladiolus, and their graceful flower-spikes are beautiful in the garden, in vases, or in baskets. Clumps from six to twelve of a kind scattered here and there through the hardy border or in front of shrubbery will be be room six to twelve of a kind scattered here and there through the hardy border or in front of shrubbery will be very effective, and many a corner in the garden can be made exceedingly bright by their presence. The main planting of Gladiolus bulbs should be made the latter part of April or the first part of May, and additional plantings every three weeks until July 1, to secure a succession of bloom until frost. Plant bulbs 4 inches deep and from 6 to 8 inches apart. If they are copiously fed with weak liquid fertilizer when coming into bloom, the flowers will be larger and better, but this is optional and not essential.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIETI	ES EOD 1020
Annie Laurie. A dainty delicate pink, with a beautifully ruffled edg	e of fresh comming pink 50
Bengal liger. Red, prettily dotted with brownish red: large wid	e-open flowers on long
Strong stems. Extremely vigorous	•
bleak o bdy. Clear light blnk, tall, early and very vigorous	•
Captain Boynton. White, flushed with lavender, with maroon blogiant prize-winner.	otch on lower petals. A
Catherine Coleman.	Rich coral-pink with
throat-markings of	American Beauty tinge.
	y choice
	Cerise-red with orange d blotch bordered yel-
low. Brilliant and	conspicuous flowers 5
to 6 inches across	
pr. F. E. Bennett. Fl	lame-scarlet over peach- n tall, strong spikes
	re creamy white exhibi-
tion Gladiolus. Easi	ly the best of its color
	rose-pink with creamy
	ers, often 6 inches across 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
keeping qualities. V	ery tall
Henry C. Goehl. L.	arge, wide-open flowers
	s of solid white, slightly segments blotched crim-
	ariety
John T. Pirie. Mal	hogany-brown—a most
	ractive color4
	ely large, wide-open La always perfectly placed.
Marietta. Extra-large	e, delicate, light salmon-
pink blooms, blend	led with light orange.
Mrs. F. C. Peters	A lovely rose-lavender,
with soft crimson b	lotch on lower petals,
	and very vigorous
	Begonia-rose, enlivened es; lower petals lemon-
	of rich red. Wide-open,
	ot stems
Muriel. Grayish lav	ender with blue reflex, lent spike
	-pink with soft orange
markings in throat.	Superb show variety
Persia. Deep red of ma	hogany tone overspread The darkest of all
Red Conner. Deep	n. The darkest of all
flaked blue, lower pe	etals copper-red, yellow
and white, penciled	with blue. Wonderfully
Richard Diener, Res	autiful salmon-rose with
	er. Ten to twelve per-
fectly placed blooms	open at a time
Saraband. Rich, ve	elvety Bordeaux with
	feathered Bordeaux—a
	Soft yellow, suffused
delicate pink—exqui	site color combination.
Blooms very large, v	well placed and slightly

Longfellow Gladiolus

brownish red; large, wide-open nowers on long,			
	25	2 00	16 00
y and very vigorouslavender, with maroon blotch on lower petals. A	25	2 00	16 00
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	30	3 00	20 00
Catherine Coleman. Rich coral-pink with	•	0 00	
throat-markings of American Beauty tinge.	.		
Rare and exceedingly choice	50	5 00	36 00
Chateau Thierry. Cerise-red with orange overtone, bright red blotch bordered yel-			
low. Brilliant and conspicuous flowers 5			
to 6 inches across	25	2 00	15 00
Dr. F. E. Bennett. Flame-scarlet over peach-	0.0		
red. Large flowers on tall, strong spikes Fern Kyle. A massive creamy white exhibi-	30	3 00	20 00
tion Gladiolus. Easily the best of its color	30	3 00	20 00
Giant Nymph. Soft rose-pink with creamy	00	0 00	20 00
Giant Nymph. Soft rose-pink with creamy yellow throat. Flowers, often 6 inches across	25	2 00	15 00
Glendale. Velvety cyclamen-red. Excellent	0.5	0.00	15 00
keeping qualities. Very tall	25	2 00	15 00
with broad segments of solid white, slightly			
flushed pink; lower segments blotched crim-			
son. Superb show variety	40	4 00	30 00
John T. Pirie. Mahogany-brown—a most	45	4 50	35 00
unusual and very attractive color Longfellow. Extremely large, wide-open La	40	4 50	35 00
France-pink flowers, always perfectly placed.	40	4 00	35 00
Marietta. Extra-large, delicate, light salmon-			
pink blooms, blended with light orange.	0.5	0. 50	04.00
Mrs F C Poters A lovely reso-levender	35	3 50	24 00
Splendid spike			
slightly ruffled. Tall and very vigorous	20	1 75	12 00
Mrs. Leon Douglas. Begonia-rose, enlivened			
by flame-scarlet lines; lower petals lemon- yellow, with specks of rich red. Wide-open,			
huge flowers on 5-foot stems	20	2 00	15 00
huge flowers on 5-foot stems			
violet blotch. Excellent spike Osalin. Lovely coral-pink with soft orange	25	2 25	16 00
markings in throat. Superb show variety.	40	4 00	30 00
Persia. Deep red of mahogany tone overspread	40	± 00	30 00
with a velvety sheen. The darkest of all	30	3 00	20 00
with a velvety sheen. The darkest of all Red Copper. Deep salmon-rose, heavily			
flaked blue, lower petals copper-red, yellow			
and white, penciled with blue. Wonderfully odd and attractive	25	2 25	16 00
Richard Diener. Beautiful salmon-rose with	20	2 20	10 00
creamy yellow center. Ten to twelve per-			
fectly placed blooms open at a time	25	2 25	16 00
Saraband. Rich, velvety Bordeaux with			
straw-yellow blotch, feathered Bordeaux—a very unusual color	50	5 00	35 00
Sidney Plummer. Soft yellow, suffused	00	0 00	00 00
delicate pink—exquisite color combination.			
Blooms very large, well placed and slightly	0.0	0.00	15.00
ruffled	20	2 00	15 00
Sunnymede. Rare shade of orange-yellow. Splendid long spike, very rich and pleasing.	30	3 00	20 00
Violet Glory. Rich, deep violet self with	00	3 00	20 00
deeper throat, slightly ruffled	30	3 00	20 00

Doz.

\$4 00

100

\$30 00

NOVELTY COLLECTIONS

Novelty Collection E- 1 by	ulb each of the above	25 New and Choice	Varieties (25 bulbs in al	1)
Novelty Collection F- 3 by	ulbs each of the above	25 New and Choice	Varieties (75 bulbs in al	l)18 00
Novelty Collection G- 6 bt	ulbs each of the above	25 New and Choice	Varieties (150 bulbs in al	l)
Novelty Collection H-12 by	ulbs each of the above	25 New and Choice	Varieties (300 bulbs in al	l)66 00



THE CHOICEST OF MODERN GLADIOLUS

See also the 9 outstanding varieties shown in color on page 93

America. Delicate lavender-pink of immense size and

wax-like texture. 85 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Baron Joseph Hulot. A fine rich deep shade of violet or indigo-blue. \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

**Duchess of York. Deep violet-blue, like Baron Hulot, but twice its size. \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

**Elf. Lemon-yellow buds, opening snow-white, with

pale yellow lip; large flowers correctly placed. \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Empress of India. Rich dark maroon, almost blacka rare and beautiful color. \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100. **Evelyn Kirtland.** Rose-pink, passing to deeper pink at the edges, with brilliant scarlet blotches on lower petals. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100. *Flora. Fine golden yellow; very large. \$2 per doz.,

\$15 per 100.

Glory. Delicate cream-pink, with neat crimson

stripe; ruffled. \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Halley. An exquisite, delicate salmon-pink; very graceful spike. \$5 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

*Herada. Pure mauve, perfect open flower of excellent

size. Most attractive. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Jack London. Salmon with rose reflex, lower petal yellow with small wine-red feather. Four to six yellow with small wine-red feather. Four to six flowers open at one time. Tall. \$2.50 per doz.,

\$18 per 100.

Joerg's White. Very large, pure, glistening white, wide-open flowers with faint lilac pencil-lines in

**Mole-open nowers with raint may pench-mes in throat. 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz.

**Louise. Exquisite lavender-pink (orchid shade); strong spike. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

**Meilust. Lovely pink with deeper blotch; very large. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Mrs. Francis King. Immense flame-pink flowers on

strong stems. \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

Mrs. Frank Pendleton. Salmon-pink, with brilliant carmine blotches in throat. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

*Mrs. H. E. Bothin. Salmon-pink on white, heavily blotched fiery scarlet; ruffled. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Mrs. Watt. A glowing American Beauty shade; very large flowers on strong stems. \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Niagara. Light crocus-yellow, blending to canary-yellow. \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per 100.

★Odin. Exquisite deep salmon-rose, with broad red spear on lower segments. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Panama. Rich Hermosa pink; large, wide-open, wax-like flowers on strong stems. \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per 100.

★Prince of Wales. Light salmon, shaded with orange. Very early. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Purple Glory. Velvety ruby-red, with darker blotch; elegantly ruffled. \$3 per doz., \$20 per 100.

Rev. Ewbank. A fine lavender, the same color as the Darwin tulip of that name. \$3 per doz., \$20 per 100.

*Rose Ash. Corinthian-red, combined with ashes of roses; rather unique; large. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Rubini. Salmon-red, with lighter blotch; early; very large. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

*Schwaben. Buds sulphur-yellow; flowers clear citron-yellow, with carmine blotch deep in the throat, wide open, of large size and well placed. \$1.25 per doz., \$9 per 100.

Venus. Huge pink flowers, with silvery white shading. Tall. Early. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Vesuvius. Blood-red blooms. A top-notch variety in

every respect. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

★Virginia. A beautiful ruffled Gladiolus with massive spikes carrying from five to seven very large, open flowers of raspberry-red, suffused with scarlet. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

COLLECTIONS

★ Star Collection I—3 each of above 12 varieties marked ★ (36 in all)

New Gladiolus of Startling Merit		
Marvels in size of flower, strength and height of stem. DON'T MIS		M !
ETHELYN. (Giant Primulinus.) Beautiful shade of orange-yellow, heavily shaded Each with bronze at edges. Vigorous, strong spike	Doz. \$3 00	100 \$20 00
lavender Gladiolus ever introduced. Very large, wide-open flowers on strong stems. 1 00 GOLD. Pure golden yellow, lip a trifle darker. Always creates an impression at ex-	10 00	65 00
hibitions and is a consistent winner	2 00	15 00
wonderfully attractive color	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	18 00 - 12 00
MINUET. Rich lavender self; very large. Wonderful substance	15 00	.98 00
spike, nearly all opening at one time. A super-Gladiolus	5 00	35 00
with beautiful, ruffled, wide-open flowers of remarkable texture on strong spikes 1 00 MRS. VAN KONIJENBURG. An exquisite aniline-blue, far superior to any other	10 00	65 00
blue. The huge flowers are borne on 5-foot stems, six to eight open at one time 1 25 NANCY HANKS. Very rich peach-red to orange-pink; large, wide-open flowers 30	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 00 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	$95 00 \\ 18 00$
ORCHID LADY. Lovely Cattleya-orchid-lavender; huge flowers on long spikes, eight to ten open at one time. A stunning new shade	12 00	90 00
PEARL OF CALIFORNIA. Soft La-France-pink blending to a rosy white throat; flowers often 5 inches across. Strong spike with from twenty-six to thirty-two buds, eight to twelve open at a time	12.00	90 00
SPECIAL COLLECTIONS	12 00	90-00
I. 3 Bulbs each of above 12 varieties (36 in all) J. 6 Bulbs each of above 12 varieties (72 in all) K. 12 Bulbs each of above 12 varieties (144 in all)		41 00
L. 25 Bulbs each of above 12 varieties (300 in all)		. 145 00

The Wonderful Primulinus or Orchid Gladiolus Exquisite in Form and Coloring. The Last Word in Gladiolus for Dainty Decorations

An early new type with hooded flowers most gracefully placed on long, slender spikes and of the most artistic colors, ranging from sulphur-yellow to chrome-yellow, through all shades of orange, salmon, cream, and pink. To have blooms continuously from July till frost, make successive plantings from April 20 till July 15.

Ada de Poy. Clear apricot with bronze shading; slightly ruffled. Charming. 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz., \$30 per 100.

Copper Bronze. Iridescent coppery bronze-Copper Bronze. Iridescent coppery bronze—a delightful shade. 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz., \$30 per 100.

Ethelyn. Orange-yellow, tipped with bronze—exquisite. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz., \$20 per 100.

Jewel. Glittering salmon-pink. Most attractive. 20 cts. each, \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Maiden's Blush. Exquisite blush-pink. 10 cts. cach, \$5 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Primadonna. Rich yellow with deep yellow lip; avtremely grageful butterfly appearance. 20 cts. each.

extremely graceful, butterfly appearance. 20 cts. each, \$1.75 per doz.. \$12 per 100.

	with yellow center.	
large. 20 cts. each,		
Orange Queen.	A glowing copper-or	ange self color.

Very striking. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$16 per 100.

Rose Mist. Old-rose edged with pallid neutral gray; very large. 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz., \$45 per 100.

Salmon Beauty. Extremely large, deep salmon with yellow throat. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Souvenir. A rich, clear, deep yellow self; tall spike; large, hooded flowers gracefully placed. 20 cts. each, \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

White Butterfly. Large, pure white flowers with creamy throat and of lovely butterfly form. 25 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

ties (36 in all).

Primulinus	Collection	No.	1 3	bulbs	each	of above	12	varieties	s (36 in all)\$8 0	0
Primulinus	Collection	No.	2- 6	bulbs	each	of above	12	varieties	s (72 in all)	0
Primulinus	Collection	No.	3-12	bulbs	each	of above	12	varieties	s (144 in all)	0
Primulinus	Collection	No.	4-25	bulbs	each	of above	12	varieties	s (300 in all)	0

CLADIOLUS IN MIXTURES

Our mixtures are carefully prepared from named varieties of the most improved types. All are equally superb in their class, and particularly rich in shades of white, pink, salmon, orange, yellow, and heliotrope. In buying a mixture, you will find it much better if the sizes of the bulbs vary to a considerable degree; the largest bulbs do not always give the best results; in fact, the finest varieties produce rather small or medium-sized bulbs.

SCHLING'S VILLA FLORA MIXTURE OF

CIANT-FLOWERING GLADIOLUS

Positively the finest assortment of all large-flowering Gladiolus that can be made. It contains an endless variety of color, striped, mottled and variegated, as well as a fine selection of clear colors; especially abounds in shades of white, pink, salmon, orange, yellow, and helio-trope. In selecting the varieties, we have eliminated all trope. In selecting the varieties, we have eliminated an eclors which do not harmonize, either in cut-flowers or garden planting, and you will find it a most interesting and satisfactory mixture to grow. \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100, \$60 per 1,000.

POPULAR MIXED

To encourage large plantings of Gladiolus, at a nominal cost, we recommend this mixture. It includes an endless variety of colors in practically all types; in fact, the variety is unlimited, and the quality superb. 60 cts. per doz., \$4.50 per 100, \$40 per 1,000.

EXCELSIOR FLORIST MIXTURE

A special mixture of selected hybrids in which light colors predominate; whites, creams, delicate pinks, and a great many beautifully marked or penciled throats. A very fine mixture where choice spikes for cutting are wanted. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100, \$45 per 1,000.

THE WONDERFUL PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS

In recent years these hybrids have come to be extremely popular and they deserve every word of praise they get; they are graceful, easy to grow, moderate in price, artistic in shades of yellow, orange, cream, and pink.

Our Selected Hybrids. A most extensive assortment of all the newest and rarest Hybrids. \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100, \$70 per 1,000.

Our Regular Selection of standard sorts, including many new and rare sorts; very fine. 85 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100, \$55 per 1,000.



Nine Glorious Gladiolus

Beautiful varieties of outstanding merit, with spikes of great height, well-placed flowers (five to seven open at one time), all strong and vigorous, of erect growth, making a wonderful showing in the garden or in vases—and you can have them in bloom from July to October if you make a planting of bulbs every three weeks beginning May 1 to July 15. Bulbs should be set 5 inches deep.

Here Are the Varieties as Illustrated:

(1) **Peace.** Very large, glistening white, lily-like flowers, with fine lilac pencil lines in throat. Strong, very tall spike. \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100.

(2) Golden Measure. A real deep yellow, in fact, the only real yellow Gladiolus today. Large, wide-open flowers. If planted in rich ground and fertilized frequently you will get wonderful spikes of deep golden yellow color. \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

(3) Anna Eberius. A glorious rhodamine-purple; extra wideopen flowers, always 4 to 5 opening at one time, facing upward. Very strong, extra-fine spike. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

(4) **Byron L. Smith.** A lovely cattleya color, as fine as the orchid itself. Very large flowers; strong spike. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

(5) Alice Tiplady. Iridescent soft coppery orange, a truly wonderful color, and perhaps the most beautiful of the Primulinus or Orchid Gladioius. \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100.

(6) Mrs. Dr. Norton. Very large, creamy white blooms, heavily suffused with pink on edges, and pale yellow throat. A most imposing spike. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

(7) Mr. Mark. A lovely lilac-blue Gladiolus of large size, with faint markings of yellow in deep throat. A strong grower and a most imposing spike. \$2 per doz., \$16 per 100.

(8) **Le Marechal Foch.** Lovely apple-blossom-pink with rosy center. Strong spike with flowers of huge size. \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100.

(9) **Crimson Glow.** A splendid vivid scarlet with lighter shadings in the throat. Very full, long spikes; flowers wide open. \$1.25 per doz., \$10 per 100.

THE COLLECTION

(A) 3 bulbs each of above 9 (27 in all)....\$3 50 | (C) 12 bulbs each of above 9 (108 in all)...\$12 50 (B) 6 bulbs each of above 9 (54 in all)....\$6 50 | (D) 25 bulbs each of above 9 (225 in all)...22 00





STIM-U-PLANT inserted below each Gladiolus bulb at planting will intensify the color of both foliage and flower. 100 tablets 75 cts., 1,000 tablets \$3.50.



W. H. T. A New Giant Super Dahlia for Exhibition

AN unusually brilliant deep old rose with faint tintings of mauve on reverse of petals, the face, however, showing a solid one-tone old rose effect. An excellent, vigorous grower with huge blooms carried erect on long cane-stiff stems. The unusually broad flower petals, regularly placed, are of great length and the flower has a depth which, we believe, has not been obtained before in any other Dahlia, causing its back petals to recurl to such a degree that the points close in and completely hide the joint of the stem. It is destined to take first rank in any prize-winning class.

Strong green plants for shipment May 1 to June 15-\$10 each, 3 for \$25

DAHLIAS, EXHIBITION PRIZE-WINNERS FOR 1930

In this group we offer you the choicest of all exhibition varieties—Dahlias without a fault, perfect in shape, unparalleled in size—every one with long, rigid stems, holding the flowers boldly creet, and healthy, vigorous growers with luxuriant foliage. Stems 3 to 4 feet high are the average—5 to 7-foot ones are not uncommon. This is a collection that will make you a Dahlia fan. We offer both dormant roots and green plants. In ordering, please specify which is wanted. Roots can be sent from March to May; green plants from May to July. If you wish to exhibit at the fall Dahlia shows, we recommend the green plants to be set out during June. Allow three to four leaders per plant, and remove all side buds if you want real fine, large flowers and long stems. Abbreviations: D., Decorative; C., Cactus; H.C., Hybrid Cactus; S., Show Tubers Each \$1.50 Copper King. D. Large, heavy, overlapping petals of deep rich copper and bronzy old-gold; magnificent, high massive flowers, 11 inches across, held erect on strong, stiff stems. 1.50 Eagle Rock Jewel. H.C. Cream, suffused and over-laid with cameo-pink. An exhibition flower of first rank, with very large flowers always borne erect... Elite Glory. D. Brilliant, rich, clear red, without a trace of purple or maroon shadings. A gigantic flower of great depth, holding its center until frost. 12 5 00 2 50 2 00 2 00 1 00 2 50 1 00 1 00 2 00 Margaret Woodrow Wilson. D. A lovely mauve, shading to creamy white at points of petals and part way down the edges. A most attractive flower, considered among the best for exhibition. 11 inches across. 1 00 1.50 1 50 Mrs. I. de Ver Warner. D. An exquisite shade of mauve-pink; beautifully formed, and of immense size (10 inches across). An early and free bloomer with an exceedingly strong stem.

Mrs. Kenyon. D. Lovely blending of apricot and salmon. A faultless flower of great size held erect on very strong, sturdy stems. Excellent for exhibition. 2 00 1 00 2 50 Newport Wonder. (Single.) Pleasing shade of soft pink large petals of great substance... 1 00 1 50 1 00 1 00 2 00

Pride of Westchester. A new seedling Decorative Dahlia of startling attractiveness. The rich royal purple flowers are of great size and wonderful lasting qualities, and are carried erect on extra-strong stems. Conspicuous in the garden and an exhibition Dahlia of first rank. Tubers, \$4.00 each; Plants, \$2.00 each.

5 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 ellow Fellowes. C. A clear golden yellow sport of F. W. Fellowes. It is of phenomenal size, with numerous long, narrow petals of the same fine form as the parent. 1 00 1 00

Full Exhibition Collection (green plants only): 1 plant of each of above 30 varieties (value \$46.50). \$40
Exhibition Tuber Collection of varieties offered in tubers only (19 in all) full value \$60, for \$50

EXHIBITION POMPON DAHLIAS

An up-to-date list of all the latest and best of these charming miniature Dahlias now so much admired and so beautiful for table decoration. All varieties are of smallest size and perfect form.

Amy. Amber-yellow, tinted apricot at center. Dandy. Deep salmon-rose. Dee Dee. Cattley-lavender. Eileen. White with mauve edge; very small and Amber-yellow, tinted apricot at center.

perfect. The with matter edge, very small and perfect. Elizabeth. Flame-orange, with amber suffusion. Glow. Light rose and coral (ashes of roses). Johnny. Deep rich dark maroon, with a velvety

Leda Beeler. A lovely deep lavender. A charming, tiny, perfect Pompon.

Little Edith. Yellow, tipped with bronze; very

Little Mary. De proach to black. Deep maroon-the nearest ap-

Nellie Frazer. Flesh-pink, tinted carmine. Yellow Gem. Clear canary-yellow.

Pompon Dahlias Price: Any of the above, in roots, \$1 each. The Collection of Exhibition Pompons, one root each of the above 12 varieties, \$10





Hybrid Cactus Dahlia



Giant Ball, Waldheim Glory



Laura Entrekin Dahlia



Post Telegram Dahlia

DA	HLIA	STAKE	S
Painted	green		
			100
5 ft		.\$2 75	\$20 00
6 ft		. 3 25	24 00

Schling's Superb Dahlias

For special exhibition varieties, see also pages 94 and 95

NEW AND RARE DAHLIAS OF UNUSUAL MERIT

Crimson Glory. HC. Rich, glowing crimson of great size; back petals reflex to stem. Tubers, \$2.50 each.

King Midas. D. A mammoth golden yellow of great depth and good stem; 12-inch blooms are frequent. Tubers, \$10 each.

Margaret Masson. D. A pleasing shade of silvery lavender-pink. Wonderful flower for exhibition. Tubers, \$1.50 each.

Marie. D. A beautiful pink of the Jersey Beauty color but a brighter shade. Early and profuse bloomer. Tubers, \$5 each.

N. J. S. C. C. D. Giant orchid-pink, massive and perfect in every way. Tubers, \$5 each.

North's Yellow. D. Clear, light, soft yellow blooms 8 inches across. Excellent for exhibition. Tubers, \$5 each.

Sanhican's Magnate. D. Giant exhibition of a pleasing shade of amaranth-pink. Tubers, \$2.50 each.

pink. Tubers, \$2.50 each.

Zeus. D.-P. Rich glowing red, each petal distinctly tipped yellow. The giant blooms are artistically built and richly colored; truly fascinating. Tubers, \$3.50 each

COLLECTION, New and Rare Dahlias: One each of the above 8 varieties, \$30

Waldheim Sunshine.

The largest Dahlia grown—measures 15 fused bronze. A wavy Decorative resembling a huge yellow chrysanthemum. Long, stiff stems and perfect habit of growth. Roots, \$7.50 each.

SCHLING'S SUPERB MODERN CACTUS DAHLIAS (Roots)

Ambassador. Buff-yellow, center soft pink. A giant of great beauty. \$2 ea.
Attraction. Very large, clear lilac-rose, beautiful form. 75 cts. each.
Audrey Davenport. A clear milk-white variety, 8 inches across, of splendid form, on erect stems. \$1.50 each.
Ballet Girl. Unique, hard to describe, sometimes orange with white edge, then again white shading to orange or white with orange edge. \$1 each.
Beauport Beauty. Yellowish buff suffused salmon. \$1 each.
C. B. Githens. The ideal clear yellow Cactus Dahlia. Very large, of fine form on strong stems. \$1 each.

form on strong stems. \$1 each.

Cigarette. Scarlet and white blooms, 7 inches across, held erect on cane-

Cigarette. Scarnet and white blooms, stiff stems. \$1 each.

Daddy Butler. Very large, rosy carmine blooms on stiff stems. \$1.50 each.

Frances Lobdell. Mallow-pink, with white center. A prize-winner. \$1 ea.

F. W. Fellowes. Of phenomenal size and composed of numerous long, narrow petals of a light orange-scarlet. \$1 each.

George Walters. Blooms coppery old-gold, tinting to buff; very large.

75 cts. each

John Riding. Deep, rich crimson blooms with incurved petals. 75 cts. each. Laura Entrekin. A giant deep rose-pink of great substance, with reflex pure rose-pink. The best of its class as a cut-flower. \$1.50 each.

Mae Grefe. Pure pink, shading to rose-pink, tinting lighter at center and tips of petals. \$1 each.

Mariposa. Pink, toned violet; very large bloom of fine form. \$1.50 each.

Milton Edwards. New henna shade; very large flowers with good stems.

Mother. The large white flowers are of purest white and are carried proudly on erect stems. \$1.50 each.

Mrs. Edna Spencer. Silvery lilac, shading to bright orchid-pink. Exceptionally fine variety. \$1 each.

Mrs. T. A. Munro. Immense exhibition flower, with long, narrow incurved petals. Color deep golden yellow, shading to richest golden bronze. \$1.50 each.

Rheinischer Frohsinn. White at base of petals, passing to iridescent or incorporations. \$1.050 each.

erimson-carmine. 50 cts. each.

Wissahickon. Flowers red, tipped buff, 8 inches across. \$1 each.

W. W. Allen. Soft crimson blooms of fine form on good stems. 75 cts. each.

SPECIAL OFFER: One root each of the above 22 varieties, \$20 SUPERB DECORATIVE DAHLIAS (Roots)

Amun Ra (Sun God). Coppery bronze and burnt orange. \$1 each.
Bashful Giant. Coppery yellow blooms of immense size. \$1 each.
California Superba. Light pink; very large. \$2 each.
Carmencita. Clear yellow, penciled and striped bright red. \$1 each.
Casper G. Ware. Bright clear violet-rose blooms 8 to 10 inches across. \$2 eac.
City of Lawrence. A magnificent clear yellow, 10 inches across. \$2.50 each.
Eastern Star. Clear yellow, shading to buff and orange. \$2 each.
Elite Glory. A magnificent giantred on rigid stems; entirely distinct. \$4.00 ea.
Elsie Daniels. Soft silvery pink. A new Decorative of large size. \$1.50 each.
Faith Garibaldi. Rose-pink, shading darker toward the center; very large.
.50 each.

\$1.50 each.

SUPERB DECORATIVE DAHLIAS, continued

Hortulanus Fiet. Very large, rich salmon blooms, blended with amber and yellow. \$1 each.
Indian Neck. Cameo-pink, striped with pome-

granate-purple; center mallow-purple. \$1 each.
Insulinde. Orange-buff, overlaid with a sheen and shaded with orange at center. \$1 each.

Jersey's Beacon. Bright scarlet, with a buff reflex;

very large. \$2 each.

very large. \$2 each.

Patrick O'Mara. Soft orange-buff, slightly tinged with rose. 75 cts. each.

Robert Treat. The American Beauty colored Dahlia. It is of beautiful form and large size. \$1 each.

Valley Forge. Very large, deep purple blooms. A splendid exhibition variety. \$1 each.

Wizard of Oz. Immense amber-pink blooms, shaded salmon, borne on rigid stems. \$1.50 each.

SEPECHAL OFFER. One seek of 18 varieties \$25.

SPECIAL OFFER: One each of 18 varieties, \$25

PEONY-FLOWERED or ART (ROOTS)

Ann Duskin. Rich maroon, shaded black. \$1 each.
Canada. Pure white, massive flowers with heavy petals, borne on strong, stiff stems. 50 cts. each.
City of Portland. The largest and most beautiful yellow of this type. \$1.50 each.
Diemant Van Bijstein. Very large flowers of dark violet-blue; finest form. 50 cts. each.
Dr. John Laing. Yellow, suffused golden orange at base of petals, shading to rich, bronzy scarlet toward the center, and tinting lighter at tips. 75 cts. each.
Dr. Stem. The best of all red Peony-flowered Dahlias. It is 9 to 10 inches in diameter, bright scarlet, with Eugenia-red reflex. \$1.50 each. with Eugenia-red reflex. \$1.50 each.

Fackel. Rich golden scarlet, tipped golden yellow—loveliest of the autumn shades. 75 cts. each.

Geisha. Golden yellow, changing to bright scarlet at center of petal and back to gold at tip. \$1 each.

Ida Fries. Brilliant crimson, shaded plum, tipped lighter: bright and effective. 75 cts. each.

J. Montague Evans. A giant in every way. Its glistening golden bronze blooms shade to soft bronzy

red. \$2 each.

Katherine Journeay. Yellow at base of petal, shading to rich, bronzy red, and tipped yellow. \$2 each.

Pink Perfection. Luminous silvery pink blooms of

large size. 75 cts. each. SPECIAL OFFER: One each of the above, \$10

GIANT SHOW or BALL (Roots)

Clara Seaton. Very large yellow blooms, suffused salmon-buff. 75 cts. each.

Dorothy de la Mare. Large, full, round flowers of

delicate shell-pink. 75 cts. each.

General Miles. Blooms very large, mauve, penciled

crimson. \$1 each.

Giant White. Large pure white blooms of finest form. 50 cts. each.

Gold Medal. Golden yellow, penciled, tipped, and suffused Oriental red. 75 cts. each.

King of the Shows. Rich golden salmon blooms, with quilled petals. \$1 each.

Miss Helen Hollis. Large, bright red blooms.

75 cts. each

Purple Rose. A clear, rich shade of purple. \$1 each. Red Rose. Large, rich, glowing red blooms of splen-

did form, on long stems. \$1.50 each.

Waldheim Glory. The largest and most perfect
pure golden yellow giant ball Dahlia, with full, high
center and back petals reflexing to stem. \$2.50 each.

SPECIAL OFFER: One each of the above, \$9

THE BEST SINGLE (Roots)

Contrast. Very large; crimson, tipped white. Early and profuse. 50 cts. each.

Cream Century. Rich cream blooms of giant size

and splendid form on very long stems. 50 cts. each.

Eckford Century. Immense pure white flowers spotted pink and penciled crimson. 50 cts. each.

spotted pink and penciled crimson. 50 cts. each.

Garnet Century. Rich glowing garnet blooms of fine form, on long stems. 50 cts. each.

Giant Century. Large, rich red flowers, tipped yellow. 75 cts. each.

Glorious. White blooms suffused pink, passing to vivid carmine, tipped white. 50 cts. each.

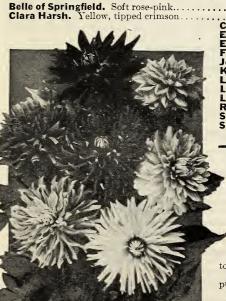
Gloxinia. Orchid-pink, with rich crimson blotch. 50 cts. each.

50 cts. each.

Peaches and Cream. Cream suffused peach-pink.

Peaches and Cream. Cream sunused peach-pane.
Very lovely. \$1 each.
Purity Century. Newest and best pure white with
blooms 9 inches across. 75 cts. each.
Rose-Pink Century. Rose-pink blooms on long,
stiff stems. 50 cts. each.
Sarah Holser. (New.) Delicate shell-pink. The
loveliest of all. \$1.50 each.
Scarlet Century. Bright glowing scarlet. 50 cts.

SPECIAL OFFER: One each of the above, \$6.50



The Dahlias in our collection

	75
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40
Clarissa. Pale primrose	40
Eleganta. Deep pink	40
Elfin. Primrose-yellow; very tiny	40
Fairy Queen. Yellow, edged carmine	40
Jessica. Yellow, suffused bronze, tipped red	60
Kleine Domitea. Golden terra-cotta	50
Lassie. Yellow, tipped rose	50
Little Beauty. Splendid soft pink	50
Little David. Dark bronzy orange	75
Red Boy. Deep red	50
Snowclad. Pure white	50
Sunshine. Bright red, on long stems	50
SPECIAL OFFER: One each of the above 14 varieties, \$	5

A Splendid Collection and a Wonderful Value

PERFECT DAHLIAS Show Plants in the Garden. Unexcelled for Cutting

One strong root each of the following varieties:

(See cut, from top down left side and up on right)

Claire Kulp. HC. Cardinal-red, shaded garnet. Sunset Glow. HC. Golden yellow, overlaid and suffused with flame color.

May Dorr. Bright Tyrian-pink, center petals blending to white toward edge Sophy Morey. White, lightly suffused and overlaid with phlox-

purple. Mrs. F. Bergholz. A beautiful clear pink tipped white.

Mrs. Harrison Dick. Bronzy golden yellow.
Mrs. Leo Niessen. (Center.) Scarlet, blending to peach-pink at center.

POMPON DAHLIAS

Each

Hardy Garden Lilies

Lilies thrive in any well-drained garden soil, but do not want to come in contact with fresh manure. Plant the bulbs twice their depth. By proper selection you can have Lilies in your garden from June till September. The Japanese Lilies are especially attractive when scattered through the hardy border in clumps of three.

JAPANESE LILIES

Auratum (The Gold-banded Lily of Japan). Pure white, thickly studded with maroon spots, banded with yellow throughout the center of each petal. 5 ft. 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz., \$45 per 100.

Auratum pictum. Pure white with pink spots and a broad band of orange-scarlet through the center of each petal. Very pretty. 75 ets. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Auratum rubro-vittatum. Pure white with pink spots and a broad stripe of deep pink. 90 cts. each, 89 per doz.

Auratum Wittei. Pure white, without spots, golden band runs through the center of each petal. 90 cts. each, \$9 per doz.

Auratum platyphyllum. Thickly spotted pink, and distinct crimson band through the center of each petal. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Krameri. Wide-open flowers of a delicate flesh-pink tint. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Speciosum album. Pure white. Very hardy; blooms in August and September. 5 ft. 9 to 11 in., 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz., \$60 per 100.

Speciosum rubrum. White ground, heavily spotted with deep pink. 9 to 11 in., 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz., \$45 per 100.

Speciosum Melpomene. White ground heavily spotted with crimson. 9 to 11 in., 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz., \$45 per 100.

Speciosum Henryi. Large orange-yellow flowers; very stately and showy, easy to grow and very hardy. Mammoth bulbs, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Tigrinum splendens (The Improved Tiger Lily). Orange-red, spotted with black; blooms in August. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$26 per 100.

REGALE (The Regal Lily). As hardy as any known Lily. Flowers white, trumpet shaped, slightly suffused pink, with canary-yellow at the center, and extending part way up the trumpet. 2 to 4 ft.

Heavy bulbs, 5 to 6 inches in circumference, sure to produce three to four blooms the first season.

12 bulbs for....\$6 00 | 50 bulbs for...\$20 00 25 bulbs for....1 00 | 100 bulbs for....39 00



Lilium regale



Lilium speciosum rubrum

NATIVE LILIES

We offer here only those of our native Lilies which are absolutely dependable, will grow well everywhere and under all conditions, and are perfectly hardy.

Batemanniæ. Rich, glowing apricot, unspotted flowers, four to six in an umbel. Blooms in August. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Canadense (Meadow Lily). Bell-shaped, nodding blossoms of red and yellow. 3 to 5 ft. Blooms in June and July. \$2 per doz., \$16 per 100.

Canadense rubrum. Rich, deep red. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Croceum. Golden yellow blooms in late June and July. 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz.

Dahuricum. Reddish yellow blooms of good size in June. 3 to 4 ft. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Elegans Alutaceum. Orange-buff. June, July. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Elegans atrosanguineum. Blood-red, spotted purplish black; red anthers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Elegans incomparabile. Deep red. Easy to grow. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Elegans, Prince of Orange. Soft buff, spotted purple-black. Very dwarf. 6 to 9 in. June. 40 cts. each \$4 per doz.

Hansoni. Reddish orange blooms, six to ten in cluster; thick, durable petals. 90 cts. each, \$9 per doz.

Horsfordi. Very pretty apricot Lily of easy cultivation and strong growth. July, August. \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.

Pardalinum (Leopard Lily). Rich scarlet and yellow flowers, spotted with rich brown. Robust and free-flowering. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Philadelphicum. Fine native Lily that succeeds well in partial shade. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Superbum. From twenty to forty nodding, brilliant orange-red flowers. Blooms in July. 3 to 6 ft. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$20 per 100.

Miscellaneous Summer-Flowering Bulbs and Roots



MONTBRETIAS

excellent cut-flower, splendid for arrangement in vases or baskets and for mixing with other flowers. Montbretias have been described by many people as being similar to a miniature gladiolus, except that the flowers and foliage are much smaller and the stems a great deal more slender. The stems are very wiry, about 2 feet in length, and the flowers are gracefully placed over one-third of their length. The varieties listed here are infinitely superior to not accomplished with Montager and the superior and the superior and the superior superior

the old sorts. If you are not acquainted with Montbretias, we strongly urge you to try some this year. You will be delighted.

California. A deep golden yellow, exceptionally free flowering. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Crocosmiæflora. Pure orange; very lovely.

\$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100.

George Davison. Lovely pale orange-yellow

George Davison. Lovely pale orange-yellow flowers, widely expanded on stems from 3 to 4 feet long. \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Star of Fire. Bright vermilion, center yellow, outside blood-red. Very free flowering and most attractive. \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100.

Finest Mixed. Carefully blended. \$1 per doz.,

\$7 per 100.



Giant French Poppy

A RARE OPPORTUNITY Giant French **Poppy Anemones**

Marvelous poppy-like flow-s in the wonderful color combinations only to be found in this variety. Blues with white bases; Pink with blue bases; Cream and Apricot Shades in endless profusion. Truly a gem of the first water! Plant bulbs, 3 inches deep. \$3 for 25 bulbs, \$5.50 for 50, \$10 per 100.

THREE LOVELY AMARYLLIS Showy and Fine for Cut-flowers

Equestre. Brilliant orange-red lily-type flowers,

with greenish ivory throat. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Equestre, Double. Bright scarlet flowers often measuring 6 inches across, in clusters on 18-inch stems.

\$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Halli (Lycoris squamigera). Magic Lily of Japan. A lovely pink Amaryllis, slightly suffused with lavender, sweet-scented, in umbels of ten to twelve flowers, on 2-to 3-foot stems. \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.

DICENTRA

Spectabilis (Bleeding-Heart). Long, racemes, thickly hung with graceful heart-shaped flowers, produced in abundance in May and June. Strong roots, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily)

Do splendidly in semi-shaded, moist places and are lovely for cutting. Bloom from May to July.

Dr. Regel. Deep golden yellow. 35c. ea., \$3.50 per doz. Flava (Lemon Lily). Deep lemon-yellow flowers, very fragrant. \$4.50 per doz., \$25 per 100.

Gold Dust. Bright yellow. 35c. ea., \$3.50 per doz.

HYACINTHUS

Candicans (Summer Hyacinth). Contrast splendidly with gladiolus. Spikes 4 to 5 feet high, each bearing from 20 to 30 large, white, bell-shaped flowers. Set bulbs 8 inches apart, 5 inches deep. \$2.50 per doz., \$16 per 100.

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY CLUMPS

Extra-strong clumps, just full of flowering pips. If planted in April, will bloom in May. A semi-shaded rather moist place is best suited. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY PIPS FOR FORCING

Schling's Extra-Strong Forcing Crowns. Selected three-year-old, heavy pips with long roots. These pips are retarded and will bloom in 21 to 25 days after planting. Sold only in the following quantities: 250 pips \$25, 500 pips \$45, 1,000 pips \$85.

MADEIRA VINE (Climbing Mignonette)

Elegant for trellises and arbors. Thick, glossy leaves and long, hanging stems of feathery, fragrant, white flowers. Extra-strong, selected flowers. Extra-strong, selected tubers, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

RANUNCULUS

Giant Double French. A beautiful strain of buttercuplike flowers on long stems in such lovely shades as bronze, orange, yellow, and brown. Will be much enjoyed in the garden and are especially beautiful in bowls. \$1.50 per doz., \$3 for 25, \$5.50 for 50, \$10 per 100.



Giant Double French Ranunculus

TUBEROSE

Dwarf Double Pearl. Plant in the garden in May in rich soil in a sunny position, and they will bloom in September. If early flowers are wanted, bulbs should be started in a hotbed in March and April and set out when warm enough in May. Mammoth or Jumbo bulbs, sure to bloom, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

HARDY VINES AND CLIMBERS

Fine, strong plants can be shipped while dormant in April and May and again in October. Graceful in habit, infinite in foliage and flowers make them charming and attractive all through the season.

AMPELOPSIS Veitchi (Boston Ivy). Clings to walls. Strong plants, \$1 each, \$11 per doz. CLEMATIS paniculata. Clusters of fragrant white

flowers. \$1 each, \$11 per doz.

C. Jackmanni. Large, velvety purple flowers, 4 inches across. \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.

C. Henryi. Large, creamy white flowers, 4 inches across. \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.

ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). Large, round leaves and brownish flowers. \$2 each.

EUONYMUS radicans (Evergreen Bittersweet). Small, glossy foliage. Best clinging vine for walls and rocks. Strong plants, \$1 each.

HALL'S JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE. Very fragrant. Strong plants, \$1 each, \$11 per doz.

POLYGONUM Auberti (Silver Lace Vine). Very hardy and attractive. \$1.50 each.

WISTERIA. Grafted plants which will bloom. W., White and Purple. Each, \$1.50.

GRAPE-VINES

CATAWBA (red, delicious): NIAGARA (large, white); WORDEN (large, black, early); CONCORD (black, late). Any of the above, strong three-year-old canes, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Other varieties can be supplied. We also can supply, in season, all Fruit Trees, Currants, Gooseberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, etc. Write for prices.

CALLA ELLIOTTIANA

The Glorious Golden Yellow Calla

So cheerful and refreshing. A splendid pot plant for Easter and early spring, and very attractive in the garden, with its rich, deep golden flowers and deep green foliage with white spots. Outside, the bulbs should be planted as soon as the ground can be worked and all danger of frost is past—about the latter part of April Water only when the ground is dry. In pots, if planted any time from January to April (one bulb to a 5-inch pot), they will come into bloom in from twelve to fifteen weeks. Give very little water until the pot is well filled with roots, after which they grow and bloom quickly. Large bulbs, 50 cts. each, 85 per doz.; extralarge mammoth bulbs, 75 cts. each, 87,50 per doz.



IMPERIAL OR FANCY-LEAVED CALADIUMS

Here are surely Nature's most glorious color creations, from the darkest reds to the lightest and transparent shades, fantastically veined, penciled, and marbled. There is no equal in beauty. They are excellent to give color to the rock-garden in summer or for foliage groups in semi-shade. For early results you can start bulbs as early as January in the house, or they can be planted outdoors in May when the ground is warm.

Schling's Exhibition Varieties, Selected Bulbs. (10 named varieties.) \$8 for 10, \$70 per 100.

Special Hybrids. (10 named varieties.) \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100.



Calla Elliottiana

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM (Elephant's Ear)

Attractive foliage plants for beds and groups, and often used as a border around tall-growing cannas. First-size bulbs, 7 to 9 in. circ., 35c. each, \$3 per doz. Extra-large bulbs, 9 to 11 in. circ., 60 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

THE LOVELY NERINES

Beautiful bulbous plants with large umbels of long narrow trumpet-shaped Amaryllis-like flowers in orange-pink, cerise and salmon shades. Very rare and charming plants for the greenhouse. When cut, they keep a long time in water, and are entrancingly beautiful under artificial light. Assorted hybrids, \$2 each, \$18 per doz.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

We offer an especially fine strain of truly giant-flowering varieties. They succeed best in rather moist soil and in a shady situation. Excellent for bedding out under trees; they will brighten many a shady spot where no other flowers will succeed. To have them in bloom in May, start the tubers in the hotbed or coldframe in February or March in pots or boxes. A light peaty soil is most suitable, and until roots have formed, water sparingly. The temperature of the frames should be at least 60 to 70 degrees. The plants can be bedded out as soon as all danger of frost is past (about May 25 to June 1), at which time they will be in bud or blooming; set from 10 to 12 inches apart. The tubers may also be planted in the ground the middle of May or even later, for blooms during August and until frost.

CIANT SINGLE-FLOWERING

Crimson, Pink, Scarlet, White, Yellow, and Salmon. each, \$4 per doz., \$30 per 100.

GIANT DOUBLE-FLOWERING

Yellow, Crimson, White, Scarlet, Pink, and Salmon. 50 cts each, \$5 per doz., \$40 per 100.

ISMENE CALATHINA (Peruvian Daffodil)

Has lovely, large, amaryllis-like, pure white, fragrant blossoms and succeeds well in the garden. \$3 per doz., \$20 per 100.



CHOICE HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

Plant orders will be forwarded by express, purchaser paying charges. Small orders may be forwarded by parcel post, but if wanted sent this way, please add 10 per cent of the value of the plants to cover postage and packing. All perennials are strong, field-grown plants with the exception of a few which are pot-grown. They can be shipped during April and early May and again in September and October.

All varieties in this list, except where otherwise quoted, \$1.25 for 3, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per 100. Orders for less than three of one variety cannot be accepted

Achillea Ptarmica, Boule de Neige (Ball of Snow). An improved Pearl with fuller and more perfect flowers. Fine for cutting. 1½ ft. June-Sept.
—Ptarmica, Perry's White. 2½ ft. June, July.
Aconitum autumnale. Dark blue. 3 to 4 ft. Aug, Sept. \$2.50 for 2.85 per des.

Aconitum autumnale. Dark blue. 3 to 4 ft. Aug, Sept. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

Alyssum rostratum. Pale yellow. Prostrate, almost shrubby plant. 1 ft. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

Anchusa italica, Dropmore. Gentian-blue; pyramidal spikes. 4 to 5 ft. June. \$1.30 for 3, \$4 per doz.

—Myosotdidifora. Dwarf. Clusters of bright blue flowers resembling forget-me-nots. 1 ft. May. \$2 for 3, \$6 per doz.

Anemone japonica (Japanese Winddower). Lovely, graceful blooms on long stems from late August until severe frost. 2 to 3 ft.

japonica alba. Snow-white; single. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz. japonica, Louise Uhink. (New.) Semi-double; white. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz. japonica, Prince Heinrich. Deep .pink. \$1.50 for 3,

-Japonica, Prince Heinrich. Deep plan. Sperdoz.
-Japonica, Queen Charlotte. Large; semi-double, La France pink. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.
-Japonica rubra. Deep velvety red. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.
-Japonica rubra. Deep velvety red. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.
-Japonica whirlwind. Semi-double; pure white. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.
-Japonica Rocky Mountain Columbine). Blue and white; long spurs. 1½ ft. May, June.
-, Long-spurred Hybrids. A magnificent strain of the choicest Columbines. 2½ to 3 ft. May, June.
-Arabis alpina superba. Pure white blooms in large trusses. 6 in. April, May. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.
-alpina flore-pleno. Double; pure white. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

So per dox.

Asclepias tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). Showy, erect umbels of bright orange flowers. 2 ft. July, Aug.

Asters, Hardy. The following are the most improved of our native wild Asters, so conspicuous during late summer and early fall.

-, Lutetia. Rosy lilac blooms 2½ in. across. 2 ft. Aug.—Oct.
-novæ-angliæ, Glen Eyrie. Mauve-pink. 6 ft. Sept., Oct.
-n-n-a., Mrs. Raynor. Large; rosy crimson. 4 ft., Sept., Oct.
-novi-belgi, Climax. Lavender-blue, golden center. 4 to 5

Aug.

n.-b., Grey Lady. Exquisite shade of opal; semi-double. 3 ft. \$2 for 3, \$6 per doz.
n.-b., Peggy Ballard. Double; rosy mauve. 3 ft. \$2 for 3,

86 per doz.

-n.-b., Queen Mary. (New.) Immense, rich, glistening blue flowers, fully 2½ inches in diameter, in large, pyramidal trusses. \$2 for 3, 86 per doz.

-n.-b., Rachel Ballard. Delightful rose-color. 4 ft. Aug.,

Sept.

-n.-b., Thomas Ware. Rosy lilac. 3½ to 4 ft. Very effective. May-Oct.

Astilbe (Spiræa), Granat. Dark crimson; strong, divided spikes. 2½ ft. June, July. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

-, Juno. Feathery, deep violet-rose plumes. 2½ ft. June, July. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

-, Kriemhilde. Salmon-rose plumes. Very beautiful. 2½ ft. June, July. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

-, Rose Pearl. Shell-pink; dense pyramidal trusses. 2½ ft. June, July. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Boltonia asteroides. Great profusion of pure white, asterlike bloom. 6 to 7 ft. Aug.-Oct.

-latisquarma. Same as above, with pinkish lavender flowers. Aug.-Oct.

Aug.-Oct.

Campanula calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer). Choice hybrids. 2 to 3 ft. June.

-carpatica (Carpathian Harebell). Blue. For rockeries and borders. 8 in. July-Aug.

-carpatica alba. A white form of above.

-Medium (Canterbury Bells). White, pink, lavender and blue. 2 ft. June.

-Carpatica alba. A white form of above.
-Medium (Canterbury Bells). White, pink, lavender and blue. 2 ft. June.
-persicifolia (Peach Bells). Blue. 12 in. June, July.
-persicifolia alba. White.
Cerastium tomentosum (Snow-in-Summer). Silvery foliage; white flowers. Fine for rocks. 6 in. May, June.
Corcopsis lanceolata. Golden yellow. 2 ft. June-Oct.
Delphinium chinense, Blue. Azure-blue. 1½ ft. June, July.
-chinense, White. White form of above.
-belladonna. Turquoise-blue. 4 ft. June to frost.
-bellamosa. Dark blue form of above.
-formosa. Dark blue, white center. 5 ft.
Delphinium Hybrids, Exhibition Strain. Strong stately spikes, often 7 feet high; lovely color range; unequaled. June, July. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.
-Hybridum, Summer Cloud. (New.) Clear white. Good vigorous growth. 4 to 6 ft. \$2.50 for 3, \$8 per doz.
Dianthus plumarius (June Pinks). Spicy fragrance. 1 ft.
May, June.

May, June. plumarius, Annie Laurie. (New.) Sin Blooms all summer. \$2 for 3, \$6 per doz. Single; delicate pink.

Dielytra spectabilis (Bleeding-Heart). 1½ ft. April-June \$1 each, \$10 per doz.
Digitalis purpurea (Purple Foxglove). 4 ft. June, July.
—gloxinlæflora (Spotted Foxglove). White, Fink, or Purple.
4 ft. June, July
—gloxinlæflora, The Shirley (Giant Foxglove). (New.)
Many new colors. 6 to 7 ft. June, July. \$1.50 for 3, \$5

per doz.

"Isabellina. (New.) Pale yellow; very fine. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

—Iutea (Yellow Foxglove). 4 ft. June, July.

Echinacea purpurea (Purple Coneflower). Reddish purple. 3 to 4 ft. July, Aug.

Echinops ritro (Globe Thistle). Metallic blue. 3 to 4 ft. July. Aug.

July-Sept.

July-Sept.

Gaillardia grandiflora Hybrids. Yellow and orange, red; very brilliant. 1½ ft. May-Nov.

-grandiflora, Golden Gleam. (New.) Sunset color. 2 ft. May-Nov. \$2.50 for 3, \$9 per doz.

-grandiflora, Portola. (New.) Brilliant copper-scarlet, each petal heavily margined with golden yellow. 2½ to 3 ft. May-Nov. \$2.50 for 3, \$9 per doz.

-geum, Mrs. Bradshaw. Double; orange-red. 2 ft. June-Sept. \$1 for 3, \$3.50 per doz.

-, Lady Stratheden. Double; golden yellow. 2 ft. June-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

-gypsophila paniculata (Baby's Breath). Grayish white. 2 to 3 ft. June, July. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

-paniculata fiore-pleno, Bristol Fairy. (New.) Flowers twice the size of the old double variety, plants branch more freely, and continue to bloom steadily until frost. 2-yr. roots \$1.50 each.

\$1.50 each.

Helenium autumnale superbum (Sneezewort). Lemonyellow, 4 to 5 ft. Aug., Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

—, Riverton Beauty. Lemon-yellow; purplish black cone.
5 ft. Aug.—Oct. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

Heliopsis scabra zinniæflora. Semi-double yellow flowers.
3 inches across. 2 to 3 ft. July—Oct.

Heuchera sanguinea maxima (Alum-Root). Coral-pink.
1½ ft. June-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

—gracillima rosea. Carmine-rose. 1½ ft. June-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

-grācillima roseā. Carmine-rose. 1½ ft. June-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.
Hollyhocks, Single Mixed. Splendid color range. 5 to 7 ft. July-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.
-, Double Chater's Finest. White, Pink, Yellow, and Crimson. 5 to 7 ft. July-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.
Lavandula vera (Sweet English Lavender). Blue. 1½ ft. July-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.
Lavandula vera (Kansas Gayfeather). Purple. 4 to 5 ft. July. Aug.
Liatris pycnostachya (Kansas Gayfeather). Purple. 4 to 5 ft. July. Aug.
Lupinus polyphyllus. White, Pink, and Blue. 4 to 5 ft. June, July. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.
-polyphyllus, Harkness Regal Hybrids. A cross between L. polyphyllus and L. arboreus. Produces strong spikes of great length, thickly set with flowers, including many new colors such as copper, orange, amber, rose, etc. 5 to 6 ft. great length, thickly set with nowers, including hard new colors such as copper, orange, amber, rose, etc. 5 to 6 ft. June-Aug. \$2 for 3, \$7 per doz.

Monarda didyma (Bergamot). Brilliant scarlet. Attracts hummingbirds. 3 ft. June, July.

Myosotis palustris semperficrens. (Everblooming Forgetme-not). Bright blue. June to Oct.

Enothera missouriensis (Evening Primrose). Large; golden rollors. Itana Aug.

chothera missouriensis (Evening Primrose). Large; golden yellow. 10 in. June-Aug.

—Fraseri. Large; pale yellow. 12 in. June to Sept.

Papaver, Oriental Poppy. 2 ft. June.

—, Cerise Beauty. Brilliant cerise-red.

—, Gerald Perry. Orange-apricot.

—, Mrs. Perry. Soft salmon-rose.

—, Orange Beauty. Orange-scarlet.

—, Royal Scarlet. Vivid red, dark center.

—, Iceland Poppy. Tulip-shaped Good for rockeries. 1 ft.

-, Iceland Poppy. Tulip-snaped Good for rockenes. I for May-Aug.
-, Thibet. Glowing orange. Larger and finer than the old Iceland Poppies. \$2 for 3, \$6 per doz.

All Poppies, except where otherwise noted, \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

Phlox divaricata canadensis. Lovely blue. Fine for rock-gardens and undergrowth for tulip-beds. 1 ft. May. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

for 3, \$5 per doz.

Physalis francheti (Chinese Lantern Plant). Grown for its decorative fruit, used in winter bouquets. 2 ft. April, May.

Physostegia alba (False Dragonhead). Strong spikes of pure white flowers, lovely for cutting. 2 ft. June-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

-speciosa gigantea. Pink. 2 ft. June-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

Platycodon grandiflora (Saucer Flower). Blue, or white balloon-shaped buds; most attractive. 1½ ft. June, July.

Primula veris (Cowslip). Mixed colors. 6 to 9 in. May.

Pyrethrum hybridum (Colored Daisies). Mixed. 2 ft. June, July.

CHOICE HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS, continued

Scabiosa japonica (Blue Bonnet). Soft lilac-blue. 2 ft. June-Aug. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

Shasta Daisy, Alaska. A decided improvement. Pure glisten-

Shasta Daisy, Alaska. A decided improvement. Pure gistening white. 1½ ft. June-Sept.

Siberian Wallflower. Large heads of very fragrant, brilliant orange flowers. I ft. May-midsummer. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

Statice latifolia (Sea Lavender). Fine panicles covered with a profusion of small blue flowers. 2 ft. Aug., Sept.

Stokesia cyanea (Cornflower Aster). Sky-blue. 2 ft. July-

—cyanea alba. White form of the above.

Valeriana (Garden Heliotrope). White; sweet-scented. 3 to

4 ft June, July.

Tritoma Pfitzeri (Red-Hot Poker Plant). Orange-scarlet, shaded to salmon-rose on edge; continuous bloomer. 2 to 3 ft. Aug., Sept. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz.

Veronica, Blue Ridge. Bright blue; handsome spikes. 2 ft.

July-Sept.

-longifolia subsessilis (Giant Speedwell). Long, dense, deep, blue spikes. 2 ft. July-Sept. \$1.25 for 3, \$4 per doz.

-spicata rosea. Delicate pink. 1½ ft. June, July. Yinca minor (Myrtle). Blue flowers. Splendid for shade; grows anywhere. 6 in. April, May.

Yucca filamentosa (Adam's Needle). Of tropical appearance; large pyramidal clusters of creamy flowers. 4 to 6 ft. June, July. \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz. Prices: Any of the above, except where otherwise noted, \$1 for 3, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per 100

HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Our list represents only dependable varieties of the most improved types. All are perfectly hardy, bloom from early autumn until frost, grow easily, spread quickly, and furnish the garden with a wealth of flowers during the autumn months. For the first winter, a protection of leaves should be given after the stems are cut down.

DECORATIVE TYPE

Large-flowering Alice Howell. Orange-yellow; un-

usually effective.

Aquitaine. Salmon-bronze.

Autumn Glow. Rosy crimson.

Crawford's White. Large; pure

white.

Maduse. Terra-cotta-bronze; large.

Miss F. Collier. Pure white.

Normandie. Delicate pink.

Ruth Cumming. Rich reddish

Yellow Normandie. Bronzy yellow; extra good.

POMPON or BUTTON TYPE

Ethel. Bright red. Excelsion. Bright vellow.

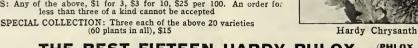
Harvest Moon, Yellow. Irene. White.

Lillian Doty. Pink. Little Barbee. Bright bronzy red. Maid of Kent. White.

Metzi. Yellow, white center. Niza. White

November Gold. Rich golden vellow Skibo. Yellow.

PRICES: Any of the above, \$1 for 3, \$3 for 10, \$25 per 100. An order for less than three of a kind cannot be accepted (60 plants in all), \$15





Hardy Chrysanthemums

THE BEST FIFTEEN HARDY PHLOX (PHLOX DECUSSATA)

Camillo Schneider. (New.) Large, brilliant scarlet-red Caroline Vandenberg. (New.) Rich lavender-blue, really

Caroline Vandenberg. (New.) Rich lavender-blue, really a very beautiful color.

Elizabeth Campbell. Light salmon-pink, dark red eye.

Evelyn. (New.) Rich salmon-rose. The individual flowers are very large and the trusses are immense. A strong-growing Phlox, 2½ to 3 feet high.

Homeland. Oriental red, suffused orange; crimson eye.

Karl Foerster. (New.) Glowing orange-red. Large individual

Jules Sandeau. Pure pink; very large trusses.
Mia Ruys. Purest white. Dwarf habit. The best white.
Mrs. Milly van Hoboken. Soft pink. Strong, erect spike.
Mrs. Scholten. A new Phlox of outstanding merit. Vivid salmon, shading to red, and quite distinct from others.
Prof. Went. Brilliant amaranth-red; very large panicles on

strong stems.

Rheinlander. Salmon-pink; very large.

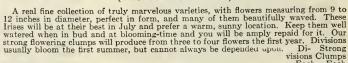
Saladin. Brilliant orange-scarlet; very large and fine.

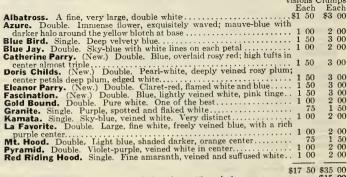
Special French. Clear pink.

Thor. Color salmon-pink.

Any of the above, \$1.50 for 3, \$5 per doz. COLLECTION: Three each of the above 15 varieties (45 in all), \$18 **WONDERFUL JAPANESE IRIS**

(The Garden Orchid)







Japanese Irises

NEW HOLLYHOCK DELPHINIUMS

Wrexham and Other English Varieties

Large, field-grown plants, balled and burlapped. (Revelation to Delphinium lovers)

Not only do these Delphiniums represent a masterly achievement of the foremost Delphinium hybridizers, but they are truly a revelation as to size of the individual flowers and length of spikes. This lovely new type produces, in most cases, solid bloom to a length of 2½ to 3 feet along the spike, and the individual florets are of great size and in rare colorings.

The Delphinium plants that we offer here have been checked as to type and description while in bloom, and represent a close accuracy in color and form to the prize-winners in England, from which they are directly descended.

We shit these aloas with a large hall of soil wranged in hurlar. In this way, they

We ship these plants with a large ball of soil, wrapped in burlap. In this way they can be transplanted any time up to June and again in September, October, and November. We guarantee safe arrival, but on account of the heavy ball of soil adhering to the plant, they cannot be mailed. We ship by express only.

\$2 each.

freat Strides. Pale blue, shaded pinkish mauve. 4 to 5 ft. \$4 each.

Happy Thought. Medium blue, shaded pansy-violet. 5 ft. \$4 each.

cannot be mailed. We ship by express only.

Advancement. A distinct achievement in Delphinium creation. The flower-spikes are often 5 to 6 feet of solid bloom and the colors are beautiful. Vigorous grower. £6 ea. Blue Queen. Single; azure-blue with black-ish brown center. 4 ft. £2 each.

Clive Greaves. Rich porcelain-blue blooms on a long, tapering spike. 5 ft. £6 each.

Constance. Single; rich gentian-blue, conspicuous white eye. 4 ft. £2.50 each.

Countess Cowley. Semi-double; light blue and mauve. 5 ft. £4 each.

Edward Bromet. Large; purplish blue, white eye. 5 ft. £3 each.

Glory. Mauve, shaded rose, white eye. 4 ft. £2 each. deep mauve flowers with striking black eye. 7 ft. \$3 each.

Mrs. Shirley. Lovely lilac-mauve, white and sulphur eye. 5 to 6 ft. \$3 each.

Mrs. Townley-Parker. Single; a fine skyblue, with white eye. \$2.50 each.

Norah Phillips. A gorgeous effect of deep blue and purple florets on a tapering 6-foot spike, 4½ feet being in bloom. \$6 each.

R. A. Pilkington. Semi-double; rich violet, edged dark blue, brown eye. 5 ft. \$4 each.

The Bishop. Rich dark blue, distinctive white eye. \$4 each.

The Shah. Semi-double; deep rosy lavender, with dark eye. 5 ft. \$4 each.

Watkin Samuels Hybrids. The Hollyhock Wrexham Strain is still the sensation in English Delphinium circles, due to the constant improvements of this wizard. \$6 each.

12 plants of one variety at the price of 10

Six plants of one variety at the price of 5; 12 plants of one variety at the price of 10

Mrs. A. J. Watson. Enormous spikes of deep mauve flowers with striking black eye. 7 ft. \$3 each.

Wrexham Delphinium

English Hollyhock Delphiniums in Color Groups Intermediate Shades

Light Shades Mauve Shades

Dark Shades

Any of above Delphiniums, \$1 each, \$10 per doz., \$75 per 100

Bearded Iris or BEAUTIFUL GERMAN IRIS Fleur-de-lis

We offer here a list of the choicest and most improved of the more recent developments in this wonderful flower. Planting can be done in April and early May and again from August until frost. Doz 10 00 5 00 3 50 5 00 00 10 00 15 00 3 50 3 50 3 50 7 50 5 00 3 50 3 50 7 50 5 00 3 50 5 00

Special Collection Offer: 3 each of the above 22 varieties (66 in all), \$30

Very Special: GERMAN IRIS IN MIXTURE

A beautiful mixture comprising only the modern improved varieties, just what you want for mass planting, to naturalize in beds, as an outline to shrubbery, along woodland walks, etc. Strong flowering roots, very specially priced, \$1.50 per doz., \$7 per 100, \$60 per 1,000.

Four Charming New Early-Flowering Carden Chrysanthemums

A lovely set of four new colors decidedly superior in every way and doubly valuable to northern gardens on account of their extreme earliness of bloom.

Barbara Cumming. Large, full flower of the Decorative type, over 3 inches across, clear yellow in color, shading to orange-bronze toward the center. It commences flowering in late August

and blooms profusely until late October. **Gypsy Girl.** A single type, with a double row of petals of exceptionally good substance, crimson, shading to chestnut-crimson. Equally effective in the garden or as a cut-flower. It commences flowering in early October.

Ruth Hatton. Clear ivory-white with delicate lemon-yellow shadings. In full flower about October 10. It is of the Decorative Pompon type, and we consider it the best white so far introduced for garden work.

October Girl. Fully 2 inches across; clear rose-pink. Without question, the most prolific flower-ing garden Chrysanthemum. In full flower by October 1.

Collection: 3 plants each of the above 4 varieties (12 in all), \$6. Separate, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

ALPINE PLANTS FOR ROCK-GARDENS

A rock-garden, to be attractive, should show sheets of color, and to produce this effect, no less than six to twelve plants of one variety or color should be used. Our rock-plants throughout are well grown in a high altitude, and the plants we offer are of exceptional size. Orders for less than 3 plants of one variety cannot be accepted.

exceptional size. Orders for less than 3 plants of one variet	
Ethionema coridifolium. A many-stemmed bushling with short, dense heads of pink flowers.3 plants Doz.	Dianthus superbus. Lilac flowers, very fra-3 plants Doz. grant, deeply fringed
4 to 6 in. June, July	-sylvestris. Bluish foliage and salmon-pink
flowers in terminal racemes. April, May 1 75 6 00	flowers. 1 ft
—pulchellum. Rosy pink. Very choice. 6 in 2 00 6 00	one, blooming throughout the season in delicate
Alyssum saxatile compactum. Yellow. Fine	arching racemes like miniature Bleeding-Heart. 1 00 3 50 Draba aizoides. Beautiful rosettes of hairy
—serpyllifolium. Very dwarf (4 to 5 in.), with	leaves. Bright yellow flowers. 2 in. Spring 2 00 6 00
racemes of pale vellow flowers and rough hoarv	Epilobium Nummularifolium. A tiny creeper with small, round, copper-colored leaves and
Anemone hupehensis. Mauve-pink blooms	little white flowers. Happy in semi-shade. A
from August to late autumn	good carpeter for stepping-stones
yellow stamens. April, May 1 25 4 00	Gentiana cruciata. Heads of brilliant blue
-sylvestris. White. Likes moist corner of the rock-garden. May, June	blooms in August. 6 to 12 in
Aquilegia alpina. Powder-blue flowers on 1-foot	stems 6 inches high. Early
stems. May, June	Gypsophila repens. Trailing plant for rockery or wall-garden. Small, delicate white flowers.
low Columbine	July. Aug 1 00 3 50
flowers	Helianthemum aureum
Arabis albida. A vigorous Rock-Cress with grey	-Chamæcistus (vulgare). A rich mixture of
leaves and countless white flowers nearly the whole summer. Ordinary soil. Sun	pastel colors
-alpina nana compacta. Dwarfest variety.	-, Mrs. Earle. Double, scarlet flowers 1 50 5 00
Flowers white, double	Præcox. Soft yellow
Macedonia. White flowers. Compact 2 00 5 00	Rock Rose
-muralis alba. A white form of the compact A. muralis rosea	Heuchera, Rosamonde. Soft pink flowers. 18 in
-muralis rosea. Compact habit. Rosy pink	-sanguinea. Scarlet or crimson flowers in
flowers	delicate panicles
tion in the rock-garden. Tuft-like habit. Flow-	stems, covered with cups of clear golden yellow.
ers neat and white	Indispensable for the rockery
of green, covered in early spring with large	yellow flowers. A jewel. 6 in. June, July 1 50 5 00
white flowers	—polyphyllum. Rare. Glaucous foliage and yellow flowers in dense terminal cymes all
with white flowers	summer
with cluster heads of vivid pink flowers	over the rocks, and covered with golden yellow
Aster alpinus. Dwarf. Large, purple flowers 1 25 4 00	blooms. A gem 1 50 6 00
Aster alpinus. Dwarf. Large, purple flowers 1 25 4 00 — himalaicus. Very choice. Dwarf, with a profusion of lilae flowers 2 00 6 00 Aubrietia deltoidea. Very dwarf. Pale lavender. 1 00 3 50	Iris cristata. Very dwarf. Deep blue flowers, spotted orange
Aubrietia deltoidea. Very dwarf. Pale lavender. 1 00 3 50	-ensata. A charming dwarf ins from China.
quires light loamy soil	Pale lilac, beautifully veined
—deltoidea Eyrei. A rose-pink, matted Rock-	high Yellow or hlac
Cress	—pumila cyanea. A rich blue dwarf type. Early spring bloomer
—deitoidea Leichtlini. Bright rose 1 50 5 00	—pumila lutea. A yellow variety of the above 1 25 3 50
—deltoidea purpurea. Rich purplish blue 1 25 4 00 Auricula alpina. One of the Primrose family,	-pumila, The Bride. Clear white with a gold stripe in the falls
with a range of rich pastel colors. 6 to 8 in 2 00 6 00 Calamintha alpina. Prostrate. Violet-blue	stripe in the falls
flowers borne in clusters. July, August 1 50 5 00 Campanula carpatica. A well-known Car-	Swiss Edelweiss
Campanula carpatica. A well-known Carpathian Harebell. Bright deep blue blooms all	a continuous bloomer throughout the summer.
summer 1 00 3 50	Rich violet blooms with orange throat. Sunny, well-drained soil
—garganica. A gem. Hanging masses of deli-	—æquitriloba. For crevises, paths and walks 1 50 5 00 Linum perenne. Drifts of sapphire-blue flowers. 1 00 3 50
cate blue flowers	Lychnis alpina. An attractive little rockery
bell-shaped flowers of delicate China-blue. June, July	plant of tufted growth, bearing heads of pink blossoms. May, June
—pyramidalis alba. A beautiful white form of	-Haageana. Very showy orange flowers nearly
C. pyramidalis	2 inches in diameter. 1 ft. June to August and often longer
Cerastium tomentosum. Grey foliage. White	Mazus japonicus (rugosus). Loose, trailing
Daphne cneorum. One of the choicest of the	masses of blue and white flowers speckled with gold in the throat. Splendid for flagging and
dwarf shrubs, with delicate pink flowers. Bushy	carpeting 1 25 3 50
clumps, 12 to 15-in. spread\$2.50 each 7 00 25 00 Delphinium chinense, Blue Butterfly. In-	Mentha Requient. A minute carpeting plant from Corsica. Fine for a cool, damp position or
tense Chinese blue, in soft sprays. 18 to 24 in 1 00 3 50	in the crevices of the paved walk. Delicately
Dianthus alpinus. Lovely Alpine Pink that thrives in partial shade. Profusion of bright	Myosotis (palustris semperflorens). Water
rose blooms. Dwarf	Witch 1 00 3 50 Nepeta Mussini. Lavender flowers in long,
—arenarius. Sand-loving; excellent for hot, dry places. White, finely fringed blooms	graceful spikes over carpets of silvery grey
—cæsius. Each flower on its own stem. Sweet	foliage. 1 ft. All summer
-deltoides. Brilliant. Brilliant rose Maiden	foliage. 1 ft. All summer
Pink	Papaver albinum. A wee Albine Poppy. Small
blossoms. Very showy. 10 to 12 in 1 50 5 00	tufts of fern-like leaves and white flowers 1 50 5 00 —nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). Blooms in a rich assortment of colors, from a newly developed
-glacialis neglectus. A real wilding with tiny reddish purple flowers on 2-inch stems 2 00 6 00	assortment of colors, from a newly developed strain of great distinction
-kamtschaticus. A trailing rock plant with	-nudicaule, Coonara Pink. An exquisite
deep pink flowers	member of the above family
from early summer through autumn in a glorious	rockery. Clustered heads of pink flowers 1 25 4 00
collection of colors. Improved type	-subulata (Mountain Pink). Mats thickly over walls and rock-ledges. Flowers blue, pink,
Single Pheasant's Eye Pink	or white
104 MAY COLUING	CEEDCMEN

ALPINE PLANTS FOR ROCK-GARDENS, continued

ALPINE PLANTS FOR	ROCK-GARDENS, continued
Phlox subulata, G. F. Wilson. Delicate pale 3 plants Delicate	Doz. Silene acaulis. Close cushions of foliage and3 plants Doz.
lilae\$1 25 \$4	tiny pink stemless flowers in June\$2 25 \$6 50
—subulata, Vivid. Warm salmon-rose	00 —alpestris. A profusion of branching stems carrying exquisite white stars with fringed
of beautiful skyt-blue blooms 18 in 1 00 3	50 petals. Best in partial shade
-reptans (Greek Valerian). Dwarf, bushy plant	-Schafta. Closely allied to the pink family.
with graceful habit and showy blue howers.	Tufted growth covered with rosy purple flowers
8 to 10 in. April to June	00 in July and August 1 00 3 50
with strawberry-red flowers and beautiful	Thalictrum minus adiantifolium. Rich
strawberry-like foliage	loam and moist position. Happy in shade. Miniature white flowers in July. 1 in
Primula Beesiana. A distinctive type, with	
flowers of various flaming shades through to	Thymus azoricus. Rosy purple flowers. A good alpine trailer. Ordinary soil
purple. 1 to 1½ ft	good alpine trailer. Ordinary soil
80 bright yellow fragrant, pendent flowers 3 00 10	00 creeping habit. Foliage dense dark green.
	00 Clouds of delicate purple flowers. Foliage
-veris, Munstead Beauty. This strain includes	strongly scented
	oo —serpyllum lanuginosus. Clouds of delicate
	oo purple flowers on a carpet of woolly green leaves; lovely trailing habit
Santolina Chamæcyparissus incana. Beauti-	Trollius caucasicus, Orange Globe. Rich
ful silvery white flowers; compact and aromatic.	orange. Showy. 1 ft. Fine for damp, shady
One of the most effective plants in the rock- garden or wall. 1 ft	00 places. Spring bloomer
Saponaria ocymoides. Deep pink blooms in	Tunica Saxifraga. Rose-pink. Beautiful little
June; trailing habit	50 prostrate plant
Saxifraga cordifolia (Megasea). Hybrid 1 50 5	00 Veronica armena. A prostrate Veronica with
-decipiens grandiflora. Charming hybrids	delicate, finely cut foliage and brilliant blue
with countless flowers in many shades of white,	flowers. A real treasure
	blue, edged deep blue. June, July
—, Encrusted. Beautiful plants of the European Alps, with lime encrustations on the foliage 2 50 8	-incana. A white, woolly plant with numerous
-lingulata Leichtlini. Long foliage; erect	blue flowers. Fine for rockery or border. 1 ft.
	00 July, August
Sedum acre. A dwarf grower forming a thick	-Lyalli. Deeply cut foliage and an occasional
carpet of green, moss-like foliage hidden by	charming blue flower suspended upon willowy
	50 branches. 1 ft
-album. Small succulent leaves which turn reddish brown in fall. White flowers in June	—pectinata. A charming, woolly-leaved variety which is especially suited for carpeting, owing
	to its prostrate habit
-anacampseros. A very quaint plant inhabit-	-repens. Tiny blue flowers in early spring.
ing Alpine rocks from northern Spain to the	Prostrate mounds of exquisite foliage. A gem. 1 25 4 00
Tyrol. The dull purple flowers and grey-green	spuria (amethystina). Blue flowers in long racemes. 8 to 10 in
rosettes are effective as they trail over sunny rocks	
-anglicum. A coral rosette of grey-green.	-teucrium, Royal Blue. Deep blue. A very desirable trailer
Delicate pink blossoms	50 —teucrium rupestris. Masses of deep green
-dasyphyllum. Fat, glaucous blue leaves, set	foliage smothered with bright blue flowers in
tight on 3-inch stems. Flowers pink. Very	June. Indispensable for dry walls or edgings.
profuse bloomer	Absolutely prostrate. May, June
—Ewersi. Grey foliage. Attractive growth. Rosy lilac blooms	-teucrium rupestris alba. A white form of V.
-kamtschaticum. Foliage deep green. Num-	Tupest is 1 20
erous yellow flowers in flat heads. 6 in 1 00 3	Viola, Black Knight. The sequel to the Giant White in a velvety coal-black
-Lydium. Bronze foliage; pink flowers in June.	
	Quantities of rose-colored flowers. Resembles
	V. gracilis in Labit
-reflexum. Glaucous green leaves. Yellow	-, Bronze Shades. A rich gamut of the bronze
blooms. 8 to 10 in	tones and a continuous broomer. Enterely
bright pink flowers in September 1 25 4	dependable
-spathulatum. Decorative metallic foliage.	shade of apricot
Bright yellow flowers. 6 inches 1 00 3	-, Giant White. Immense cream-colored flow-
-spurium. Prostrate habit with heads of	ers; blooms continuously throughout the sum-
pinkish white flowers	50 mer 1 25 4 00
rose flowers among dark green foliage 1 25 4	—gracilis lutea. A little mountain Pansy from limestone hills. A profusion of dancing golden
	1 00 limestone hills. A profusion of dancing golden blooms
Table 1	00 000000000000000000000000000000000000

Four Splendid Hardy Violets

Viola, Rosina. (New.) A charming salmon-rose to coral-pink with a fragrance even more pronounced than in English Violets. A lovely plant thoroughly satisfactory in either sun or shade. \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10

Viola, Jersey Belle. (New.) A clear mauve bloom without shadings, almost as large as a pansy. Blooms all through summer and fall. \$1.25\$ each, \$10\$ for 10.

Viola, Jersey Gem. The flowers are pure violet, carried on sturdy, 6-inch stems, and very desirable for cutting. A splendid border or rock-plant. Strong plants, \$3 for 10, \$25 per 100.

Viola, Jersey Jewel. A new and worthy addition, from the originator of Jersey Gem. It is strong-growing, with large flowers of a true pansy-violet shade. Quite free in flowering and, like Jersey Gem, requires full sunshine. 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.

COLLECTION: 3 plants each of the above 4 varieties (12 plants in all), \$10

MERTENSIA VIRGINICA (Blue Bells)

Charming American wild-flower with broad, pale green leaves and nodding clusters of bell-like flowers of rich light blue, pink in the bud. Very beautiful when interplanted with naturalized narcissi or arranged with pink early-flowering tulips. It enjoys shade and dampness and makes a fine blue mass. The plants disappear after flowering, but come up again from the roots the following spring. \$4 per doz., \$30 per 100.

OUR FRIENDLY ROCK-GARDEN COLLECTION

Selected for continuous bloom and wide range of color

Armeria maritima Laucheana Armeria maritima Laucheana Aubrietia deltoidea purpurea Campanula carpatica Campanula rotundifolia Dianthus alpinus
Dianthus glacialis neglectus Helianthemum aureum Hypericum polyphyllum

Tris cristata Iris pumila cyanea Mazus rugosus
Papaver alpinum
Phlox subulata, Vivid
Primula auricula Sedum album Sedum anglicum

Sedum Lydium Sedum stoloniferum ibericum Sedum stoloniferum ibericum Thymus Serpyllum Thymus Serpyllum lanuginosus Veronica repens Veronica teucrium, Royal Blue Viola, Jersey Gem Viola gracilis lutea

SPECIAL COLLECTION: 3 plants each of the above 24 vars. (72 plants in all), (value \$31.60) for \$20. By express only

ANNUAL SEEDS FOR THE ROCK-CARDEN

Good to fill up the bare spaces until the perennials become established. All are easily grown and can be sown directly in the rockery. These are the annuals recommended by Mrs. Wilder in her book "Adventures in My Garden and Rock-Garden." 25 15 carpetosa. Very dwarf: pretty egg-volk-vellow 15 Gypsophila muralis. Bears quantities of tiny pink flowers and blooms freely summer and autumn. Ionopsidium acaule (Violet Cress). Pale lavender. 15 25 15 (Charieis heterophulla). Lilac. 8 in.

Leptosiphon Hybrids (Gilia micrantha). Exceedingly bright-colored and very showy. 4 to 6 in.. 15 15 25 25

COLLECTION: One packet each of above 18 annuals, \$4

\$4 40

LARCE-FLOWERING FRENCH CANNAS

Dormant Roots

A list of the most improved of the largest flowering varieties which will give great satisfaction. Shipments of dormant roots can be made from March to May. Green foliage except where otherwise noted.

	Doz.	100
Alsace. Sulphur-yellow	.\$1 50	\$10 00
Brandywine. Vinous-red. Bronze foliage	. 2 00	15 00
Cheerfulness. Orange-flame	. 3 00	18 00
*Egandale. Cherry-red. Bronze foliage	. 2 00	
Gaiety. Orange spotted red, yellow edge	. 1 50	
Gladiflora. Crimson edged gold	. 2 00	15 00
*King Humbert. Gigantic orange-scarlet		
Bronze foliage	. 3 00	18 00
Louisiana. Vivid scarlet, orchid-like	. 2 00	15 00

	De		10	00
Morning Glow. Shell-pink	.\$3	00	\$18	00
Orange Bedder. Bright, dazzling orange	. 2	00	15	00
Panama. Orange-yellow, edged gold	. 2	00	15	00
San Diego. Persian yellow	. 2	00	15	00
The President. Great trusses of bright red			15	00
Wintzer's Colossal. Vivid scarlet	. 2	00	15	00
Yellow King Humbert. Golden yellow				
spotted	. 3	00	15	00
•				

Pot-grown plants of varieties marked * for shipment during May and June, \$6 per doz.

*

WATER LILIES

Hardy Water Lilies can be sent any time from May 1 until the end of August, but tender Lilies not before June. Order early. A simple way to plant Water Lilies is on rich soil in boxes 2 feet square and 1 foot deep. Cow-manure is the best fertilizer, but commercial fertilizers can be used. Place one Water Lily root in each box, cover the crown of the plant, then cover with an inch of sand or gravel, to prevent discoloration of the water, and sink the boxes in the pond.

NEW AND RARE HARDY NYMPHAEAS

Attraction. Flowers 6 to 7 inches across, deep garnet suffused with rose; stamens dark orange-red, tipped with brilliant

golden yellow. \$15 each.

Escarboucle. Brilliant crimson-carmine, with orange-yellow center. \$15 each.

Rose Arey. Brilliant coral-pink flowers 5 to 6 inches across, standing well out of the water. \$5 each.

HARDY WATER LILIES (Nymphaeas)

Alba. (English.) The well-known white Lily from Europe;

Alba. (English.) The well-known write Lily from Europe; 4 to 5 inches across. \$1 each.

Gladstoniana. White; 6 to 8 inches across; petals concave and broad. \$2.50 each.

Marliacea albida. White; large; quite fragrant. \$3 each.

Marliacea chromatella. Blooms 4 to 6 inches across, bright

mariacea chromatelia. Blooms 4 to 6 inches across, bright canary-yellow. \$3 each.

Marliacea rosea. Deep rose blooms 4 to 5 inches across. \$3 ea.

Odorata. White; 3 to 5 inches across; fragrant. 75 cts. each.

Odorata gigantea. Pure white; 5 to 7 inches across. \$1 each.

Pink Opal. Deep pink; attractive rounded bud. \$3 each.

Robinsonl. Large floating orange-red flowers. \$5 each.

Tuberosa richardsonl. Fragrant white blooms, 6 to 8 inches across, forming a perfect globe when fully open. \$2 each.

TENDER DAY-BLOOMING WATER LILIES (Nymphaeas)

Capensis zanzibariensis. Deep purple; 6 to 8 in. \$2.50 e; Capensis zanzibariensis azurea. Light blue. \$2 each. Capensis zanzibariensis rosea. Shades of rose. \$2 each. \$2.50 each.

TENDER NIGHT-BLOOMING WATER LILIES (Nymphaeas)

Bisseti. Rose-pink, slightly concave, cup-shaped bloom. 8 to 10 inches across. \$3 each.

Devoniensis. Bright rosy red; 8 to 10 inches across. \$2 each.
O'Marana. Reddish pink, with nearly white stripes up the center. \$2.50 each.

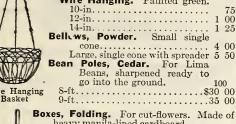
MISCELLANEOUS AQUATICS

Sagittaria latifolia (Arrow-head). 50 cts. each.
Typha latifolia (Cat-tail). 50 cts. each.
Eichhornia crassipes major (Water Hyacinth). This is a floating plant with glossy green leaves and trusses of the most lovely light lavender, orchid-like flowers. 50 cts. each.
Zizania aquatica (Wild Rice). 50 cts. each.
Saururus cernuus (Lizard's Tail). 50 cts. each.
Pontederia cordata (Pickerel Weed). Glossy green leaves and spikes of bright blue flowers. 50 cts. each.

Horticultural Tools and Requisites

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE





9-1135 0	U
Boxes, Folding. For cut-flowers. Made of heavy manila-lined cardboard.	f
Inches Doz. 100	
24 x 8 x 5\$2 50 \$17 00 28 x 8 x 5	
36 x 8 x 5 4 00 27 00	~
Corrugated Cardboard. For shipping cut flowers; very strong and durable.	-
Inches Doz. 100	_
28 x 12 x 5\$4 50 \$35 00 30 x 12 x 6	

Baske

Canes, Bamboo, Natural. 6 to 7 ft. \$3.50 per 100, \$30 per 1,000.

Bamboo. Dyed green. 4 ft. \$1.50 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

Chinese Bamboo Stakes. Strong; indestructible; will outlast wooden stakes. A

size for	every purpo	se.			
	Diameter				00
4 ft.	¼in			.\$2	50
4 ft.	$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{8} \text{in.}$. 4	00
5 ft.	5/8in				
6 ft.	$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{1}$ in.			- 8	50
8 ft.	$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{3}{4}$ in.			10	00
9 ft.	$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{7}{8}$ in.			16	ññ
	e Bamboo				
CHILDES	e painpoo	rakes.	112	IVE	110

equal for the purpose. Light, durable, just what you want for cleaning the lawn, etc. \$1.25 ea.



Dandelion Digger. Used for digging out dandelions from lawns. 75 cts. each, postpaid 80 cts.



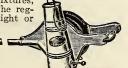
Platz "Famos" Hand Duster

The "Famos" Hand Duster is a product of superior quality—an ideal machine for those who need a small but efficient Duster. It is light, compact, and sturdy in construction, and is equipped with extension pipes 24 inches in length. The fan-shaped spreader can be 24 menes in length. The lan-shaped spreader can be adjusted to throw dust on the underside of foliage or at any angle desired. The agitator will crush and sift sulphur, and is especially adapted for distributing Pyrethrum Powder, Hellebore, Slug-Shot, Bordeaux Mixtures, Arsenate of Lead, etc. The regularity and the state of the

Arsenate of Lead, etc. The regulator can be set for a light or heavy application.

The bellows is of a

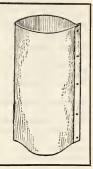
high quality leather. Capacity 1 pound. \$5 each.



Celery Bleaching Paper Collars WATERPROOF

The greatest invention of the age for the Celery-grower

No banking with soil-just put on a Bleaching-Tube, and in ten to fifteen days you'll have the whitest, crispest, and most luscious celery. 6 x 12 in. (weight 9 lbs. per 100), \$5 per 100, \$48 per 1,000.



	Flower-	Pots,	Earthe	nware.	
	Size		Doz.		1,000
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in.			. 2 25	19 00
	3-in			. 3 00	27 00
	4-in			4 50	
- 1	5-in	15	1 25	7 50	70 00
177777778	6-in			12 00	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7-in			19 75	
	8-in	40	4 00	30 00	
	9-in	75	7 50	45 00	
THE STATE OF THE S	10-in	90	9 00	60 00	
11-in		1 25	12 00	90 00	
			20 00	125 00	

10	wer-Pot Saucers, Earther			_	
	Size	Eac	eh	Doz.	100
	4-in			\$0 60	\$4 00
	5-in		10	75	5 00
	6-in		12	1 00	7 00
	7-in		15	$1 \ 35$	9 00
	8-in		20	175	13 00
	9-in		25	2 50	17 00
	10-in		30	3 00	21 00
	11-in		35	3 50	25 00
	12-in		40	4 00	31 00

Half-Pots,	or Bulb-Pans,	Earthen	ware.	Round.
Width	Depth	Each	Doz.	100
6 in.	3¾ in	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$12 00
7 in.	$4\frac{1}{8}$ in	30	3 00	18 00
8 in.	4½ in	40	4 00	25 00
9 in.	43% in	60	5 00	35 00
10 in.	$4\frac{1}{2}$ in	85	7 00	45 00
12 in.	$4\frac{3}{4}$ in	2 00	15 00	100 00

Paner Pote Nanonest Pound

aper roes, ree	rtound	•		
Waterproof.	Doz.	100	1,000	
21/4-in	.\$0 15	\$0 75	\$5 00	1
2½-in	. 18	1 00	6 00	-
3-in	. 20	1 25	9 00	- 1
3½-in	. 23	1 50	10 00	1
4-in		1 75	12 00	
5-in	. 35	2 50	20 00	



Metal Flower-Pot Saucers

Made with heavy metal, painted green, waterproof. Each Doz. Diam. Each Diam. Doz. \$2 00 2 50 3 00 4 in.....\$0 20 12 in.....\$1 20 \$12 00 25 14 in..... 1 60 16 00 in..... 30 16 in..... in..... 2 00 20 00 3 50 4 00 25 00 35 18 in..... 2 50 in.... 40 30 00 in..... 20 in..... 3 00 9 in 80 10 in 1 00 80 8 00 22 in..... 3 50 35 00 24 in.. 10 00 4 00 40 00

Dibbles, Iron. For transplanting. 85

Hudson Powder Sprayer No. 653. With two outlets for cloud and straight dusting. \$1



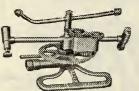
HORTICULTURAL TOOLS	AND REQUISITES, continued
Pruning Shears. No. 205. Solid steel. 8½-in.; fully pol-	Spades. Best steel. Long or short handle\$2 50 Sprinklers. See page 108, 110. Stakes. See Plant Stakes and Canes, pages 107, 108.
ished, brass spring; ratchet bolt. \$4 ea. No. 210. 9½-in.; fully polished; coil spring; Each. ratchet bolt. \$4 on the spring; Each. ratchet bolt. \$4 on the spring; Each. ratchet bolt. \$4 on the spring; Each. \$4 on the spring; Each. ratchet bolt.	5 0
California Pattern. 2 00 Ladies' Flower Shears. 2 50 No. 23. Fully nickel plated. 5½-in. 2 50 6½-in. 3 00	Syringes. Made of heavy brass. No. 1, 12 in. long, 1½-in. diam., one spray rose and stream, \$3.50; No. 3, 18 in. long, 1½-in. diam., two spray roses
	and one stream, \$7.50. Thermometers. Mushroom Bed. Metal scale, brass tip
No. 192 Solid Study of	mum. Brass. 8 00 Brass Case. Metal scale 1 50 Japanned. Tin case. 8-in. 90 10-in. 1 00
No. 192. Solid Steel of super quality; long, narrow blades for light or heavy duty. §5 each. Pruning or Lopping Shears,	Magnets 60 Torches, Asbestos. For destroying caterpillars. 75 Tree Scrapers 1 25 Tree Brushes. Wire. 1 25
Keen Kutter. \$3.50 ea. Pruners, Tree, Rhodes. Double cut	
10-ft. pole	SIMPLICITY TRIMMER
Raffia, Natural Lb. 75 cts Dyed Green Lb. \$2. Tree Pruner.	SIMPLICITY PRU A AEL & TRIMMER
Rakes, Steel— 10-tooth 1 25 12-tooth 1 50 14-tooth 1 70	Simplicity Hedge Pruner and Trimmer For pruning
16-tooth	back old growth and trimming new. \$6. For fresh new growth only. \$4.
den Reels and Hose Reels. See under Gar-	Trowels. Forged steel. Each 6-in \$0 75 7-in \$5
Rollers. See page 113. Saws, Pruning. Single-edge. Each No. 3. 16-in. \$1 75 18-in. 200	Solid steel. 6-in 50 Transplant- ing or Steel Trowel Each
Double-edged, No. 40. 16-in. 2 25 18-in. 2 25 20-in. 2 25 20-in. 2 50	Slim Jim
Sash and Frames. See page 117. KEEN F KUTTER	Watering Pots, French Pattern. Bow handle, long spout; two copper-faced roses, coarse and fine. Each 10-qt
Scythes, Lawn or Grass. Best quality.	6-qt\$7 50 12-qt
Scythe Snaths or Handles	6-qt\$7 20 10-qt 8 40 8-qt 7 90 12-qt 9 40 16-qt 10 40
Scissors—	
Imported Flower-Gathering. Finest quality, imported. Cuts and holds the flowers. \$2.75. Imported Grape Thinning Scissors. \$2.	Haw's Pattern. For watering fine seeds. No. 1. 3-qt\$7 00 Extra roses, cop-
Bhears, Border. Long handles. 8-in. \$5 00 9-in. 5 50 Grass or Sheep. Best steel 1 75 Hedge. 8-in. 3 50	No. 2. 4-qt 8 50 per face, coarse No. 3. 6-qt 9 50 or fine, for any No. 4. 8-qt 10 50 of the above cans Combination Water-Barrel Truck and Leaf-
9-in. 4 00 10-in. 4 50 Shovels. Square or round point. Best steel 2 50 Sieves, Wire. For sifting soils, etc. 18-in. diam.	Rack— Water-Barrel and Truck, with 2½-in. tires32 00 Sprinkler Attachment
round; state size of mesh wanted	Leaf-Rack, separate
Sprayers. See pages 112, 113.	Large size, No. 4

The Rain King Lawn Sprinkler



Rain King Adjusted to Water Circular Space. Tremendous Reach. Covers Circle from 8 to 50 Feet Across.

Can be adjusted to water small or large circles from 8 to 50 feet in diameter; waters strips, corners, or flower-beds. Circular or straight—fine or coarse—fast or slow—lawns, trees, shrubs, flower-beds—takes care of them all. The Rain King is a real Sprinkler, built for work. \$3.50 each, postpaid \$3.65.



Roto Rain A Quality Sprinkler for Large Areas

At the ordinary 30pound or better pressure it covers a circle from 60 to 80 feet in diameter. The large nozzles are adjustable and can be

cut down to throw a fine mist over a 20-foot circle. \$16 each, postpaid \$16.50.

Tu-Way

Waters complete and half circles. Just reverse the nozzle to change. Covers 35-foot circle. Half circle is fine spray thrown out as far as 18 feet from Sprinkler, \$1.50 each, postpaid \$1.65



The Ring Sprinkler ea., ppd. \$1.10

Saucer Spray

Waters a circle 30 to 40 feet in diameter, evenly and gently, and with the finest spray 75 cts. each, postpaid 85 cts.



Water Witch Lawn Sprinkler

The water flows with unimpeded force, and is divided and deflected by the two ups of the swivel piece, which it causes to revolve rapidly, scattering the water in fine drops and evenly over a circular area of 25 to 40 feet diameter. It works more satisfactorily with a very low pressure of water than any Sprinkler we know of. Without and is divided and deflected by the two lips than any Sprinkler we know of. Without stand (i.e., with spur to stick in the ground),

\$1.25 each; on sled, \$1 each.

water. \$2.50 each.

With two inter-changeable heads, one that revolves and is used for general lawn watering, the other a stationary fine mist for

Automatic Garden Hose Nozzle Cuts Water-Bill in Half

For washing automobiles; sprinkling lawns, flowers, shrubs, gardens; laying dust in driveways, garage and cellar floors; washing windows, floors, cement walks, and for many other pur-



California Lawn Sprinkler Like the Cyclone but with 4 brass arms, \$2.75 each. Cyclone Sprinkler Three brass arms mounted on a sled, so that it can easily be dragged over the lawn without turning off the

"Misto" Sprinkler-TWO IN ONE

borders, etc. You should see it throw water in a perfect cloud of fine mist 12 feet from the Sprinkler. Can be set on walk without

wetting passers-by, \$1.50, with both heads, ppd. \$1.60.

Spray and stream. Fits any garden hose. 50 cts. each, postpaid, 60 cts.



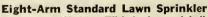
The New Rain Wave Sprinkler

Covers 50 feet square, a rectangle 25 by 50 feet, or a border 10 by 50 feet at 20-pound pressure. Will give service at as low as 5 pounds pressure. Adjustable, oscillating,

shoots tiny sprays high into the air which fall back like a gentle shower. Never puddles. Broad wheels protect the turf. Weight 17 pounds. \$35.

Maid of the Mist The Spray Nozzle Supreme

Made of solid brass, it is the most practical Nozzle ever invented. Automatically controlled —by the pressure of the hand you can change at will from a solid stream 60 feet distant to the finest mist. \$5 each.



48 inches high......\$8 25 With basket and ball\$12 50

Witch



"THE MAX SCHLING SPECIAL" A LAWN MOWER YOU WILL

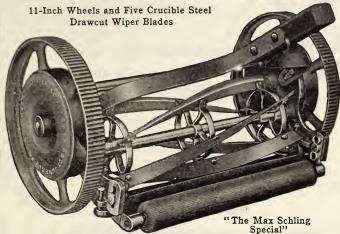
The Drawcut wiper blades draw the blades of grass across the stationary knife, resulting in a clean, shearing cut.

The action of the Drawcut wiper blades automatically sharpens the stationary cutting knife.

Twin crucible steel stationary ives. The lipped edge upper knife knives. overhangs the lower knife just suf-ficiently to afford the compensating springing action which is so essential to effective cutting.

Self-adjusting, ball-bearing wheel; mould fitted adjusting screws; will not rust; cuts very close; hand-somely decorated; fully warranted; light running and almost noiseless.

Sizes: 14-inch, \$23; 16-inch, \$24.50; 18-inch, \$26; 20-inch, \$27.50



84

The Moto-Mower

At last a highly efficient motor Lawn Mower at a popular price. Compact and easily operated; will turn in a very small space; and operates around trees and shrubs as easily as a hand mower. It is fast, economical, and practical for both large and small areas, and will pull on a 30 per cent grade.

Four-cycle engine, valve in head, throttle controlled with an abundance of power, even when the machine is put to the hardest tests.

Two sizes: F. O. B., N. Y., Detroit Model 27-inch for large lawns and golf courses, \$280; City Model (the popular model at a popular price), 21-inch, \$188. Junior Model, 18-in. cut, \$138.50.

Townsend's Victory Ball-bearing Lawn-Mower

High wheel, 4 blades, 14-inch, \$21; 16-inch, \$22.50; 18-inch, \$24; 20-inch, \$25.50.

Easy Border and Terrace Lawn Mower

The only Mower made that will cut any size grass borders, even the narrowest strips of



terraces, mounds, close to walls and fences, and all kinds of uneven surfaces, kinds of uneven surfaces, this Mower is especially recommended. Also unsurpassed for regular lawn work.

Townsend's Lawn Finisher, Trimmer and Edger (Ball-bearing)

A machine especially built for cutting close to walls and around trees and to get into corners where other Mowers cannot be used. It has four blades 5 inches

Grass Catchers

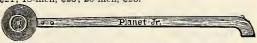
wide. \$9.50 each.

Easily adjusted, will fit any of the above Hand-Mowers. Can be readily lifted off and emptied. \$2.50 each.



Coldwell's Imperial Roller-bearing Lawn-Mower

Wheels 14¼-inch, 5 blades. The roller-bearing is a special feature on this mower. 14-inch, \$19; 16-inch, \$21; 18-inch, \$23; 20-inch, \$25.



A New Planet Jr. Grass Edger No. 2

Does the work more rapidly and easily than the regular edging knife. The disc is made of high-grade steel and will last for years, and with it you can edge as fast as you walk. \$2.50.

Putting-Green Mowers, Improved Excelsion

Six-blade, 12-inch, \$38; 14-inch, \$40; 16-inch, \$42. Four-blade, 12-inch, \$37; 14-inch, \$39; 16-inch, \$41.

Demountable Putting-Green Mower

18-inch size only, \$55. Extra unit for Demountable, \$16.50.

Metal Grass Box

For all putting-green mowers. \$6.50.

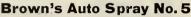
Berghman Lawn-Mower Sharpener

Indispensable whereever grass is cut; adjustable to all types and makes of lawn mowers. Will save you more than three times its cost at the first sharpening. \$1 each, postpaid \$1.10; \$10 per doz., postpaid \$10.50.



Auto Spray No. 3

For spraying the orchard, the garden, or potatoes, etc. Balanced construction, brass ball valves, brass pump cylinder, brass plunger head, iron pipe primary air chamber, malleable castings, reinforced tank bottom, effective agitator, superior 3/sinch hose, brass nozzle with screen, brass shut-off, all steel truck-handles of one piece 3/sinch O. D. steel tubing, 2-inch face metal wheel. Prices as follows: No. 3C—Brass tank, 12 gallons, \$36.50; No. 3D—Galvanized tank, 12 gallons, \$32



A well-made, thoroughly practical, double-acting bucket Spray fitted with an extension to spray under the foliage and with 3 nozzles—a mist nozzle for nearby spraying, a coarser, reaching up to 30 feet high, and a solid stream with which you can reach practically any tree. Also for spraying on whitewash, cold-water paint, etc. For field-spraying you will need the Knapsack Tank. Auto Spray No. 5, pump, hose, nozzle, strainer, and extension, \$7.25. Galvanized iron reservoir, \$4. Brass Knapsack reservoir, \$6.50.



Auto Compressed-Air

Sprayer

Auto Compressed-Air Sprayer No. 9

Suitable for all garden work; also will handle whitewash and disinfectants in the poultry-house. Capacity about four gallons. Easily carried either by handle or shoulder-strap. The pump is of heavy brass, large diameter. Two or three pumpings will empty the tank under high pressure.

No. 9A—Brass tank with stop cock, \$10; No. 9B—Brass tank with auto-pop, \$10; Auto-Pop nozzle separately, \$2.75; Brass extension rods in 2-foot lengths, 75 cts.; Brass elbow for spraying the under side of foliage, 45 cts.

Sure Catch Mole Trap

The remarkable catches made by this simple new Trap wherever used enable us to recommend it most highly.

\$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Sure Catch Mole Trap

Electrimer

Trims hedges, shrubbery and lawns by electricity and does as much work as several men with the old hand-Shears

There are two types, the Universal 110-volt for general use; and the Battery type, to use where there is no electricity, such as some farms, large estates and parks, operates on automobile batteries.

The Electricity, such as solute farms, large estates and parks, operates on automobile batteries.

The Electrimer is sturdily built, has beautiful nickel finish, and will last for many years. The cutting blade is easily removed, to sharpen or replace. Weighs about 3½ pounds. Every machine is guaranteed electrically and mechanically perfect. \$34.50.



Auto Spray No. 3

PlantSupport

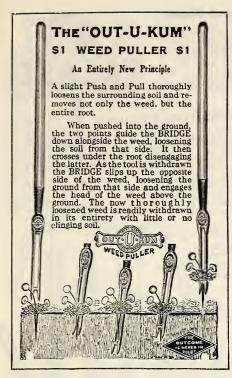
Can be adjusted as to height and size of loop almost instantly, and is practically hidden by the foliage of the plant it supports. There is a proper size for anything in your garden needing support.

No.	1.	30 i	n	 	.\$0	95
No.	2.	3 ft.		 	. 1	15
No.	3.	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 	. 1	60
No.	3A	. 4:	ft	 	. 2	20
No.	4.	5 ft		 	. 2	75
No.	4 A	6 ft.		 	. 3	05



Dolen's All-Steel Refuse, Waste and Leaf Burner

and Leaf Burner
No. 1. Capacity, 16 cu. ft. Size of top
36 x 48 in., depth 24 in\$48 00
No. 2. Capacity, 11 cu. ft. Size of top 30
x 40 in., depth 21 in
No. 3. Capacity, 5 cu. ft. Size of top 33
x 21 in., depth 18 in
Prices F. O. B. Tarrytown, N. Y.





Trowel. 50 cts. each.

Transplanting



No. 400. Handy Weed-

ing Fork. 50 cts. each.

Germāco A new method

of plant-protec-tion. Shields your small plants from winds and rain; protectsthemfrom insects and gives them a fair start; regular miniature

hothouses. In rolls of 1,000, \$11.50; units of 250, \$4.

Hotkap Setter. A steel form for quick action in setting Kaps. \$2.50 each.

Puppy Dog Signs

Interesting and different. For lawns, driveways, flower-beds, etc., supplied with the following wordings: Back In, Come Again, Detour, Drive In, Go Back, Go Right, Go Round, Go Slow, Keep Off, No Crossing, No Parking, Park Here, Please, Step In, Turn Left, and Welcome. \$1.35 each; by parcel post \$1.50.



No. 1 Jointed Tree Trimmer

The jointed pole appeals to the user because of its simplicity and the fact that only one pole is necessary, whereas formerly several lengths were used to do the work required. Moreover, it can conveniently be put away after the pruning season is over and can be carried about in 4-foot lengths.

Special Wordings, limited to two words, according to customer's specifications. \$1.50 each; by parcel post \$1.65 each.

No. 1. 8-ft. Jointed Pruner, made up by using the top section and handle section. Weight 5 lbs. Price, each, \$7.50.

No. 1. 16-ft. Jointed Pruner, made up by using top section, handle section and two intermediate sections. Weight 9 lbs. Price, each, \$10.

No. 1. 12-ft. Jointed Pruner, made up by using the top section, handle section and one intermediate section. Weight 7 lbs. Price, each, \$9.
No. 1. Extra Intermediate Sections. \$1.50.

PLANET JR. CARDEN TOOLS

No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe,



Sows all garden seeds (in drills or in hills), plows, opens furrows and covers them, hoes and cultivates quickly and easily all through the season.

No. 11 Planet Jr. Double-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Plow, and Rake

Has 2 pair of Hoes, 4 Cultivator Teeth, 1 pair of Plows, 2 sets of Rakes, and Leaf-lifters. Steel wheels and frames. Weight 39 lbs. **Price**, \$13.75.

No. 16 Planet Jr. Single-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow.

Price, \$9 Weight 26 lbs.

Steel Frame and Vheel

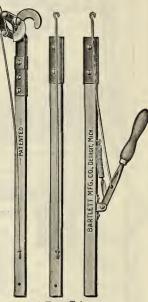
Will do all the cultivation in your garden in the easiest, quickest and best way. Indestructible steel frame.

No. 12 Combined Double and Single-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator,

and Plow. Price, \$10.75.

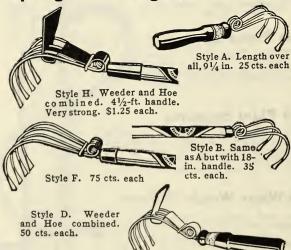
Has 1 pair Plows, 1 pair Hoes,
4 Cultivator Teeth, and a pair of Leaf-lifters

No. 17 Planet Jr. Single-Wheel Hoe. Price, \$7.75 Has a pair of 6-inch Hoes a Plow, and a set of Cultivator Teeth.



Jointed Tree Trimmer

Spring-Tooth Magic Weeder Hoes



STIM-(U)-PLANT The Magic Fertilizer in Tablet Form

Makes your flowers and plants grow more quickly. Put the tablets in the ground near the roots or dissolve in water

ground near the roots or dissolve in water and sprinkle over the ground. Small size, 30 tablets, 25c.; postpaid 30c. Medium size, 100 tablets, 75 cts.; postpaid 80c. Large size (pail), 1,000 tablets \$3.50; postpaid \$3.60.

Instructions in each package

Dando-Killrite

Solves your weed problems in the lawn or wherever they are. Death to poisonivy, dandelions, etc. Makes the successful eradication of all weeds a positive pleasure. Guaranteed absolutely nonpoisonous to humans, birds, or to animals; will not stain or injure the hands or clothing. Simple to operate; full directions with each outfit.

PRICE

The instrument (Dando - Killrite) \$5. Dando-Killrite Filler, per can (enough for 3 cllings of the gun) fillings of the gun) 60 cts.

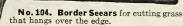




Broadcast Sower for grass seed and a necessity on every farm. \$4. Broadcast grain-



o. 25 Bernard Compound Lever Pruning Shears. Cuts heavy branches with least exertion. \$1. Postpaid, \$1.10. No.



8-in. blade...... 9-in. blade..... 50 10-in. blade. 6



No. 1 Improved Mole Trap. Self-setting. Low Best trap made. build.

English Sickle. Best Sheffield Steel. Riveted back. \$1.25.

No. 101. Hedge Shears. The notch cuts the heavier branches.

10-in. blade..... 4 50

German Sickle. Made of best steel. \$1.

WIN BRAND BUDDING AND GRAFTING KNIVES. Genuine Solingen steel.

. 0 No. 778W. Ivory-celluloid handle with ring for pocket chain. \$2. The New Way Grass Shear, \$2,50.



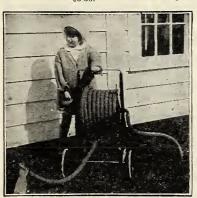
o. 713J. Genuine Ivory handle. Best budding knife made. \$3.50.

No. 717B. Black horn handle with Ivory budder. \$2.75.

No. 778 ½W. Ivory-celluloid handle. Brass lining. \$1.75.

No. 778B. Black handle. Brass lining. \$1.50.

German Scythe Blades. \$3.50.



THE "REAL" HOSE REEL

The only reel that you can unreel any length of hose after using without detaching your hose from the faucet. Price, \$8.50.

Yamade Garden Broom For sweeping cut-grass and leaves, from puttinggreens and lawns. \$2.00.



English Riveted Back

awn Scythe Blades. Snaths or Handle for same. \$2,50.

TREE TANGLEFOOT

The most effective and conomical protection for fruit and ornamental trees against all crawling insects. Apply with wooden paddle around trunk. Lb. 75 c., 5 lbs. \$3, 10 lbs. \$5.50, 25 lbs. \$12.



K.K. No. 10. Heavy steel shank. The

IDEAL PLANT SPRAYER THE

For indoor spraying under and over the leaves. A mist-like spray covering every part of the plant. \$1; postpaid, \$1.10. Extra bulbs, 50 ets.

NEW YORK CEDAR TREE TUBS

Made of very heavy cedar. Regular stock painted green. Any color supplied on order. Good, substantial Tubs. Outside measurements.

Height Each 26 in . . \$22 00 24 in . . 18 50 22 in . . 16 50 Diam. Diam. Each No. Height Each Diam. Height Each No. Diam. 00. 32 in. Height No. No. 32 in. 30 in. 28 in. 20 in...\$13 00 18½ in... 8 00 17 in.... 7 00 20 in. 16 in. \$6 00 8. 18½ in. 15 in. 5 00 9. 17 in. 14 in. 4 50 10. 2. 26 in. 24 in. 22 in. 5. 6. 16 in. 13 in...\$3 75 14 in. 12 in... 3 25 12 in. 9½ in.. 2 75 0. 7. Nos. 00, 0, 1, and 2 have hook handles; smaller sizes, drop handles. Furnished without wanted, add \$2 per tub to above prices for Nos. 3 to 10, and \$3.50 for Nos. 00, 0, 1. and 2. Furnished without feet unless specially ordered. If



Plants can do their best only in a rich soil. They must have plenty of the right kind of plant-food. Only then can they grow vigor-

ously and become sturdy, strong, and beautiful. You can have a truly beautiful lawn and a garden the equal of any by feeding your plants this simple, easy way. You will marvel at their vigor and color.

Nitrophoska, being a well-balanced, complete THIS SIMPLE. EASY fertilizer, produces strong and vigorous growth of rich green color, able to bloom and PLEASANT WAY bear to the utmost.

Apply it to lawns and shrubbery and all perennial plants in the early spring as soon as growth starts. For vegetables and annual flowers, work it into the soil before planting.

Air-Nitrogen Fertilizers Are Rich in Plant-Food. Clean to Handle—Easy to Apply

These new air-nitrogen fertilizers are the gift of modern science to the farmer and the home-owner. They are three to four times as rich in plant-food as the ordinary commercial fertilizer. They are as clean as sugar to handle, and they are absolutely free from weed seeds and all obnoxious odors. They can be applied easily, in a few minutes, to any lawn or garden of ordinary size—because "a little goes a long way." You will be amazed at the results.

TROPHOSKA

The Concentrated Complete Fertilizer

Nitrophoska contains all of the three essential plant-foods—nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash—concentrated in one material. It has 15 per cent of nitrogen, 30 per cent of phosphoric acid, and 15 per cent of potash—all of which is soluble and easily available for rapid, sturdy growth.

A little Nitrophoska fertilizes a great deal of ground. Five to ten pounds of Nitrophoska (depending upon the natural richness of the soil) is enough to fertilize 1,000 square feet of lawn or garden. It may be spread broadcast by hand; dissolved in water and applied with a sprinkling-can; or mixed with such materials as peat moss and humus before applying.

FLORANID

Floranid is a very rich nitrogen fertilizer (46 per cent nitrogen), used principally during the growing season to obtain more rapid growth, richer color of foliage, and greater brilliancy of bloom. The nitrogen in Floranid is in the same chemical form as in liquid manure. Twenty-two pounds of Floranid contains as much nitrogen as a ton of manure. One pound of Floranid is enough for one application to 1,000 square feet of lawn or garden.

A Trial Will Convince

Not until you try these wonderful new fertilizers can you possibly realize the marvelous results that they will give you. Five to ten pounds of Nitrophoska is enough for an early spring application to 1,000 square feet of lawn and garden. One pound of Floranid is enough for one summer application for 1,000 square feet of lawn or garden. Be sure to try these fertilizers this season—mail your order now.

The amount of actual plantfood in a fertilizer—not its bulk—determines its value. Nitrophoska is the most economical fertilizer because it contains the most plant-food—"a little goes a long way." Amount of Nitrophoska required, compared to the usual fertilizer:

1 Ib. 5 lbs

pared to the usual fertilizer:

Other Fertilizers Nitrophoska

3 to 5 pounds... 1 pound 15 to 25 pounds... 5 pounds 30 to 50 pounds... 10 pounds 75 to 125 pounds... 25 pounds

PRICES

(Nitrophoska or Floranid)

1 lb\$0	50
5 lbs 2	00
10 lbs 3	
25 lbs 5	00
100 lbs. Nitro-	
phoska 8	00
143 lbs. Flora-	
nid 16	00

HYPER HUMUS

The Ideal Soil-Builder for Garden or Lawn

Hyper Humus is organic matter, consists of partially decomposed vegetable plants, and as such is a valuable food for vegetables, flower-gardens, shrubberies, trees, etc. It is similar to Leaf Mold but in a much more concentrated form, very black and granular. It is the humus in the soil which gives it the porous, crumbly condition so necessary for plant-growth. Hyper Humus renders clay soil lighter in character and more aërated; it binds together sandy soils and retains moisture. Humus is also the center of bacterial activity without which plant-life is not possible. Hyper Humus is absolutely free from weeds and odorless. It gives quick results the first season, and continues its benefits the next.

Rake it into your flower-beds; spread some into the drills when sowing your vegetable seeds; use it for a top dressing on your lawns, rose-beds, rhododendrons or

shrubbery borders.



Hyper Humus should be put in the rows and mixed thoroughly with the soil before sowing the seed. This insures the first roots getting plenty of nourishment when they most need it. Plants well started are more certain to grow and yield.

PRICE	S OF HIPER HUMOS
F.o.b., New York	F.O.B., Warbasse, N. J.
50-lb. bag\$2 00	F.O.B., Warbasse, N. J. 100-lb. bag
100-lb. bag 3 00	400 lbs. (4 bags) 6 00
½ton (1,000 lbs. in bags)	½ton (1,000 lbs. in bags)
1 ton (2,000 lbs. in bags)	1 ton (2,000 lbs. in bags)
, ,	In carload lots, min. 30 tons to 55 tons max. (in bulk) per ton. 12 00

You Need Carden Frames

You need them to boost your vegetables and flowers to get at least three weeks' running start. Cost so little—do so much. Made by Lord & Burnham Co.

Junior and Standard

For bigger things and larger uses, the Junior and Standard frames are the thing. Regular little greenhouses. Sturdily made of cypress, iron corner cleats and movable sash. Juniors take sash $34 \times 28 \frac{1}{2}$ inches. Standard made for 3×6 -foot sash. Made by Lord & Burnham Co.



Two-sash Junior Frame



Four-sash Standard Frame

Junior Frames

Single Sash and Frame .					. \$9	75
Two Sashes and Frames.				٠	. 10	10
Three Sashes and Frames					.22	65
Four Sashes and Frames					. 29	50

Standard Frames

Two Sashes and Frames
Three Sashes and Frames 52 20
Four Sashes and Frames 66 00
Standard Sashes, 3 x 6 ft., glazed and painted two
coats \$8 each \$93.60 per der

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

INSECTICIDES, FUNCICIDES, ETC.

PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET CHANGES

Acme All-Round Spray. Kills both chewing and sucking insects and prevents and combats blight. Spraying guide and full directions with each package. 1/4lb. (small garden size) 45 cts., lb. 95 cts.

Agri-Pax. Kills Japanese beetles and all other chewing and sucking insects. Dilute 1 quar water. Qt. \$1.25, gal. \$3.50, 5 gals. \$12. Dilute 1 quart to 4 gallons

Ants destroyed in their nests. New method "gets" them at their source—safe, permanent,

The Antrol system is composed of small glass containers and a special formula of syrup. The containers are partially filled with syrup and placed about the outside edges of the house or along "ant" trails in the garden if the infestation occurs there. The ants smell the syrup, eat it and then transmit its mild poison to the queen

in the nest. Soon the entire ant colony is destroyed!

The complete system should cover every 15 feet around the outside of the house or "ant" trails in the

Antrol sets containing 4 containers and one 4-oz bottle Antrol sets containing 4 containers and one 4-oz. bottle of syrup, \$1; Extra Containers, 15 cts. each, Antrol Syrup, 4-oz. bottle, 50 cts., pt. \$1, gal. \$4.

Aphine. A contact remedy; kills all sucking insects. \$2pt. 40 cts., pt. 65 cts., qt. \$1, gal. \$3.

Arsenate of Lead, Powdered. Dilute 1 pound to

25 gallons. ½1b. 30 ets., 1b. 40 ets., 5 lbs. \$2, 25 lbs. \$8, 100 lbs. \$30.

Black Leaf 40 (Nicotine sulphate). Kills all plant-lice. Oz. bottle 35 cts., ½-lb. tin \$1.25, 2-lb. tin \$3.75, 10-lb, tin \$15.50.

Bordeaux Mixture, Powder. Prevents blight, mildew, rust, and other fungous diseases. Dilute 1 pound to 8 gallons of water. ½1b. 30 cts., 1b. 40 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.80, 25 lbs. \$6.50, 100 lbs. \$24.

Copper Solution. An effective remedy for mildew, celery, carnation, and violet rust. Qt. \$1.25, gal. \$4.

CYANO GAS kills moles, woodchucks, chipmunks, and all other underground rodents. It will save your bulbs from being eaten up if you apply it as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Lb. 75 cts., 5 lbs. \$3. By express only; not mailable.

Derrisol. Non-poisonous, odorless. Kills aphis, red

spider, mites, and all sucking insects. 1-oz. bottle, (makes 6 gallons of spray) 35 cts., ½lb. \$1.25.

Fish-Oil Soap (Whale-Oil Soap). Makes an excellent wash for palms and other tender plants infected by scale. Lb. 40 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.80, 10 lbs. \$3.40.

Grafting Wax. 41b. 35 cts., ½1b. 50 cts., lb. 75 cts. Grape Dust. For mildew on grapes and roses. Lb. 30 cts., 5 lbs. \$1, 10 lbs. \$1. 5.

30 cts., 5 lbs. \$1, 10 lbs. \$1...0.

Hellebore. Kills the worm on currant and gooseberry bushes. ½lb. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.30.

Lemon Oil. Destroys mealy bug, scale, red spider. ½pt. 35 cts., pt. 60 cts., qt. \$1. ½gal. \$1.75, gal. \$3.

Lime-Sulphur Solution. Kills insects affecting the bark. Spray while the trees are dormant. Qt. 55c., gal. \$1.25, 5 gals. \$4.80, 30 gals. \$16, 50 gals. \$24.

Mag-o-Tite. Kills root-maggots on cabbage, cauling and spide of the sprayed by sprayed by sprayed proposed spines and all other control of the spire of the spi

Mag-o-lite. Kills root-maggots on cabbage, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, broccoli, onions, and all other root-crops. Lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs. \$5, 50 lbs. \$9. Melrosine. Destroys the rose bug without injury to the flowers. Spray daily from the time the bugs appear during the sunny hours. Pt. \$1, qt. \$1.75, 1/2 gal. \$3.25, gal. \$6.

½gal. \$3.25, gal. \$6.
 Nico-Fume Liquid. For spraying and fumigating.
 Lb. \$2, 4 lbs. \$6.25, 8 lbs. \$11.50.
 Nico-Fume Tobacco Paper Insecticide. A nicotine-saturated paper for fumigating in greenhouses.
 24 sheets \$1.25, 144 sheets \$5.
 Nico-Fume Tobacco Powder. For fumigating greenhouses.
 Lb. pkg. \$1.50, 5 lbs. \$5, 10 lbs. \$9.50.
 Paradichlorobenzene. Kills the peach-tree borer.
 Lb. 80 cts.. 5 lbs. \$3.50, 100 lbs. \$44.

Lb. 80 cts., 5 lbs. \$3.50, 100 lbs. \$44.

Paris Green. For killing potato bugs. Dilute at the rate of 1 level tablespoon to 4 gallons water. Keep solution well stirred while using. Lb. 60c., 5 lbs. \$2.50.

Scalecide. For destroying San José and other scale insects on the bark of trees. Spray when trees are dormant. Qt. 75 cts., gal. \$1.75, 5 gals. \$6.25, 10 gals. \$10.60, 15-gal. drum \$13.50, 30 gals. \$25, 50 gals. \$35.

Semesan can be applied in either dust or liquid form. effective.

Especially valuable on lawns against brown patch, a parasite of great menace to fine lawns. Semesan will prevent and cure it. It will also prevent and control

Pomodust. An effective preventive for black-spot

Pomodust. An effective preventive for black-spot and other diseases of outdoor roses. Also controls insects. Lb. 40 cts., 5 lbs. \$1.50, 10 lbs. \$2.50.

Pyrox, Bowker's. A 2-in-1 spray for potatoes. Kills the bugs and prevents blight. Lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2, 10 lbs. \$3.75, 25 lbs. \$7, 50 lbs. \$12, 100 lbs. \$20.

Qua-Sul. Controls black-spot, rust, and mildew on delphiniums, hollyhocks, and snapdragons. Does not discolor foliage. Qt. \$1.25, gal. \$4.

prevent and cure it. It will also prevent and control "damping off" of seedlings and many other soil-borne diseases. 2 ozs. 50 cts., 8 ozs. \$1.60, lb. \$2.75, 5 lbs. \$13.

Slug-Shot. Destroys worms and all leaf-eating insects on cabbage, currant, tomatoes, eggplants. Lb. 25 cts., 5 lbs. \$5 cts., 10 lbs. \$1.50, 100 lbs. \$13.

Snarol. Kills snails, slugs, cutworms, and grasshoppers. Highly recommended. Lb. 50 cts., 3-lb. pkg. \$1, 15-lb. bag \$3.75.

Sulphur, Powdered. For mildew. 10 lbs. \$1.50,

100 lbs. \$12.

Tobacco Dust. 5 lbs. 75 ets., 10 lbs. \$1, 100 lbs. \$8. Tobacco Stems. For fumigating. 100-lb. bale \$6.
Tree Wound Paint. Prevents decay. Stops tree-bleeding. Qt. \$1.20, gal. \$3, 5 gals. \$13.50.

Vermine. A soil-sterilizer. Kills wire and grubworms, slugs, root-lice, maggots, and ants. ½pt. 40c., pt. 65 cts., qt. \$1, gal. \$3.

Volck. The most satisfactory spray developed to

control greenhouse and nursery pests such as spiders, mites, white flies, mealy bug, scales, rose mildew, etc. Safe on tender foliage. Mailable. Pt. 75 cts., qt. \$1, gal. \$3, 5 gals. \$12, 14 gals. \$25, 28 gals. \$40.



ATLACIDE WEED-KILLER

(Non-Poisonous)

Destroys all weeds in walks, gutters, road-ways, tennis-courts etc., within 48 hours. Dissolve at the rate of one pound to a gallon of water and the resulting solution will be the correct strength to kill the weeds in an area of 100 square feet of space.

50-lb. drum (sufficient for 5,000 sq. ft.). \$10 00 100-lb. drum (sufficient for 10,000 sq. ft.). 19 00

200-lb. drum (sufficient for 20,000 sq. ft.). 36 00

For small areas, we supply Atlacide Non-poisonous Weed-Killer in dust form, in cans with perforated top ready to use.

1-lb. Duster (for treating an area of 100 sq. ft.). \$0.50 3½-lb. Duster (for treating an area of 350 sq. ft.).. 1 50

Wilson's O. K. Plant Spray. A good all-round insecticide for evergreens, and all plants in the flower and vegetable garden; also for fly on rhododendrons. Full directions on can. ½pt. 40 cts., qt. \$1, gal. \$3, 5 gals. \$12, 10 gals. \$20, 25 gals. \$50, 50 gals. \$90.

X-L-All Insecticide. Well-known and famous. English preparation. Gal. \$11.

Zelio. Kills rats. Immediately produces difficulty in breathing, forcing the victim to seek the open ar instead of dying in its hole. 2-oz. tube 50c., 8-oz. can \$1.50.



Kills plant pests, including cucumit, and mel. leaf-hoppers, slugs.

Safe—kills only insects—harmless to man, live stock, birds and pets. Non-injurious—Spray freely on the tenderest plants. Won't injure the ground. Easy to use—Just mix with water and stir. No odor.

Poisons are prohibited in the mails. Insecticides can be sent by express only

PRICES SUBJECT TO FERTILIZERS AND MANURES MARKET CHANGES

The prices quoted are those ruling at the time we are going to press. If the market declines, the lowest market rates will be charged at the time of shipment. Our fertilizers are of the highest grade and we meet all reliable competition. Let us quote you.

Bone-Meal, Fine Ground. Excellent for rose-beds, Bone-Meal, Fine Ground. Excellent for rose-beds, flower-beds, garden and field crops, and for top-dressing lawns and pasture-lands. 5 lbs. 60 cts., 10 lbs. \$1, 100 lbs. \$5.50, 200 lbs. \$10, ton (2,000 lbs.) \$65. For garden crops, apply one-half ton to the acre; for lawns, one ton. Blood and Bone (Tankage). Stimulates quickly and permanently. Per bag of 100 lbs. \$6.50.

Wood-Ashes. Especially for root-crops (beets, carrots, potatoes, etc.), vines, and trees. 100 lbs. \$3.50, ton \$50.

Vigoro. An excellent lawn-food. Use it on your lawn, in your vegetable and flower-gardens and for your trees and shrubs. It is more than a fertilizer. It is a quick-acting and lasting plantfood, containing all the ten known elements required. Guaranteed analysis: Nitrogen equal to Ammonia, 4 per cent; available Phosphoric Acid, 12 per cent; water-soluble Potash, 4 per cent, be-sides Calcium, Magnesium, Iron, Manganese, Sulphur, Chlorine, and Iodine. It is clean, odorless, free from weeds, and does produce amazing results. 50-lb. bag \$3.50, 100-lb. bag \$6.

Lawn Vex will feed your lawn as you sprinkle

The enameled brass cylinder has two hose connections: one for the water to enter from the faucet, the other for the water to pass out through your lawn hose. Into this cylinder is slipped a cartridge of Lawn Vex, a highly concentrated plant-food containing 46 per cent available Nitrogen, equivalent to 55.9% Ammonia, sufficient for 2,400 square feet or a block 40 x 60 feet,

automatically timed to dissolve in the proper proportion for correct feeding. One cartridge contains as much lawn-food real as a 100-pound sack of other fertilizer.

Vex Automatic. Complete outfit, including one Cartridge. \$7.50, Extra Refill Cartridges, \$2 each.



Attach your own lawn hose to the end connection on the cylinder. Turn on the water full and sprinkle for 40 minutes with nozzle open.

Lime, Agricultural. (Hydrated.) For sweetening acid soils. 100 lbs. \$3, ton \$32.

Tobacco Fertilizer. Not only an excellent fertilizer but it also destroys worms and other insects in the soil and prevents aphis and other leaf-feeding insects. 100-lb. bag \$4.

Acid Phosphate (Super-Phosphate). Sixteen per cent available phosphoric acid. 100 lbs. \$4, ton \$55. Sulphate of Ammonia. Guaranteed 24.5 per cent Ammonia, highly concentrated, quick acting. 100 lbs. SS. ton \$75.

Loma. An excellent, all-round, highly concentrated fertilizer for the lawn, flower-beds, vegetable-gardens, shrubs, and trees. Contains available Nitrogen, 4.93 per cent; Phosphoric Acid, 10 per cent; Potash, 4 per cent. Apply at the rate of 4 to 5 pounds to 100 square feet. 5 lbs. 60 cts., 10 lbs. \$1, 25 lbs. \$2, 50 lbs. \$3.50, 100 lbs. \$6 100 lbs. \$6.

Sheep and Goat Manure, Pulverized. Nutritious,

quick-acting, permanent, and a soil-builder. 5 lbs. 60 cts., 10 lbs. \$1, 100 lbs. \$4.50, ton \$65.

Soot. Stimulates growth and gives a rich deep green foliage; also an excellent remedy against slugs, grubs, and cutworms. 112-lb. bag \$8.

Shredded Cattle Manure, Dried. 100-lb. bag \$4.50. Salt, Agricultural. Applied to asparagus-beds in early spring. 100 lbs. \$3, 200 lbs. \$5.50. Nitrate of Soda. Produces rapid and luxuriant

growth within a few days after applying. Dissolve at the rate of one tablespoonful to one pail of water, and apply directly to the roots. Do not touch the foliage. 100 lbs. \$7.

Muriate of Potash. For potatoes, corn, grain, etc. Analysis, 48 per cent K₂O. 100 lbs. \$7, 200 lbs. \$12. Sulphate of Potash. Used for root and grain crops. Analysis 48 per cent K₂O. 100 lbs. \$7, 200 lbs. \$12.

Make Artificial Manure with "Adco"

Converts leaves, grass-clippings, weeds, pea- and bean-vines, corn-stalks, in fact, all refuse from the garden and lawn into real manure.

Simple and easy to make-Adco will do it for you

in three months.

25-lb. bag (enough to make ½ton manure) ... \$2 00 100-lb. bag (enough to make 2 tons manure) ... 7 75 150-lb. bag (enough to make 3 tons manure) ... 10 50 Prices of Adco are f. o. b., Warner, N. J.

Granulated Peat Moss. An excellent material for mulching rose-beds and flower-beds to preserve and hold moisture; also for mulching and incorporating with the soil in rhododendron-, laurel-, and azalea-beds. Bale (average weight 190 lbs.) \$6, 5 bales \$25, 10 bales \$45. Bonemeal, Coarse-Ground. 100 lbs. \$6.50.

HIGH-GRADE COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS

Clay's Fertilizer. A celebrated English fertilizer of high quality. Especially suited for greenhouse work. 56-lb. bag \$10, 112-lb. bag \$18.

For Corn. Ammonia 3 per cent; available Phosphoric Acid 10 per cent; Potash 6 per cent. 100-lb. bag

\$5, ton \$55.

For Potatoes. Ammonia 4 per cent; available Phosphoric Acid 8 per cent; Potash 6 per cent. 100 lbs. \$5.50, ton \$60.

For Vegetable Gardens and Truck Farms. Ammonia 5 per cent; available Phosphoric Acid 10 per cent; Potash 5 per cent. 100-lb. bag \$6, ton \$65.

Bon Arbor, Dry. Excellent quick stimulant for sweet and garden peas and all flowers. Lb. 75c., 5 lbs. \$2.50.

Thompson's Top Dressing. A celebrated English preparation recommended for chrysanthemums; also good for general purposes. 56-lb. bag \$10, 112-lb. bag \$18.

Soiltex will tell you in a moment whether your soil is acid, neutral, or alkaline. Full directions with each outfit. Simple to handle and invaluable to all planters. \$1 per tube, enough for 100 accurate tests.

TRUCK-INE A great discovery for the inoculation of seeds or as a dip for plants. It acts on all plants alike

In one treatment, it not only acts as a perfect destroyer of parasites, but coats the seed with a combination of chemicals that are insoluble and act constantly. Truck-ine hastens germination, advances the time of harvest, and increases the yield to a remarkable extent.

A standard solution is prepared by mixing one ounce of Truck-ine in two pints of water.

For treatment of seeds, prepare enough of the solution to cover the seeds to be planted and agitate occasionally with ladle so that every seed receives its share of insoluble ingredients. The treated seed may be planted at once or spread out and dried. It should, though, be planted within a reasonable time.

When transplanting, put plants in shallow pan and allow to remain for one-half hour in solution sufficient to cover roots. Spraying plants or vegetables will destroy animal parasites.

Suggested time for seed-treatment: Flower seeds, 1 hour; vegetable seeds, 11/2 to 2 hours; grass, clover, and all other farm seeds, 5 hours; potatoes, 45 minutes.

Prices: 8 ozs. \$1, lb. \$1.75, 5 lbs. \$6.50, 25 lbs. \$30, 100 lbs. (in bbl.) \$105.

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Planting Table for Vegetables for Vicinity of New York

Cultural directions and other information will be found under the heading of each vegetable

VEGETABLES	Quantity required for			Depth of	TIME OF PLANTING
VEGETABLES	100 ft.of row	Rows	In the row	Planting	TIME OF TEANTING
Artichoke, seed	1 oz.	2 ft.	1 ft.	1 in.	Early spring, transplant later.
Artichoke, plants	30 plants	3 ft.	3 ft.		May to July.
Asparagus, seed	1 oz.	1½-2 ft. 2-3 ft.	4-5 in.	1 in.	April and May.
Asparagus, roots	100 plants 2 lbs.	2 ft.	1 ft. 1 in.	9 in. 2 in.	Early spring and late fall.
Beans, Bush	2 lbs.	3 ft.	4 in.	2 in.	May 1 to August 15. April 1 to May 15.
Beans, Bush Lima	2 lbs.	2-3 ft.		2in.;eyedown	May 10 to June 10.
	1lb. to 50 poles			2in.;eyedown	May 10 to June 10.
Beet	2 ozs.	1-1 1/2 ft.	4 in.	1 in.	April to July.
Brussels Sprouts	½0z.	2-3 ft.	1½ ft.	½in.	May to June.
Cabbage, Early	½0z.	2 ft.	2 ft.	1/2in.	April (start in hotbed February or March)
Cabbage, Late	½0z.	3 ft.	3 ft.	16in.	May and June (transplant).
Carrot	1 oz.	1-11/2 ft.	4 in.	½in.	April to July.
Cauliflower, Early	1/40z.	2-3 ft.	2 ft.	½in.	April (start in hotbed February or March).
Cauliflower, Late	1/40z.	2-3 ft.	2 ft.	½in.	May to June (transplant).
Celery	1 oz.	3 ft.	6 in.	¼in.	April (plant in hotbed February or March).
Chervil	1 oz.	1 ft.	½in.	½in.	April to June.
Corn Salad	2 ozs.	1 ft.	1 in.	¼in.	July to September.
Corn, Sweet	½lb.	Hills 3 ft. ap't	4 plants to hill	2 in.	May to July.
Cucumber	1 oz.	3 ft.	Hills 3 ft. ap't	1 in.	May to July.
Eggplant	½0z.	2 ft.	1½ ft. 8-12 in.	½in. ¼in.	Start in hotbed or house from Feb. to April.
Endive	1 oz.	1-1½ ft. 1½ ft.	2-3 in.	¼in.	First crop, early spring; main crop, July. Early spring.
Kale	1 oz. 1 oz.	2 ft.	2-3 in. 1-1½ ft.	¼in.	May to July
Kohlrabi.	1 oz.	2 ft.	8 in.	1/in	April to July.
Leek	1 oz.	1-1 ½ ft.	6 in.	1/in. 1/2in.	April and May.
Lettuce	1 oz.	1-1 1/2 ft.	10-12 in.	1/4in.	April to August. [and April].
Melon, Musk	½0z.	3 ft.	Hills 3 ft. ap't	½in.	May (start early plants in hotbed in March
Melon, Water	1 oz.	Hills 6 ft. ap't		í in.	May.
Onion	3/40z.	12 in.	3 in.	½in.	April to July (start in hotbed Feb. or March).
Okra	2 ozs.	2-3 ft.	8-10 in.	1 in.	May to July.
Parsley	1 oz.	1 ft.	In mat'd rows		April to June.
Parsnip	1 oz.	1-2 ft.	4 in.	½in.	April and May.
Pepper	½0 z .	1½-2 ft.	1½ ft.	¼in.	In hotbed Feb. to March; outside in May.
Peas	2 lbs.	2-3ft.,accord-	1 in.	2 in.	April to August.
Detet	10.11	ing to height	10 10 :	4 '-	A 7 4 - T
Potato	10 lbs.	3 ft. In hills 3-6 ft.	10-12 in.	4 in. 1 in.	April to June.
Pumpkin	1 oz.				May and June.
Radish	1½ oz. 1 oz.	1 ft. 2-3 ft.	1-2 in. 6 in.	½in. ½in.	April to September; in hotbed during winter. April to June.
Rutabaga	1 ½ ozs.	18 in.	4 in.	72111a	April to June. April and May.
Salsify	1 % OZS.	1-1½ ft.	1-3 in.	½in.	April and May; August and September.
Spinach, New Zealand	1 oz.	3 ft.	Hills 1 ft. ap't	1 in.	April and May,
Squash, Bush	1/60%		Hills 3 ft. ap't	1 in.	May to June.
Squash, Running	½0z. ½0z.	Hills 6 ft. an't	Hills 6 ft. ap't	1 in.	May to June.
Swiss Chard	2 ozs.	1½-2 ft.	4-6 in.	1 in.	April to June.
Tomato	35 plants	3 ft.	3 ft.	¼in.	Start in hotbed or house February to April
Turnip	l oz.	1-1½ ft.	10:	½in.	April to July.
***************************************				,	•

Planting Calendar

FEBRUARY (In hotbed) Artichoke Early Cabbage Early Cauliflower Celery Eggplant Leek Onion Parsley Pepper Radish

Tomato

Early Beets

MARCH (In hotbed) All seeds mentioned in February table and Kohlrabi Lettuce

APRIL (In hotbed) All seeds mentioned in February and March tables, also the following: Asparagus Cucumber

(Plant outdoors) Asparagus Roots Beets Early Cabbage

Carrot Early Cauliflower Celery Cress Kohlrabi Lettuce Mustard Onion Seed Onion Sets Parsnips Peas Potato Radish Rhubarb Roots Spinach Swiss Chard Salsify Turnips

Set out plants of Early Cabbage
Early Lettuce
Early Cauliflower
Early Beets

MAY (Plant outdoors) Artichoke

Asparagus Bush Beans Lima Beans Beets Carrot Cauliflower Celery Sweet Corn Cucumber

Kohlrabi Leek Lettuce Melon Onion Parsley Peas Salsify Swiss Chard Herbs Okra Pumpkin Squash Brussels Sprouts Late Cabbage Late Cauliflower Rutabaga

Set out plants of Early Cabbage Lettuce Early Cauliflower Eggplant Peppers Kohlrabi Onion Beets

Tomato

JUNE (Plant outdoors) Dush Beans Lima Beans Beets Brussels Sprouts Late Cabbage

Carrot Late Cauliflower Sweet Corn Cucumber Endive Kale Kohlrabi Lettuce Melon Okra Peas Pumpkin Radish Salsify Swiss Chard Squash Herbs

Set out plants of Celery Eggplant Peppers Tomato

> JULY (Plant outdoors)

Beans Beets Carrot Sweet Corn Corn Salad Cucumber Endive Kale Kohlrabi

Lettuce Okra
Early Peas for late crop
Radish
Spinach

Pumpkin Radish Squash Turnip Rutabaga

Set out plants of Celery Late Cabbage Late Cauliflower Kale Endive Brussels Sprouts Rutabaga

AUGUST (Plant outdoors) Bush Beans Corn Salad Cress Endive Lettuce
Early Dwarf Peas, for
late crop
Radish Spinach Set out plants of

Kale Endive Rutabaga

SEPTEMBER (Plant outdoors) Corn Salad Lettuce, Simpson

